1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Product Name: HYDRATED LIME
Supplier Name: ADELAIDE BRIGHTON CEMENT LTD ABN 96 007 870 199
Address: 62 Elder Road, Birkenhead, SA 5015
Manufacturing Plant: Angaston Works, Stockwell Road, Angaston, SA 5333

Telephone: 08 8300 0300
Fax: 08 8341 1591
Emergency: Bus Hrs 08 8300 0300 A/Hrs 08 8300 0530
Email: customerservice@adbri.com.au
Web Site: www.adelaidebrighton.com.au

Synonym(s): CALCIUM HYDROXIDE, SLAKED LIME, LIME HYDRATE, CALCIUM HYDRATE.

Use(s): Applications such as neutralising agent in water and sewage treatment, a binder in mortars and renders, and soil stabilisation.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

This product is classified as hazardous according to criteria of NOHSC. Not classified as a dangerous good by the criteria of the ADG Code.

RISK PHRASES
R36/37/38 Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin.
R40 Limited evidence of a carcinogenic effect.
R43 May cause sensitisation by skin contact.
R48/20 Harmful : danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation.

SAFETY PHRASES
S20/21 When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
S22 Do not breathe dust.
S24/25 Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing and gloves.
S38 In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

UN No: None Allocated
DG Class: None Allocated
Hazchem Code: None Allocated
Subsidiary Risk(s): None Allocated
Pkg Group: None Allocated
EPG: None Allocated

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Formula</th>
<th>Conc.</th>
<th>CAS No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CALCIUM HYDROXIDE</td>
<td>Ca(OH)₂</td>
<td>85 - 95%</td>
<td>1305-62-0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE</td>
<td>Mg(OH)₂</td>
<td>0.5 - 1.5%</td>
<td>1309-42-8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SILICON DIOXIDE</td>
<td>SiO₂ Crystalline</td>
<td>0.4 - 0.7%</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ALUMINIUM OXIDE</td>
<td>Al₂O₃</td>
<td>0 - 2%</td>
<td>1344-28-1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRON (III) OXIDE</td>
<td>Fe₂O₃</td>
<td>0 - 0.7%</td>
<td>1309-37-1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
4. FIRST AID MEASURES

**Eye**
Flush thoroughly with flowing water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

**Inhalation**
Remove from dusty area to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

**Skin**
Quickly, but gently, wipe material off skin. Immediately remove all contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash skin thoroughly with copious amounts of water.

**Ingestion**
Rinse mouth and lips with water. Do not induce vomiting. Give water to drink to dilute stomach contents. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

**Advice to Doctor**
Treat symptomatically. Contact Poisons Information Centre (131126 Australia wide).

**First Aid Facilities**
Eye wash station.

**Additional Information - Aggrivated Medical Conditions**

**Inhalation**
Inhalation of dust through prolonged, repeated exposure can cause bronchitis, silicosis (scarring of the lung.) It may also increase the risk of scleroderma (a disease affecting the connective tissue of the skin, joints, blood vessels and internal organs) and lung cancer. Epidemiological studies have shown that smoking increases the risk of bronchitis, silicosis (scaring of the lung) and lung cancer.

**Skin**
Irritating to the skin. Prolonged and repeated skin contact with Hydrated Lime can cause irritant dermatitis.

5. FIRE FIGHTING

**Flammability**
Non flammable. Does not cause dust explosions. Violent reaction with maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorous and oxidants.

**Fire and Explosion**
Non flammable. No fire or explosion hazard exists.

**Extinguishing**
Non flammable.

**Hazchem Code**
None.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

**Spillage**
If spilt (bulk), contact emergency services if appropriate. Wear dust-proof goggles, PVC/rubber gloves, a Class P2 respirator (where an inhalation risk exists), coveralls and rubber boots. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent spill entering drains or waterways. Collect and place in sealable containers for disposal or reuse. Avoid generating dust. Materials should be neutralised with dilute hydrochloric acid, eg 6M, before disposal.

**Emergency Procedures**
Follow safety requirements for personal protection under Section 8 Exposure Controls/Personal Protection.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

**Storage**
Concrete or steel bins and silos or plastic lined paper sacks are the recommended forms of storage. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from moisture, oxidising agents (eg phosphorous oxide), acids, ethanol, interhalogens (eg chlorine trifluoride) and foodstuffs. Ensure packages are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage, and sealed when not in use. Also store removed from maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitroparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorus, polychlorinated phenols and potassium nitrate.
Handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

Property/Environmental

Refer to Section 13.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Ventilation

Avoid generating dust. All work with Hydrated Lime should be carried out in such a way as to minimise exposure to dust and repeated skin contact. Where dust could be generated whilst handling Hydrated Lime, use local mechanical ventilation or extraction in areas where dust could escape into the work environment. For bulk deliveries, closed pumping systems are recommended. For handling of individual bags, follow personal protection instructions if no local exhaust ventilation is available.

