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I. PRINCIPLES AND VALUES OF COMPREHENSIVE SCHOOL BASED HEALTH CENTERS*

Comprehensive school-based health centers (SBHCs) provide primary and preventive care, acute or first contact care, chronic care, and referral as needed. They regard and provide services for children and adolescents within the context of their family, social/emotional, cultural, physical and educational environment.

A. SBHC services are developed based on local assessment of needs and resources. Schools having students with the highest prevalence of unmet medical and psychosocial needs are targeted for the establishment of centers.

B. SBHCs are organized through school, community, and health provider relationships and provide services in keeping with state and local laws and regulations, established standards and community practice.

C. The SBHC provides or makes available comprehensive primary medical, social, mental health, and health education services designed to meet the psychosocial and physical needs of children and youth within the context of the family, culture, and environment, including:

- Primary health care services at the SBHC which include: comprehensive health assessments, and diagnosis and treatment of minor, acute and chronic medical conditions; and
- Mental health services by referral or at the SBHC which include: mental health assessments, crisis intervention, counseling, and referrals to a treatment continuum of services including emergency psychiatric care, community support programs, inpatient care and outpatient programs.

D. SBHCs are based directly in a school and SBHC services are made available only to the students enrolled in that school.

E. SBHC services are provided at no out of pocket cost to those students who enroll in the SBHC with parental consent. As appropriate, SBHCs may bill third party payors for services. These revenues must be returned to support the operations of the SBHC.

F. SBHC services are provided by a multi-disciplinary team, which must include, at a minimum, but not be limited to: nurse practitioner/physician assistant, mental health professional, physician, and health assistant. The number of staff will depend on the number of students enrolled in the SBHC and the services to be provided.

G. The SBHC provides on-site access during the academic day when school is in session and 24-hour coverage through an on-call system and through its backup health providers to ensure access to services on a year round basis when the school or the SBHC is closed.

H. The SBHC can serve as a student’s primary care provider (the medical home) or complement services provided by an outside primary care provider. The SBHC also coordinates care with the child’s outside primary care provider, other medical providers, social service agencies, mental health providers, and other agencies, programs, and organizations in order to ensure continuity of care.

I. The SBHC is integrated into the school environment and plans and coordinates health services with the school personnel, such as administrators, teachers, nurses, counselors, and support personnel, as well as with other community providers co-located at the school.

J. The SBHC, in partnership with the school and other co-located service providers, develops policies and systems to ensure confidentiality in the sharing of medical information and allow for case management.

K. The SBHC and school are committed to operating with mutual respect and a spirit of collaboration. The school/school district facilitates and promotes the utilization of the center's service.

L. Each SBHC forms and maintains a functional advisory committee to provide input into the development and operation of the program. Advisory committee membership should include school staff, community members, health providers, and especially parents and students.

M. The SBHC and the school are committed to working together to ensure the provision of comprehensive health education and a healthy school environment.

N. The SBHC sponsoring facility has overall responsibility for SBHC administration, operations and oversight.
II. GUIDELINES FOR SCHOOL-BASED HEALTH CENTERS

A. Services

SBHCs provide age-appropriate primary health, mental health, social and health education services. These services must comply with New York State Child/Teen Health Plan requirements. \(^3\)

1. Access

- SBHCs should be located in high need schools and communities.
- SBHCs must be open and staffed during all normal school hours.
- The back-up health provider must ensure 24-hour/7 day access to services for enrolled students during non-school hours and vacation periods and ensure the continuity of care for enrollees referred to other providers. Telephone access should ensure contact with an individual for triage purposes.
- The complete range of SBHC services must be made available to any student who enrolls, i.e. those students attending the school with the SBHC who have obtained parental consent or who are 18 years of age or are otherwise able to give their own consent.
- SBHC services must be provided at no out of pocket cost to the student or family.
- The SBHC will not turn any student away because of insurance status, health status, or because a student has an existing primary care provider. If a student has a primary care provider, the SBHC should make every effort to coordinate services with the student’s primary care provider to avoid duplication of service.
- When providing services by referral, providers should offer as many options as possible. If services are provided by referral, financial, geographical, and other barriers should be minimized.

