Wisconsin Shares Subsidized Child Care

Resource Guide for Licensed Foster Parents*

and relatives that receive Kinship Care and have a court-ordered placement subsidized guardianships under Wis. Stat. s.48.623, and Interim Caretakers under Wis. Stat. s.48.623.
This guide was written to help all Wisconsin licensed foster parents, subsidized guardians, and families that receive a Kinship Care payment for a child for whom they also have guardianship or court-ordered placement. Eligibility and participation requirements for Wisconsin Shares are the same for all these types of situations; this guide will use the term “foster parent” to refer to all 3. Families and Child Welfare staff may interchange the appropriate term for the individual family when reading this guide. It is the Department of Children and Families (DCF) expectation that Child Welfare staff will share this guide with foster parents to help foster parents understand the Wisconsin Shares Child Care Subsidy Program, its limitations and the process required for accessing the Wisconsin Shares Child Care Subsidy benefit.
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**Program Purpose**

Wisconsin Shares helps eligible families afford child care while the parents - or persons taking the place of parents - work, go to school and work, or engage in job training activity that is approved by the local Wisconsin Works (W-2), county, or tribal administrative agency. The program is authorized in Wisconsin Statutes s. 49.155.

**Program Funding**

Wisconsin Shares is funded through a combination of state and federal tax dollars.

**The Child Care Assistance Application Process**

Wisconsin Shares is a form of public assistance with eligibility rules that are based on Wisconsin law and case processing procedures that are similar to the FoodShare program (formerly Food Stamps).

Application for Wisconsin Shares child care assistance is a 2-step process:

- Application, interactive interview, and eligibility determination through a county or tribal human service agency (or its subcontract agency)
- Obtaining an authorization for a child to utilize a specific child care provider location for a specific period of time

Visit the Wisconsin Shares website at [http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/default.htm](http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/default.htm)

**Step 1: Eligibility Determination**

Applications for Wisconsin Shares are taken at:

- Your local county human service agency or tribal human service agency. See the following web link to find the agency in your county: [http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/pdf/agencies.pdf](http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/pdf/agencies.pdf)
- You may apply online at [https://access.wisconsin.gov/](https://access.wisconsin.gov/)
- In Milwaukee County at
Foster families are not automatically eligible for Wisconsin Shares. The application process includes an intake interview with an economic support worker to collect and verify eligibility information including income verification for foster parents.

Whether it is a new application, or if Wisconsin Shares is being added to existing assistance programs, foster parents must sign an application for child care assistance in order for the application to be considered complete. In addition to written signatures, signatures can also be provided telephonically or electronically if applications are completed over the phone or online. The application summary is a legal document that contains the rights and responsibilities of public assistance recipients.

**Assistance Groups**

The first step in processing foster parent applications for Wisconsin Shares child care assistance is for the local agency to correctly identify the foster parent’s Assistance Group (AG) members. Identifying the AG members sets the foundation for establishing eligibility. The foster parent AG includes all of the following household members:

- The foster parent
- All adults in the household
- Any dependent minors, foster children, or kinship care children that live in the household

Applicants for child care assistance must be at least eighteen years of age unless the minor applicant

- Is living in a group home licensed by the State of Wisconsin or an approved and supervised independent living situation (this includes foster homes), **and** is enrolled and participating in high school or an equivalent program approved by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction
- Or, the applicant is married.
Eligibility Guidelines
A full description of eligibility guidelines for Wisconsin Shares is located at the following link:
http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/eligibility.htm

Below is an overview of basic child care eligibility criteria.

Financial Eligibility
When a foster parent is applying for Wisconsin Shares child care assistance for their foster child, financial eligibility for that child is based upon the foster child’s natural or adoptive parent’s income being at or below 200% the federal poverty level (FPL) at the time the child was placed in foster care.

In some cases the foster child’s natural or adoptive family’s household income is higher than 200% of the FPL at the time of the child’s placement; in these situations eligibility is tested against the foster parent’s income at 185% of FPL.

The foster child’s natural or adoptive parent’s income level is not always readily available to foster parents. In order to get the information, the Wisconsin Shares eligibility worker must contact the child protective services agency that is involved in the child’s case.

If the foster parent is applying for Wisconsin Shares for their own child, whether biological or adopted, that child’s eligibility is based on their parent’s income and is tested at the 185% FPL level.

