Material Safety Data Sheet
BG Quick Clean for Automatic Transmissions

1. Product and company identification

Material uses : Other non-specified industry: Cleaner.
Manufacturer : BG Products Inc.
701 S. Wichita Street
Wichita, KS, 67213, USA
www.bgprod.com

MSDS # : 106
Validation date : 4/14/2010.
Responsible name : Kolin Anglin, Environmental Coordinator
316-265-2686
msds@bgprod.com

In case of emergency : (800) 424-9300 (CHEMTREC)

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid.
Odor : Solvents
OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Emergency overview : CAUTION!
COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID AND VAPOR. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.
Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with adequate ventilation.

Potential acute health effects
Skin : May cause skin irritation.
Eyes : May cause eye irritation.

Potential chronic health effects
Chronic effects : Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.
Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

Over-exposure signs/symptoms
No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>CAS number</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanol, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>108-11-2</td>
<td>1 - 5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.
4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Combustible liquid. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Extinguishing media

Suitable : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.
Not suitable : Do not use water jet.

Special exposure hazards : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

Environmental precautions : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
6. Accidental release measures

Large spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by grounding and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient</th>
<th>Exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanol, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2008). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 104 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 40 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 167 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2008). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hour(s). TWA: 100 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). STEL: 40 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 165 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 100 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Engineering measures**: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

**Hygiene measures**: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Personal protection**

**Respiratory**: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hands**: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

**Eyes**: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

**Skin**: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Environmental exposure controls**: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9. Physical and chemical properties

**Physical state**: Liquid.

**Flash point**: Open cup: 61°C (141.8°F)

**Auto-ignition temperature**: Not available.

**Flammable limits**: Not available.

**Color**: Amber.

**Odor**: Solvents

**pH**: Not available.

**Boiling/condensation point**: Not available.

**Melting/freezing point**: Not available.

**Specific gravity**: 0.8916

**Vapor pressure**: <110 kPa (<825 mm Hg)

**Vapor density**: <1 [Air = 1]

**Odor threshold**: Not available.

**Evaporation rate**: Not available.

**Viscosity**: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 0.155 cm²/s (15.5 cSt)

**Solubility**: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

**Density**: 7.436 (lbs/gal)

**VOC content**: 5 % (w/w)
10. Stability and reactivity

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Conditions to avoid**: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

**Materials to avoid**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition products**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions**: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

**Acute toxicity**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product/ingredient name</th>
<th>Result</th>
<th>Species</th>
<th>Dose</th>
<th>Exposure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2-Pentanol, 4-methyl-</td>
<td>LD50 Oral</td>
<td>Rat</td>
<td>2590 mg/kg</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Ecological information

**Octanol/water partition coefficient**: Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal**: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulatory information</th>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Classes</th>
<th>PG*</th>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Additional information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DOT Classification</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMDG Class</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA-DGR Class</td>
<td>Not regulated.</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PG* : Packing group
15. Regulatory information

United States

HCS Classification: Combustible liquid
  Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations
  United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.
  SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: No products were found.
  SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: No products were found.
  SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-; 2-Pentanol, 4-methyl-
  SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification: 9-Octadecenoic acid (9Z)-: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard; 2-Pentanol, 4-methyl-: Fire hazard, Immediate (acute) health hazard

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: METHYL ISOBUTYL CARBINOL
New York: Not determined.
New Jersey: The following components are listed: METHYL AMYL ALCOHOL
Pennsylvania: The following components are listed: 2-PENTANOL, 4-METHYL-; 9-OCTADECENOIC ACID (Z)-
Rhode Island: Not determined.
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada): Class B-3: Combustible liquid with a flash point between 37.8°C (100°F) and 93.3°C (200°F).
  Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI: Not determined.
CEPA Toxic substances: Not determined.

Canada inventory: Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

International regulations

International lists
  Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
  China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
  Japan inventory: Not determined.
  Korea inventory: Not determined.
  New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
  Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Flammability</th>
<th>Physical hazards</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

4/14/2010.
16. Other information

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.  

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

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Date of issue: 4/14/2010.

Date of previous issue: No previous validation.

Version: 1

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.