Michigan Tax Preparer Handbook for Electronic Filing Programs

Individual Income Tax E-file 2012

Michigan Department of Treasury
www.MIfastfile.org
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CHAPTER 1
GENERAL INFORMATION

IMPORTANT ADDRESSES AND TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Michigan electronic filing (e-file) publications and forms are available on the Michigan Department of Treasury (Treasury) Web site at www.MIfastfile.org. For questions about the e-file program, contact the Michigan Electronic Filing Programs.

This contact information is for tax preparers and software developers only and enables Treasury to provide better service to authorized e-file providers. The e-file staff is unable to provide return status information, or address specific taxpayer account issues should an error occur on the Michigan return during mainframe processing. Treasury will communicate directly with the taxpayer through the regular error resolution process. Treasury will, however, discuss return situations with the tax preparer if the appropriate authorization box has been completed on the return.

E-file Coordinator and Mike Kelly, Manager
Michigan Electronic Filing Programs

Program Area, Testing, File Specifications, Nancy Agostini
and Record Layouts Mark Chambers

IIT e-file Contacts
Dan Shaw

E-mail MIefile2D@michigan.gov

Telephone (517) 636-4450

Michigan Relay Service 1-800-649-3777

Fax (517) 636-4378

Michigan Treasury Web Sites www.michigan.gov/taxes
www.michigan.gov/treasury
www.MIfastfile.org

Mailing Address Michigan Department of Treasury
P.O. Box 30679
Lansing, MI 48909

Internal Revenue Service (IRS) e-help Desk
1-866-255-0654
(Authorized e-file Providers only)

IRS Tax Help Line (individuals only) 1-800-829-1040
Staff is available Monday through Friday, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST, except State holidays. When leaving a message, give as much detail as possible so that e-file Programs staff can research the question(s) and have the answer(s) ready when they call back. Speak clearly and spell any difficult names.

Treasury does not recommend sending account-specific information over the Internet. Federal and State disclosure laws require that taxpayer privacy and confidential records that are filed with Treasury are protected. Therefore, Treasury will not send account-specific information over the Internet in response to an e-mail inquiry.

**E-mail LISTSERV for Tax Professionals**

The Treasury Tax Professionals LISTSERV is a free service that disseminates mass e-mail messages within seconds to all subscribers. To sign up to receive electronic communications on Treasury’s e-file programs, other information of interest, or for additional information, visit [www.MIfastfile.org](http://www.MIfastfile.org) and select Tax Preparer.

**E-file Resources**

Visit [www.MIfastfile.org](http://www.MIfastfile.org) for a list of e-file resources, how to find an e-file provider, and more information on free e-file services.

**Self Service Options**

Treasury offers a variety of services designed to assist taxpayers and most are available 24 hours a day, seven days a week. To obtain information about an account using the Internet and Telephone Options listed below, the following information from the return is needed:

- Social Security number (SSN) of the primary filer
- Tax year of the return
- Adjusted gross income (AGI) or total household resources
- Filing status.

**Internet Options**

Visit [www.michigan.gov/incometax](http://www.michigan.gov/incometax) to find the following information:

- Current year forms and instructions
- Answers to many tax preparation questions
- Most commonly used tax forms
- Free assistance in preparing tax returns
- Retirement, Pension, Interest, Dividends, Capital Gain Estimator
- Other tax resources.
Visit www.michigan.gov/iit to:

- Check the status of a return
- Check estimated payments made during the year
- Check the status of letters sent to Treasury
- Update an address
- Ask a specific question about an account.

This secure Web site was designed specifically to protect personal tax information.

**Telephone Options**

Treasury’s **Automated Information Service (517) 636-4486** phone system is used to:

- Request the status of a refund
- Check the status of a letter sent to Treasury
- Request information on estimated payments
- Order current tax year forms.

While most questions can be answered by the Automated Information Service, customer service representatives are available 8 a.m. to 4:45 p.m., Monday through Friday.

Assistance is available using TTY through the Michigan Relay Service by calling 1-800-649-3777 or 711. Printed material in an alternate format may be obtained by calling (517) 636-4486.

E-file returns are processed faster than paper returns. Allow 14 days before checking the status of the e-filed return by visiting www.michigan.gov/iit and clicking on “Check My Income Tax Info.”

**STATE OF MICHIGAN HOLIDAY SCHEDULE**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Holiday</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>November 6, 2012</td>
<td>Election Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 12, 2012</td>
<td>Veterans’ Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 22 and 23, 2012</td>
<td>Thanksgiving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 24 and 25, 2012</td>
<td>Christmas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 31, 2012</td>
<td>New Year’s Eve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 2013</td>
<td>New Year’s Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 21, 2013</td>
<td>Martin Luther King Jr.’s Birthday Observed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February 18, 2013</td>
<td>Presidents’ Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 27, 2013</td>
<td>Memorial Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>July 4, 2013</td>
<td>Independence Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>September 2, 2013</td>
<td>Labor Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 11, 2013</td>
<td>Veterans’ Day</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>November 28 and 29, 2013</td>
<td>Thanksgiving</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 24 and 25, 2013</td>
<td>Christmas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>December 31, 2013</td>
<td>New Year’s Eve</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 2014</td>
<td>New Year’s Day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CHAPTER 2
INCOME TAX

BENEFITS OF INCOME TAX E-FILE

- **Expanded services offered.** E-file is a valuable addition to a tax preparers’ list of client services, which can mean more clients. In addition, prospective clients can find an authorized e-file provider at [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov).