2. Enrollment and Parental Consent

- The provider, through cooperation with the participating school, must make written information about center services available to parents, including:
  - The scope of services offered, including the ability of the SBHC to serve as the designated primary care provider or to provide services in collaboration with the student’s primary care provider;
  - The staffing pattern, including how medical coverage will be assured in those schools where the full-time presence of a mid-level practitioner is not provided; and
  - How students can access 24-hour/7 day coverage when the school is closed.

\(^3\) Adapted from Principles for School based Health Centers developed by the School Health Policy Initiative in "Special Report: Defining School based Health Center Services," NYC: Columbia University, March 1994.
• Providers must make consent forms available to all enrolling students to obtain the informed written consent of the parent or legal guardian. If the student receiving services is 18 years of age or older or is otherwise qualified to give consent under section 2504 of the Public Health Law and is competent to give such consent, such consent will be obtained.

• At a minimum, the enrollment and parental consent forms should request the following information:
  - Student name
  - Address
  - Date of birth
  - Parent/guardian name
  - Student’s social security number
  - Student health care coverage including the name of the managed care plan
  - Insurance and/or Medicaid identification number
  - Student’s primary care provider name and address, or designation of the SBHC/back up facility as the primary care provider. If no health care coverage is indicated, the SBHC should assist in referring the student to Medicaid/Child Health Plus.
  - Medical release authorization

• Upon enrollment, the SBHC must initiate a written communication process with the student’s designated primary care provider if an outside entity. At a minimum, this should include:
  - Notification that the student has enrolled in the SBHC;
  - The scope of services offered by the SBHC; and
  - A request for student health information, including the most recent physical exam, history and current treatment plan along with the transmittal of the appropriate medical release authorization form

3. Core Services

• All SBHCs must provide a core of services that includes primary and preventive health care, diagnosis and treatment of medical conditions and management of chronic conditions. Mental health must be addressed within core services, either by referral or on-site services.

• The services provided by a SBHC will depend on an initial and ongoing assessment of the needs of the population of students served and will be sensitive to the following differences:
  - Ages of the students served;
  - Availability, utilization and access to other school and community resources; and
  - The size of the enrolled population of the SBHC.
a. Comprehensive Primary Care

- All SBHCs must provide on-site a core of age-appropriate primary care services that comply in content and frequency with *New York State’s Child/Teen Health Plan (CTHP)*. Age-appropriate reproductive health care is to be considered an essential component of comprehensive primary care.

- SBHCs serving adolescents should follow guidelines such as the American Medical Association’s Guidelines for Adolescent Preventive Services (GAPS), Bright Futures or the American Academy of Pediatrics guidelines, which all recommend an annual visit that includes an assessment of risk behaviors such as tobacco use.

- Oral health assessments should be a part of the routine care provided by a SBHC. This assessment should include an oral health history, including who their dentist is and when the last visit was made, an inspection of the mouth, identification of observable problems, and appropriate dental health education and referral if no preventive appointment was made within the past year or if problems are identified.

- Each student should have within their medical chart a record of an up-to-date assessment and comprehensive physical exam in compliance with the CHTP. This may be performed either by the SBHC or an outside provider.

- Immunizations should be provided as necessary as part of the comprehensive health assessment.

- SBHCs should consider population-based assessments as well as responding to individual needs.

b. Diagnosis and Treatment of Medical Conditions

- On-site diagnosis, treatment, and appropriate triage and referral mechanisms must be in place for minor, acute, and chronic problems and should be considered part of the required core of SBHC services.

- Also considered a core service is on-site routine management of chronic conditions (asthma, diabetes, etc.), provided in consultation with the child's outside primary care provider or specialist as appropriate. Prescriptions are provided for minor problems, acute problems; and chronic conditions.

c. Laboratory Testing

- Pursuant to state and federal laws, SBHCs may perform, on-site, certain basic laboratory procedures that are classified as waived or Provider Performed Microscopy procedures (PPMP) tests under federal Clinical Laboratory Improvement Act (CLIA) legislation. Tests not classified as waived or PPMP must be performed by qualified New York State licensed laboratories holding a Comprehensive permit.