Non-Financial Eligibility
Non-Financial requirements include the following:

- All members in the foster parent’s AG must be residents of Wisconsin.
  - When children are placed through the Interstate Compact for the Placement of Children (ICPC) with foster parents in Wisconsin, they are considered Wisconsin residents for Wisconsin Shares eligibility determination purposes.

- The foster child who needs child care assistance must be a US citizen or qualified alien.

- Subsidized child care is limited to children under age thirteen, or under age nineteen if the child has a special need. A special need is defined as:
  - An emotional, behavioral, physical, or personal need of a child requiring more than the usual amount of care and supervision
for the child’s age, as documented by a physician, psychologist, special educator, or other qualified professional. A special need includes a developmental disability. Verification of a special need may be in the form of a letter, Individual Education Plan (IEP), or other documents provided by the professional.

- All adults in the AG must be participating in an approved activity (see Approved Activities chart).
- In 2-parent or multi-generational foster families, all adults must be in an “approved activity,” unless a physician verifies that
  1. The adult is unable to be in an approved activity or work
  2. And is unable to take care of the children on their own.

In 2-parent or multi-generational families, child care assistance is authorized for only the overlapping hours that all adults are in their approved activity.

**Approved Activities**
The following table lists activities that can be approved for foster parents.

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<tr>
<td><strong>Foster Parents</strong></td>
<td>Employment</td>
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<td>Self-employment</td>
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<td></td>
<td>W-2 program participation as listed on the current Employability Plan (EP)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>FSET participation</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Employment combined with job training or education as approved by the agency for a maximum of 24 months</td>
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**What to Bring to the Intake Interview**
The following lists are examples of acceptable forms of verification. The applicant will need only 1 item from each list for each member of the group. The documents will be scanned and electronically stored for use in documenting the eligibility decision.

- **Identity Verification** (bring 1 of the following)
  - Driver’s License
  - State issued ID card
  - Employee ID card
  - Student ID card
  - US State or Federal Government ID card
  - Military ID card
  - Native American ID card issued by a Federally recognized tribe
  - A photo ID issued by the USCIS
• **Social Security Number (SSN) or Proof of SSN Application** for all children in the AG for whom child care assistance is being requested.

• **Citizenship Verification for All Children** (bring 1 of the following)
  o Certified copy of birth certificate
  o Hospital birth record
  o Native American ID card or other tribal membership documentation issued by a Federally recognized tribe
  o Certificate of Naturalization
  o Certificate of Citizenship
  o US Passport
  o Qualified Aliens must provide evidence of alien status

• **Wisconsin Residency** (bring 1 of the following)
  o Lease agreement
  o Utility bill for water, natural gas, electricity, or telephone that includes name and address
  o Mortgage receipt
  o Subsidized housing program approval letter
  o Weatherization program approval letter
  o Paycheck stub showing name, address, employer’s name, address and phone number
  o Wisconsin Driver’s License
  o Wisconsin ID card

• **Employment for All Adults in the AG Including Foster Parent(s).** Employment as an Approved Activity for Wisconsin Shares and earned income from such employment must be verified by 1 or more of the following:
  o Dated paycheck stubs or pay statements for the immediately preceding 30 days and must include the employee’s name
  o An earnings report or statement generated by the employer and directly from the employer that includes the employee’s name
  o A completed Employer Verification Form – Earnings (EVF-E) containing the employer’s signature
  o A letter from the employer bearing the employer’s legible name, contact information and signature and includes the employee’s name, rate of pay and hours of work

• **Court Order for Child’s Out-of-Home Care Placement:** When there is a court order detailing the placement of the child in out-of-home care, it must be provided to the eligibility agency by the applicant (the placement agency can FAX verification to the child care eligibility or determination agency).
  o When children are removed from a home and placed in foster care the first paperwork is called a Temporary Physical Custody (TPC). This
form is available until the court hearing. Hearings are held within 48 to 72 hours.
  o From the court hearing, there will be a court order but not necessarily right away.
  o The court hearing will result in either:
    - A Voluntary Placement Agreement that is valid for 180 days. After 180 days there will be a new hearing and the child may be returned home or the child foster care placement could be made long term.
    - A court order for foster placement.