Exposure Standards

CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0)

ES-TWA: 5 mg/m³

WES-TWA: 5 mg/m³

SILICA, CRYSTALLINE – QUARTZ (14808-60-7)

ES-TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ (Silica Quartz, respirable, NOHSC)

ES-TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ (QLD); 0.15 mg/m³ (NSW)

WES-TWA: 0.1 mg/m³

ALUMINIUM OXIDE (1344-28-1)

ES-TWA: 10 mg/m³ (total dust)

WES-TWA: 10 mg/m³

IRON (III) OXIDE (1309-37-1)

WES-TWA: 5 mg/m³

PPE

Wear dust-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P2 respirator. If there is potential for prolonged and/or excessive skin contact, wear coveralls. At high dust levels, wear a Class P3 respirator or a Powered Air Purifying Respirator (PAPR) with Class P3 filter.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>A white or off-white amorphous powder with a typical fineness of less than 1% retained on a 75 micron sieve.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Slight Odour</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH</td>
<td>Approximately 12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Pressure</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vapour Density</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Boiling Point/Melting Point</td>
<td>Decomposes to Calcium Oxide and water @580°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evaporation Rate</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bulk Density</td>
<td>300 - 700 kg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particle Size</td>
<td>99% &lt; 75 microns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solubility (water)</td>
<td>Slightly</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specific Gravity</td>
<td>2.1 to 2.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>% Volatiles</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flammability</td>
<td>Non Flammable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Flash Point</td>
<td>Not Relevant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Upper Explosion Limit</td>
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<tr>
<td>Lower Explosion Limit</td>
<td>Not Relevant</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Autoignition Temperature</td>
<td>Not Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity
Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg phosphorus oxide), ethanol, interhalogens (eg chlorine trifluoride) and acids. Also incompatible with maleic anhydride, nitroethane, nitromethane, nitraparaffin, nitropropane, phosphorus, polychlorinated phenols and potassium nitrate.

Decomposition
May evolve toxic gases if heated to decomposition.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary
Corrosive. Use safe work practices to avoid eye–skin contact and dust generation–inhalation. Once water is added, an inhalation hazard is not anticipated. Chronic respiratory effects are not anticipated with over exposure at high levels due to the immediate irritant and/or corrosive effects.

Eye
Corrosive. Severe irritant upon contact with powder/dust. Over exposure may result in pain, redness, corneal burns and ulceration with possible permanent damage.

Inhalation
Corrosive. Over exposure to powder – dust (when mixing) may result in severe mucous membrane irritation of nose and throat, coughing and bronchitis at high levels.

Skin
Irritating and drying to skin. May cause alkaline burns and irritant or allergic dermatitis, especially as an ingredient in plastic (unhardened) wet concrete mortar or slurry.

Ingestion
Corrosive. Ingestion may result in ulceration and burns to the mouth and throat, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhoea.

Toxicity Data
CALCIUM HYDROXIDE (1305-62-0)
LD50 (Ingestion): 7300 mg/kg (mouse)
SILICA, CRYSTALLINE – QUARTZ (1408-60-7)
Carcinogenicity: Classified as a human carcinogen (IARC Group 1)
MAGNESIUM HYDROXIDE (1309-43-8)
LD50 (Ingestion): 8500 mg/kg (rat, mouse)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment
The aquatic toxicity of calcium hydroxide is due to its alkalinity. It is neutralised to calcium carbonate by absorption of atmospheric carbon dioxide and is not degraded by oxidation. Calcium hydroxide does not bioaccumulate in the environment.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal
Reuse or recycle where possible. Alternatively, ensure product is covered with moist soil to prevent dust generation and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the manufacturer for additional information.

Legislation
Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation. Keep out of sewer and stormwater drains.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified as a dangerous good by the criteria of the ADG Code.
15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule AICS

A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information

IARC – GROUP 1 – PROVEN HUMAN CARCINOGEN. This product contains an ingredient for which there is sufficient evidence to have been classified by the International Agency for Research into Cancer as a human carcinogen. The use of products known to be human carcinogens should be strictly monitored and controlled.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES: The Recommendation for protective equipment contained within this SDS report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE: It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare an SDS report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

ABBREVIATIONS:
SDS – Safety Data Sheet
mg/m³ – Milligrams per cubic metre
ppm – Parts Per Million
ES-TWA – Exposure Standard - Time Weighted Average
CNS – Central Nervous System
NOS – Not Otherwise Specified
pH – relates to hydrogen ion concentration – this value will relate to a scale of 0 – 14, where 0 is highly acidic and 14 is highly alkaline.
CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service Number – used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.
IARC – International Agency for Research on Cancer.
M – Moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

Report Status

This document has been compiled by Adelaide Brighton Cement the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer’s Safety Data Sheet.

While the information in this Safety Data Sheet has been prepared in good faith, Adelaide Brighton Cement Limited does not warrant that the information is accurate, complete or up to date.
Contact Point

For further information on this product contact:

Telephone: Office hours 08 8300 0300
After hours 08 8300 0530
Facsimile: 08 8341 1591
Web site: www.adelaidebrighton.com.au

Advice Note

The information in this document is believed to be accurate. Please check the currency of this SDS by contacting:

08 8300 0300
or
www.adelaidebrighton.com.au

Each user of any information, or any product referred to, in this Safety Data Sheet must:
- determine whether the information or product is suitable for their purpose;
- assess and control any risks associated with the information or product; and
- obtain professional advice in relation to the use of the information or product.

To the extent permitted by law, Adelaide Brighton Cement Limited:
- excludes all representations, warranties and guarantees in relation to any information in this Safety Data Sheet; and
- will not be liable for any direct, indirect, consequential, incidental, special or economic loss (including but not limited to any loss of actual or anticipated profits, revenue, savings, production, business, opportunity, access to markets, goodwill, reputation, publicity, or use) arising from any use of or reliance on any information in this Safety Data Sheet.