- SBHCs performing waived tests must register with the New York State Department of Health —Wadsworth Center, Clinical Laboratory Evaluation Program (CLEP) to obtain a CLIA registration number for either a Certificate of Waiver or a Certificate for Provider Performed Microscopy Procedures.

1Update made 3/06 to accommodate ongoing changes in fee amounts.
1) **Certificate of Waiver:** The SBHC must register independently to obtain a unique CLIA registration number to perform limited testing. An application for a permit to do limited testing; (DOH-4081) must be obtained from the CLEP program. (See contact information below). An application fee is required. Only waived tests may be performed at the SBHC.

2) **Certificate for Provider Performed Microscopy Procedures (PPMP):** If the SBHC will be performing CLIA approved microscopy testing, the site must register with the CLEP program using form DOH-4081, “Permit Application – Limited Testing”. Registration under this option also automatically authorizes the SBHC to perform “waived” test procedures. An application fee is required. Only waived tests and CLIA approved microscopy procedures may be performed at the SBHC.

- Under state Public Health Law, Article 5, Title V, Section 576, and Title 10 NYCRR Part 58, New York State licensed laboratories receiving specimens are required to provide the sending site with instructions for specimen collection, handling and transportation.

- To obtain an application for CLIA registration, (DOH-4081) or for further information about the laboratory requirements, contact the New York State Department of Health Wadsworth Center – Clinical Laboratory Evaluation Program at (518) 485-5378.

d. **Mental Health**

- All SBHCs must address the mental health needs of enrolled students, either on-site or by referral. It is recommended that all SBHCs serving adolescents provide some level of on-site services.

- The range of on-site mental health services to be offered should be determined by student/family needs and the availability of school and community resources.

- On-site services should include mental health care in both individual and group settings, including assessment, treatment, referral, and crisis intervention. Services include:
  - Primary prevention;
  - Individual mental health assessment, treatment, and follow-up;
  - Crisis intervention;
  - Short and long-term counseling; and
  - Linkage with community counseling.

- The following services must be made available on-site or by referral;
  - group and family counseling; and
  - psychiatric evaluation and treatment.
e. Referral

- Services provided by referral must include follow up including checking that the appointment was kept, the services met the student’s needs and the outcome of the referral, including relevant health care findings, is incorporated into the student’s medical record.

- If the student is in a managed care plan, a referral for services should be made within the plan network and should follow the plan’s service access requirements. Note: There are two exceptions.
  1) For Medicaid family planning services, a plan member can go, without referral or prior approval, to any provider in or out of the plan network who offers those services and accepts Medicaid.
  2) For Medicaid mental health and alcohol/substance abuse referrals, the plan member, or the SBHC on the student’s behalf, may make a referral for one mental health and one alcohol/substance abuse assessment from a participating provider without referral or prior approval.

4. Expanded Services

The following services can be provided according to the local need and feasibility for expanded services:

a. Health Education/Promotion

  a. The SBHC may provide health education for enrolled students, their families, and health center staff, and where possible, supports the provision of comprehensive health education in the classroom. Services can include:
    - one-on-one patient education;
    - group/targeted education at the center;
    - family and community health education;
    - health education for health center and school staff; and
    - support for comprehensive health education in the classroom.

b. Social Services

  b. The SBHC may provide initial assessments and referrals to social service agencies, as well as some on-site services. Services include:
    - social service assessment, referral, and follow-up for needs such as:
      1. basic needs (food, shelter, clothing);
      2. legal services;
      3. Public Assistance;
      4. assistance with Medicaid and other health insurance enrollment;
      5. employment services; and
      6. day-care services.
    - transportation arrangements to the sponsoring facility or referral site.
c. Other Services

c. Age appropriate tobacco-use prevention, assessment and referral activities should be provided.

d. The following services may be provided on-site or by referral:
   - Dental care;
   - Nutrition education and counseling;
   - Specialty care; and
   - Well-child care of students' children.