- **Foster Child’s Birth or Adoptive Family Income** at time of placement (the Wisconsin Shares worker can request this information from the child’s case worker)

- **Proof Of Participation in an Approved Activity for All Adults in the AG** (e.g. employment, education plus employment, W-2 participation, etc.)

  **Important:** Any change in circumstances that may affect eligibility must be reported by the foster parent to the local agency eligibility worker within 10 days of the change.

### Step 2: Child Care Authorizations

Local human service agencies or the subcontracted agency is responsible for assessing the need for child care and issuing an authorization for payment to the child care provider.

Contact the local agency to determine the method for setting up the authorization appointment. Local agencies can be found in the following link: [http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/pdf/where-to-apply-for-wisconsin-shares.pdf](http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/pdf/where-to-apply-for-wisconsin-shares.pdf)

In Milwaukee County: [http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/meca/how_to_apply.htm](http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/meca/how_to_apply.htm)

Authorizations are established for
- A specific number of hours of care per week
- To a specific child care provider location to cover the hours of care needed for adults to participate in approved activities

When there is more than 1 adult in the group, authorizations can be written for only the overlapping time when all adults are in approved activities. Authorizations may include transportation time to and from the approved activity, if requested by the parent(s).
Regulated Care and YoungStar Participation
Foster parents choose their own child care provider, but they must be 1 of the following regulated types of providers:

- County certified provider
- State licensed home or center
- Public school program
- Day camp licensed for child care

In addition, the child care provider must be also participating in the YoungStar quality rating and improvement program.

A link to locate regulated child care providers and to confirm that they are YoungStar rated is located at http://childcarefinder.wisconsin.gov/Search/Search.aspx?type=b&YoungStarProviders=true

Make Confident Child Care Choices
YoungStar’s 5-star rating system is a quick and easy way to compare the child care programs in your community. It is a snapshot of each program’s quality. But to see the full picture of any child care program, parents should look beyond the stars. Here are a few ways to narrow down your child care options:

Check the Details
YoungStar ratings are based on the points a program earns across 4 key categories of care. It is an objective system that values

- Educated and well-trained staff
- Enriching learning experiences
- Professional business practices
- Healthy and nurturing environments

This means a program can have excellent teachers—but if it is still working to improve its bookkeeping habits, the program may earn fewer stars. And that makes it essential to know what is most important to your family.

Check the YoungStar Ratings Details (available online and printed on most YoungStar certificates) to see how many points a program earns in each category. It is a simple way to make sure the child care program you choose has the qualities you value most.

The link for additional information for parents is available at http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/youngstar/parents.htm
Authorization Length, Notices, and Attendance Reporting

Authorizations can be written for up to 6 months at a time and must reflect the child’s need for care based upon their foster parents’ (also all adults in the AG) participation in their approved activities.

Authorization Notices are sent to the foster parent and their child care provider by the local agency.

Child care providers document the child’s attendance and report attendance every other week. The child care provider is paid directly by the Department of Children and Families for care provided under the Wisconsin Shares program.

Authorization Types

See Chapter 2 of the Wisconsin Shares Child Care Subsidy Policy Manual for more detailed information regarding authorizations. Authorizations may be enrollment-based, attendance-based, or zero hours.

Enrollment-Based Authorizations

Enrollment-based authorizations are used when the child needs care on a regular and predictable schedule. Enrollment-based authorizations reimburse licensed group child care providers for a set amount of hours per week. If the child care provider’s prices are higher than the amount the subsidy allows, the foster parent is responsible for the balance.

Attendance-Based Authorizations

Certified child care providers are always paid through attendance-based authorizations. Authorizations to licensed family providers are on an attendance basis, except for certain children with special needs which are determined on a case-by-case basis by the local agency. Attendance-based authorizations may also be used for licensed group providers when the child’s need for care is expected to vary widely, if the provider has significantly over-reported attendance on 3 separate occasions, and in cases of shared placement of a child. The payment to the child care provider is based on an actual attendance up to the maximum authorized number of hours.

If a child with an attendance-based authorization attends less than the authorized hours in a week, the child care provider will be reimbursed only for the actual hours attended. The child care provider may charge the foster parent directly for the missed hours of attendance.
If the child care provider’s prices are higher than the amount the subsidy allows, the foster parent is responsible for the balance.

**Zero Hour Authorizations**

Zero hour authorizations are written when there is an authorization for child care only when school is closed for snow days, teacher’s conferences, spring break, and other short-term reasons.