B. Staffing

1. Core Staffing
   • All core SBHC staff, must be trained in child abuse mandated reporter requirements (Section 413 of the NYS Social Services Law), infection control, emergency care, including general first aid, basic life support, and in the use of automated external defibrillator (AED) equipment. Training must conform to Community First Aid and Safety or First Aid/CPR/AED programs offered by the American Red Cross or their equivalent.

   • SBHCs must ensure a full time health presence during all normal school hours. This may include the physician, nurse practitioner, physician assistant, or medical or health assistant. In cases where there is an agreement between the school and the SBHC for school nurse coverage of the SBHC, the presence of the school nurse will also fulfill this requirement.

   • At a minimum, all SBHCs must have the following multi-disciplinary team to provide core services. The time required of the Nurse Practitioner and Physician Assistant to be on site is dependent on the number of students enrolled in the SBHC and the needs of the students.

   a. Nurse Practitioner (NP)

   - Provides comprehensive primary care services.
   - Operates under current written practice agreement signed by the collaborating physician when a nurse practitioner has practiced for less than 3600 hours.
   - NPs with more than 3600 practice hours can elect to continue under written practice protocols with a collaborating physician, or can choose to have collaborative relationships with one or more physicians to practice
   - Supplies evidence that a collaborative relationship with a physician is established and maintain a completed, State Education Department Collaborative Relationships Attestation Form for each nurse practitioner who has practiced more than 3600 hours.
   - Is available at one full time equivalent per 700 – 1500 SBHC enrollees.

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2 Revisions made 3/06 to incorporate changes from staffing workgroup.
3 Revisions made 1/15 to incorporate changes from Nurse Practitioner Modernization Act.
b. **Physician Assistant (PA)**
   - Provides comprehensive primary care services.
   - Operates under current protocols signed by the supervising physician.
   - Is available at one full-time equivalent per 700-1500 SBHC enrollees.

c. **Collaborating/Supervising Physician**
   - Must be an MD or DO with current NYS registration and should be board certified or board eligible in family practice or pediatrics.
   - Provides on-going medical consultation for NP in accordance with NYS Education Law, Article 139, Sections 6902.3 (c) and (e); or
   - Provides supervision for PA in accordance with NYS Education Law, Article 131-B, Section 6542.3 and Section 6542.4.
   - Is accessible to the NP/PA at all times via telephone.
   - Provides a minimum of six (6) hours per month of face-to-face collaboration/consultation with each NP with less than 3600 hours of practice/PA with the following provisions:
     - Face-to-face consultation/collaboration with NP/PAs must occur at each SBHC site not less than once every two weeks;
     - In addition to the on-site clinical consultations, the collaboration/supervision time requirement may be met on-site or off-site through various interactions, including: individual or group (multiple NPs/PAs) case discussions, clinical care management reviews, and education sessions;
     - Chart reviews must be performed at each site at least once every three months for PAs and NPs who do not meet the 3600 hours of practice;
     - Collaborates with NPs who have practiced for more than 3600 hours, through communication in person, by telephone or through written (including electronic) means.
   - Provides more extensive collaboration/supervision as needed based on NP/PA experience, training, and ability.
   - Has the option of providing full time primary care.
   - No physician shall enter into practice agreements with more than four nurse practitioners who are not located on the same physical premises as the collaborating physician.

\(^4\)Revisions made 1/15 to incorporate changes from Nurse Practitioner Modernization Act

d. **Medical/Health Assistant (MA/HA)**
1. Performs duties that may include: assisting with screenings, weighing and measuring students, assisting with preparation for activities such as physical examinations, providing first aid care to students with minor injuries, performing clerical functions including recording health information, entering data into computer, making appointments, and following up on missed appointments.

2. Is present in the SBHC during all normal school hours. (In cases where there is an agreement between the school and the SBHC, the school nurse can also fulfill this requirement).

3. When there is no school nurse in the school, operates under specific protocols (shared with school staff and school administration) for the delivery of first aid and emergency care to students.

4. Performs duties according to established policies that describe the role of the MA/HA when the mid-level practitioner or physician is not present.
   - SBHC core services must address mental health needs, either on-site or by referral. It is strongly recommended that on-site mental health services be provided for a SBHC serving adolescents.
   - The time required of the Mental Health Provider (if services are to be offered on site) is dependent on the number of students enrolled in the SBHC and the needs of the students.
   - On-site mental health services are to be provided by the following staff:

   e. **Mental Health Provider (MH Provider)** - Provides assessment, primary prevention, intervention, and referral (for more intensive services) for individuals, families and groups.
      - Has pediatric/child/adolescent expertise and is licensed in NYS as one of the following:
        1. LMSW – Licensed Masters Social Worker;
        2. LCSW – Licensed Clinical Social Worker;
        3. Psychiatric Nurse Practitioner
        4. Licensed Mental Health Counselor;
        5. Licensed Marriage and Family Therapist;
        6. Licensed Psychologist;
        7. Psychiatrist; or
        8. Nationally Certified Clinical Specialist in Child and Adolescent Psychiatric and Mental Health Nursing with a current NYS RN License.
        9. Is available at one full time equivalent per 700-1500 SBHC enrolled students.

   f. **Mental Health Services Coordinator of Consultation/Collaboration**
1. Is an LCSW, a Psychiatric NP, a licensed Psychologist or a Psychiatrist.
3. Has knowledge of and skill in negotiating school systems, assessment/diagnosis and use of DSM-4, provision of comprehensive and on-site school mental health services.
4. Is accessible via telephone at all times to provide clinical consultation and collaboration to the MH Provider.
5. Provides face-to-face clinical consultation with the MH Provider a minimum of four (4) hours per/month and no less frequently than every two weeks. (Clinical consultation/collaboration includes case discussion, peer-group interactive exchanges, and staff development programs that may occur in group or individual settings, on or off the SBHC site.) Provides more extended consultation/collaboration time as determined by the MH Provider’s experience, training, and ability.

• In order to ensure the appropriate linkage between the sponsoring facility and the SBHC and the coordination/oversight of SBHC services, the following staff is considered part of the core staffing pattern:

**g. Program Manager**
- Acts as the agent of the sponsoring Article 28 facility and plays a key role in ongoing communication with, and administrative direction of, the SBHC. is responsible for:
  - data collection;
  - oversight of the SBHC budget and related fiscal issues;
  - preparation of statistical reports and narratives;
  - purchasing supplies and equipment;
  - writing grant proposals;
  - staff supervision/scheduling;
  - advisory committee participation;
  - quality assurance coordination;
  - program development and evaluation; and
  - serving as liaison with:
    - school administration and staff
    - sponsoring Article 28 provider
    - community stakeholders
    - insurance companies and grantors
    - NYS Department of Health.
  - Devotes no less than 3.5 hours per week per SBHC site.

**Expanded Services**
• The following are examples of staff that can be added according to the local need and feasibility for expanded services:

a. **Health Educator**
   i. Provides individual and group health education, as well as classroom education where possible; and
   ii. Is trained specifically in health education (not physical education or some other semi-related field).

b. **Community Outreach Worker**
   i. Coordinates social service assessments, referrals, and follow-ups.

c. **School Nurse (RN)**
   i. Provides triage in the SBHC when NP/PA is not on site; and
   ii. Provides services for non-enrolled students.

d. **Nutritionist**
   i. Provides individual and group nutrition counseling and education, as well as classroom education if possible.

e. **Dental Hygienist**
   i. Provides preventive dental services including, health education, screenings, prophylaxis, fluoride and sealants; and
   ii. 1 full time equivalent can provide services for approximately 2,500 students.

f. **Dental Assistant**
   i. Assists the dental hygienist and the dentist in chairside procedures; and
   ii. 1 full time equivalent can provide services for approximately 2,500 students.

g. **Supervising Dentist**
   i. Provides general supervision for dental staff and is available for consultation, diagnosis and evaluation; and
   ii. Authorizes the dental hygienist to perform services and exercises the degree of supervision appropriate for the circumstances.