**Maximum Rates**

Payment for Wisconsin Shares child care is made by the Department directly to the authorized child care provider. The payment is based upon the type of authorization (attendance or enrollment) using the lower amount of the 2 following levels:

- The established maximum rate for the county
- The child care provider’s private price

For a complete listing of maximum rates by child care provider type and children’s age group, please click on the following link: [http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/rates.htm](http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/rates.htm)

**Foster Parent Costs**

The foster parent may incur costs from the child care provider that cannot be reimbursed by Wisconsin Shares. The following list contains some, but not necessarily all, of the costs that foster parents may be charged by the provider:

- The foster parents chose a child care provider that charges a price that is higher than the county maximum rate set by the Department and the provider charges the difference to the foster parent.

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<th>Example of Foster Parent Child Care Costs</th>
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<td>Child Care Provider Private Price per Week</td>
<td>$ 240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum County Rate</td>
<td>$ 232</td>
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<tr>
<td>Difference Billed by Child Care Provider to Foster Parent</td>
<td>$ 8</td>
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- When the child was authorized on an attendance basis, the child did not attend the child care program for all of their authorized times, and the provider charged the absences to the foster parent. (See Attendance-Based Authorizations above).

See MyWIChildCare section for upcoming changes to Method of Benefit Payment and Authorization Types.
• The foster parent changed providers without giving the 10-day, or other agreed upon time-frame, notice to the child care provider, and the provider charged the care to the foster parent.

• The child leaves a foster home and the foster parent does not give a 10-day or other agreed upon time-frame notice to the child care provider, and the provider charges the care to the foster parent.

• The foster parent has signed a contract with the child care provider that contains provisions for fees or other payments or has obligations to adhere to a specific number of hours if the authorization is for a lower number of hours.

• The number of hours authorized are less than the child care provider requires
  • Example: Mary is a foster parent who works 20 hours per week and needs child care for 25 hours per week (work + transportation time). Mary’s authorization is on an attendance basis for 25 hours per week. Mary’s hours of employment are reduced to 10 hours per week and now only needs 15 hours per week of child care. Mary reports the change to her worker and her authorization is reduced to 15 hours per week. The child care center where Mary sends her foster child requires all part-time children to be there at least 20 hours per week. Mary may be billed by the child care provider for 5 hours per week.

**Ongoing Eligibility**

As a Wisconsin Shares participating family, you will be notified of changes or other important information about your case by mail, or by email if you select to receive electronic correspondence. It is important that all notices and mailings regarding Wisconsin Shares are responded to in a timely manner to prevent an interruption in program eligibility.

**Ten (10) Day Reporting Requirement**

All parents, including foster parents, who receive Wisconsin Shares child care assistance are required to report certain changes in their household (Assistance Group) that would affect their eligibility within ten (10) days of the change. For foster parents this includes all of the following circumstances for any member of the Assistance Group:

• Changes in your home address
• Changes in your mailing address
• Someone moves into or out of your home
• Changes in your marital status (marriage or divorce)
• Change in your legal relationship with a child (i.e. adoption, paternity establishment or other change in legal parentage, foster care, kinship care)
• Changes in the employment, training, school, or other approved activity status of any household member, including changes in schedule or start and end dates
• Changes in household income (e.g. rate of pay, number of hours worked, change in bonus and/or commission)
• If your combined household Child Support and/or Family Support is more than $1,250 per month
• Changes in the shared placement schedule of a child
• Changes in your need for child care, including child no longer attending provider
• If you plan to change child care providers
• Any other change that impacts your need for child care

**Six (6) Month Reviews and Six (6) Month Review Forms (SMRF)**

Eligibility must be reviewed every 6 months for all Wisconsin Shares child care assistance cases.\(^2\)

One Reminder Notice is sent to the foster home in the fourth month of receiving child care assistance to alert the family that the Six Month Review Form (SMRF) is going to be sent the next month. The SMRF information may be completed online at [https://access.wisconsin.gov](https://access.wisconsin.gov) or by mail.

It is important to complete SMRF forms, to sign and return the review forms and enclose verification of ongoing employment to the agency on time.

If the forms or any part of the required documents are not received, the agency is likely to close the Wisconsin Shares case.

If your child care case is closed for 30 days, you will be required to begin with a new application process.