**Relationships**

SBHCs are organized through family, school, community, and health provider relationships. There should be established relationships with:

1. **The Student’s Family**
   - SBHC providers should make every effort to be family centered and to involve the student’s family, as age appropriate and with consent as necessary, in regard to the care of the student.
   - Whenever possible and within the guidelines of adolescent confidentiality,
parents/guardians should receive prior notification of any services to be provided to a child and should be given the option of joining their child during the provision of the services.

• As appropriate, parents should also receive notification after services are provided, informing them of the outcome of the encounter.

• Being family-centered means that policies regarding access, availability, and flexibility take into consideration the various structures and functions of families in the community being served. Providing primary care means understanding the nature, role, and impact of a child's health, illness, disability, or injury in terms of the family's structure, function, and dynamics.

• Whenever possible, the family should receive education on the importance of prevention and the appropriate use of the health care system, including the role of the primary care provider.

2. The School, School Board and School District

• The SBHC is integrated into the school environment, and both the SBHC and the school are committed to operating with mutual respect and a spirit of collaboration.

• The school assists the SBHC in many ways, including:
  - Marketing the SBHC;
  - helping to obtain informed parental consent;
  - helping to obtain information on insurance status and Medicaid status, including any enrollment in a managed care plan;
  - providing appropriate access to school health records;
  - maintaining the SBHC facility;
  - providing space (but not necessarily renovations) at no cost; and
  - collaborating in the establishment of School Health Program Advisory Board.

• The relationship between the school district and the SBHC sponsor should include the following:
  - Meetings between the school district and/or school building administration and the SBHC sponsor should be held on a regular basis;
  - There must be a current (every five years) MOU between the health care provider and the school district;
  - Methods for addressing priorities and resolving differences should be spelled out in the MOU;
  - The MOU should provide assurances that there will be a collaborative relationship between the SBHC staff and school personnel such as health educators, school nurses, drug abuse counselors, social workers, etc; and
  • The MOU should describe how the provider will provide 24-hour access to services when the school based health center is closed.
  • The SBHC’s relationship with the school involves routinely publicizing center
services to the student body at least twice a year. Methods of outreach include:
- contacts during school registration;
- PTA meeting attendance;
- mail outs/send home notes;
- bulletin boards/posters;
- student newspapers; and
- teacher/staff referrals.

3. The Community

- The SBHC recognizes that it functions within the community and should draw upon and contribute to its resources.
- SBHC providers contribute to and participate in community diagnosis; health surveillance, monitoring and evaluations conducted as a routine function of public health agencies.
- Community-oriented care assures that the views of community members are incorporated into decisions involving policies, priorities and plans related to the delivery of SBHC services.

D. The Sponsoring Facility

- The sponsoring facility must be actively involved in the ongoing administration and operation of the SBHC. Policies and procedures articulating this involvement must be in place. They should address:
  - ongoing communication;
  - 24 hour/7 day coverage;
  - maintenance of medical records in accordance with confidentiality laws;
  - continuous quality improvement;
  - fiscal and billing procedures; and
  - coordination of services.
  - security, inventory control and accountability for medications and related supplies.

E. The Student’s Regular Source of Primary Health Care

- Policies and procedures should be in place for those instances where a student enrolled in a SBHC has an outside primary care provider or when the primary care provider is the SBHC sponsoring facility. These policies and procedures should serve to strengthen the services of the SBHC and the primary care provider by fostering comprehensive and coordinated health care delivery while avoiding service duplication.
- Topics to be addressed in these policies and procedures include:
- appropriate information and sharing of medical records;
- mechanisms to ensure confidentiality;
- referral for specialty care; and
- coordination of treatment.

F. Local /County Department of Health
   - The SBHC and the County Department of Health should coordinate rather than
duplicate provision of mandated health services when those health services are the
obligation of the County Department of Health.

G. Local Mental Health Departments

H. Local Department of Social Services

I. School Based and Other Health Providers Serving Students with IEP's

D. Organization and Function
   1. Policies and Procedures
      - There should be a manual of all policies and procedures, including specifications of
who is responsible for each policy or procedure. A current manual should be
maintained at the sponsoring facility and each SBHC site. It should be reviewed and
updated on an annual basis. Policies and procedures should include and address but
not be limited to the following areas:
        - Organization/Administration;
        - Personnel;
        - Sponsoring facility requirements
        - SBHC job descriptions/responsibilities/annual performance evaluations
        - Outreach/Education and Enrollment
        - Address policy on informed consent
        - Clinical Services;
        - Administration
        - Delivery
        - Coordination of care with other provider
        - Continuity of care – 24 hour, 7day/week coverage
        - Maintenance of medical/clinical records as per Section 751.7 of Title 10 NYCRR
          (the health portion of NYS Code of Rules and Regulations)
        - Security, inventory control and accountability for medications and related
          supplies (i.e, syringes and needles)5:
          - Other policies and procedures, as appropriate, should be included in the manual.

   2. Organizational Structure
      - There should be an organizational chart reflecting clear lines of authority for the
administration of the SBHC, as well as the roles of the sponsoring facility, the
SBHC, and the school. This chart should be reviewed periodically and revised as needed.

3. Community Advisory Council

- The SBHC should have a community advisory council, which is representative of the constituency and is oriented to SBHC services. Community advisory council meetings should be scheduled on a regular basis and minutes from the meeting should be distributed to all who participate. Advisory council membership can include school staff, community members, health providers, and parents and students.

- The Advisory Council should be involved in program planning and development, identification of emerging health issues and appropriate interventions, assisting in identifying funding for the SBHC, and providing advocacy for the program.

- An Advisory Council is required for the planning period and the first three years of operation of the SBHC. After three years of operation, the SBHC/sponsor should assess the functioning of the Council and may delegate the role and activities of the Council to another representative body.

E. Fiscal Operations

The SBHC sponsor should ensure that appropriate administrative support is provided to address the following:

1. Program

- Receipts and expenditures should be adequately identified for each contract/source of funds.

- Equipment inventories, budget analysis, and total service cost calculations should be completed annually.

2. Medicaid and Other Third Party Reimbursement.\(^5\)

- There should be established procedures for confirming and obtaining information on Medicaid, Child Health Plus, and other third party eligibility, and for helping families in the enrollment process if the student is not enrolled. (IMPORTANT: Medicaid eligibility must be confirmed at each encounter).

- There should be established procedures for confirming and obtaining information on Medicaid eligibility, and managed care plan enrollment using methods such as the Name Search and E-PACES. For more information on these and other options for eligibility verification, call the NYS Department of Health Medicaid fiscal agent, Computer Sciences Corporation (CSC) at 1-800-343-9000 or on the internet visit www.emedny.org, click on Provider Manuals, under section entitled Supplemental Documentation click on MEVS Provider Manual.

- Encounter forms should be generated for all billable visits.

\(^5\) Update made 3/06 for Medicaid contact information
billed for encounters.

- Procedures should also adequately address follow-up on denied Medicaid or other third party claims.
- Medicaid and third party revenues should be readily identifiable by using correct Medicaid billing codes and revenues must be returned to the school health center program for the support and development of the program.

F. **Data Management**
- There should be written policies to dictate the access to and use of school based health center data.
- A designated individual should be responsible for preparation of NYSDOH quarterly and other reporting forms, which should be submitted to the School Health Program within 30 days of the end of the reporting period.