**Twelve-Month Reviews**

Child care eligibility must be reviewed at the twelve-month interval. Be sure you understand your local agency’s process; will they mail an appointment time, or will they ask you to contact them to arrange an appointment time? This appointment may be either face-to-face or by telephone.

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\(^2\) Administrative Rule DCF 201.
In this review you will be asked to verify your employment and income again. If the review is not completed by the end of the twelfth month, your child care case will close and any incurred child care costs will be billed to you by the child care provider.

**Changing Child Care Providers**

Foster parents must inform the local agency of their plans to change child care providers so that the agency can change the authorization to the new provider.

The Wisconsin Shares child care assistance program cannot reimburse child care providers for child care provided unless the period of care was covered by an authorization specifically written to the child care provider.

**Overpayment Collections**

Foster parents may be subject to overpayment collections from the Public Assistance Collections Unit (PACU) under the following circumstances:

- The Wisconsin Shares child care assistance program paid for child care that was used when a foster parent was not eligible for the benefit, regardless of the source of the error, unless the child care provider was reimbursed under fraudulent conditions that did not involve the foster parent
- The foster parent continued to use the child care provider after their participation in approved activities (e.g. employment) ended and the foster parent did not notify the local agency of this change within 10 days

**Dispute Resolution**

If you disagree with the agency’s eligibility decision, you may request a fair hearing. A fair hearing gives you the chance to tell why you think there has been a wrong decision about your eligibility. At the hearing, a hearing officer will hear from you and the local agency and make a decision regarding the agency’s actions. You may bring a friend or family member with you to the hearing. You may also be able to get free legal help. To learn more about free legal help, call 1-888-278-0633.
If the agency makes a negative decision, you will be sent a notice which includes information about how to request a fair hearing. Your request for a fair hearing review must be made within forty-five (45) days of the negative decision.

**MyWIChildCare Project**

The MyWIChildCare (MWCC) program begins in 2 phases. Phase 1 begins in October of 2016 in Buffalo, Clark, Jackson, Monroe, Pepin, Trempealeau, Vernon, and La Crosse Counties. Phase 2 will include all other counties and begin in February of 2017.

**Changes to Method of Benefit Payment**

The MWCC program will provide eligible parents with an Electronic Benefit Transfer (EBT) card authorized with their approved child care subsidy amount payable to the child care provider that was selected.

**Changes to Provider Attendance Reporting**

MWCC will eliminate the requirement that providers report attendance to receive a reimbursement. Providers are still required to document attendance on Sign-In/Sign-out forms per licensing and certification rules.

**Changes to Provider Requirements**

When MWCC is implemented, providers must have completed a contract with DCF’s EBT contractor, Fidelity National Information Services (FIS), in order to receive payment. FIS will notify providers of their contracting requirement which can be completed online at ebtedge.com or on paper.

**Changes to Authorization Types**

Under MWCC, attendance- and enrollment-based authorizations will no longer be used.

Each EBT Authorization will be written based on the family’s need for child care in an average week. The weekly amount is multiplied to make it a monthly amount. The benefit will be available monthly allowing the parents to pay for the service before it is rendered.

**For More Information on MyWIChildCare**
For more information, visit the MyWIChildCare webpage at http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/mywichildcare/default.htm

For Complete Policy Information

This guide contains a summarization of Wisconsin Shares policy. To reference the complete policy, please go to http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/ccpolicymanual/index.htm

Where to Call if You Need Help

Milwaukee County

- Families with eligibility or authorization questions may call 1-888-947-6583
- General questions may be directed to (414) 289-6973
- The Wisconsin Shares Child Care Help Desk can be contacted by email at childcare@wisconsin.gov
- If you have questions about other social services in Milwaukee county, dial 211 or (414) 773-0211

Outside of Milwaukee County

- Contact your local child care coordinator. Find your local coordinator at the following web address: http://dcf.wisconsin.gov/childcare/wishares/pdf/coordinators.pdf
- The Wisconsin Shares Child Care Help Desk can be contacted by email at childcare@wisconsin.gov

DCF is an equal opportunity employer and service provider. If you have a disability and need to access this information in an alternate format, or need it translated to another language, please contact (ADD your bureau telephone and ADD your TTY number or just put 711 TTY). For civil rights questions call (608) 422-6889 or (866) 864-4585 TTY (Toll Free).