G. **Facility Requirements**
- Space must be adequate to accommodate the multi-disciplinary staff, and to afford the client verbal/physical privacy, and to allow for ease in performing necessary clinical, clerical and laboratory activities.
- For a SBHC with an enrollment of 700, approximately 1,500 to 2,000 square feet is recommended. The size of this space may be adjusted according to school enrollment, the staffing plan, local needs and available resources. Space for the SBHC should include:
  - a minimum of one exam room and preferably 2 exam rooms per full-time provider;
  - a sink, either in the exam room(s) or within reasonable access;
  - a counseling room/private area;
  - a laboratory area;
  - an accessible toilet facility;
  - a designated waiting area;
  - secure storage space for sterile supplies, pharmaceutical supplies and other materials;
  - a clerical area;
  - a supervised infirmary area; and
  - designated clean and soiled space for clinic functions.
- The SBHC must be equipped with a private telephone and fax line to ensure confidentiality and adequate access to the community and back-up providers.
- The SBHC provider must ensure that:
  - solid wastes, including biological infectious wastes, are properly collected, stored and disposed of;
  - all exits and access to exits are marked with prominent signs;
  - sites, which operate after sundown, are provided with adequate lighting for all exits.
and access to exits;
- adequate ventilation is provided;
- passage ways, corridors, doorways and other means of exit are kept clear and unobstructed;
- sites are kept clean and free of safety hazards;
- medical, fire and emergency instructions and other procedures, including telephone numbers, are posted;
- smoke detectors and general purpose and chemical fire extinguishers are in working order and within easy access of the SBHC;
- SBHC staff have keys for all bathrooms with inside locks; all bolt locks have been removed; and
- the patient’s bill of rights is posted and available in other languages as necessary.
- sponsor-supplied medications and related supplies (i.e., syringes and needles) are secured, controlled and have measures in place to establish accountability of transactions.6

This entails:
Documentation of all sponsor-supplied medication and related supply transactions, including the following:
1. Performance of quarterly physical inventories of medications and sensitive medical supplies kept on site at SBHC to be conducted at least quarterly;
2. Reconciliation of inventory discrepancies as needed;
3. Disposition of expired medications.

In those circumstances in which a SBHC stores student-supplied medication it is recommended that transactions, including the following:
1. Date, name and quantity of each medication received by the SBHC from the parent/guardian;
2. Parent/guardian contacts made by the SBHC regarding expired/unused medication;
3. Date, name and quantity of each medication returned by the SBHC to parent/guardian; and
4. Date, name and quantity of any medication disposed of by the SBHC.

H. Quality Management and Improvement
The SBHC sponsor should ensure that appropriate facility involvement and support is provided to address quality management and improvement.

6 Updated 1/15 to Policies and Procedures re medications and related supplies.
• Quality management and improvement can address a full range of activities including but not limited to: management of clinical conditions, documentation of care, use of services, staff qualifications, system organization, patient satisfaction, patient knowledge and changes in patient behaviors.

• There should be one person designated as the quality management and improvement coordinator.

• The program should establish goals, objectives and standards of care that clearly identify what the program wants to accomplish. These should be reviewed regularly and updated annually. The standards of care should be consistent with current practice.

• The program should identify activities which lead to accomplishing its goals.

• The program should regularly measure the achievement of its desired performance and take actions to address problems identified.

• There should be written specified quality management policies and procedures which include:
  - provider credentials and maintenance;
  - professional continuing education;
  - pre-employment procedures;
  - staff and program evaluation;
  - measures of patient satisfaction;
  - medical record review;
  - complaint and incident review; and
  - corrective actions and time frame.
  - appropriate security, inventory controls and accountability for medications and related supplies.7

• The SBHC should develop and implement a quality management and improvement plan that is based on needs assessment and previous quality improvement activities and includes at least the following on a quarterly basis:
  - a distinct focus on each of the following areas: administration, clinical, consumer satisfaction (patient/student, family and school personnel), community outreach and education and complaint investigation;
  - structure, process and outcome measures appropriate to the area of study;
  - the collection and analysis of data for each area studied/assessed;
  - the development and implementation of strategies to address areas of concern that need improvement; and
  - periodic re-evaluation of new strategies to assess effectiveness.