- **Faster refunds for e-file returns.** E-filed returns are processed faster than paper returns. Allow 14 days before checking the status of the e-filed return by visiting [www.michigan.gov/iit](http://www.michigan.gov/iit) and clicking on “Check My Income Tax Info.” Clients can also choose Direct Deposit and have their refunds deposited directly into their accounts at the financial institution of their choice.

- **Improved return accuracy.** Treasury processes the same data the tax preparer enters into the computer. Treasury computers automatically check the return for mistakes. When easy-to-fix mistakes, like a math error or a missing form are found, the return is sent back for correction. The error can be fixed and sent back to Treasury. This saves time and prevents a simple mistake from holding up a refund.

- **Detailed error conditions.** Modernized e-file (MeF) business rules pinpoint the location of the error in the return and provide complete information in the acknowledgement file that is passed back to the transmitter. MeF business rules use simple wording to clarify each error that triggers a rejection. Treasury will provide up to ten business rule errors per return.

- **Increased customer satisfaction.** Only tax preparers and their clients see the return. Tax information is encrypted and transmitted directly to the IRS and Michigan. Also, an acknowledgment is sent to verify the return was received and accepted for processing.

- **Prior Year Returns.** Tax returns for 2010, 2011, and 2012 will be accepted during the 2013 processing year. MeF will accept the current tax year and two prior tax years.

- **PDF Year Returns.** MeF accepts Portable Document Format (PDF) attachments with e-filed returns. (See page 15 for more information on attachments that will be accepted by Michigan.)

- **Authorization to discuss.** Treasury staff can see immediately if the taxpayer has granted authorization to discuss the return with the tax preparer. The delays of ordering paper returns and mailing correspondence are eliminated.
INTRODUCTION

Treasury has joined with the IRS to provide for electronic filing of income tax returns. The Fed/State e-file Program enables taxpayers to electronically file both federal and state returns through their tax preparers as part of the program’s effort to provide “one-stop shopping” for tax preparation and filing. The state standalone e-file Program enables taxpayers to electronically file their Michigan return separately from the federal return. Beginning January 22, 2012, Treasury will accept electronically transmitted Individual Income Tax (IIT) returns from all tax preparers and transmitters who have been accepted in the Fed/State e-file Program.

To optimize operation efficiency and improve customer service, Treasury has joined with the IRS by transitioning from the Electronic Management System (EMS) e-file program to the IRS Fed/State MeF program for filing IIT returns. MeF does not change the way tax preparers transmit e-file returns. For tax year 2012, Michigan will accept 2010, 2011, and 2012 income tax returns through the MeF program when supported by software.


HIGHLIGHTS AND IMPORTANT INFORMATION
FOR TAX YEAR 2012

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Amount</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tax Rate (annualized)</td>
<td>4.33%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal Exemption (annualized)</td>
<td>$3,763</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Exemption for Seniors</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Exemption for Disabled</td>
<td>$2,400</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child Care Deduction</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qualified Disabled Veteran Deduction</td>
<td>$300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pension Deduction</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Single Filer</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Born before 1946: private pension limit</td>
<td>$47,309</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Born 1946 through 1952</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Born after 1952, pension not deductible</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Jointly Filed</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Born before 1946: private pension limit</td>
<td>$94,618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Born 1946 through 1952</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Born after 1952, pension not deductible</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Interest, Dividend, and Capital Gains</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Single Filer (not available for senior born after 1945)</td>
<td>$10,545</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jointly Filed (not available for senior born after 1945)</td>
<td>$21,091</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**E-file Requirements**

Tax preparers who complete 11 or more income tax returns are required to e-file all eligible returns. Software developers producing tax preparation software or computer-generated forms must support e-file for all Michigan income tax forms that are included in the software package.

**Pension Limitations Based on Date of Birth**

MCL 206.30(8) defines “retirement or pension benefits.” MCL 206.30(9) provides limitations to the deduction, depending upon the birth year of the retiree, as well as filing status and marital status. Retirees are divided into three tiers based on date of birth of the taxpayer or the date of the oldest spouse on a joint return.

**Tier 1:** For a taxpayer born before 1946, there are no additional restrictions or limitations to the deduction allowed under MCL 206.30(1)(f).

**Tier 2:** For a taxpayer born in 1946 through 1952, the maximum pension deduction is $20,000 for a single return or $40,000 for a joint return. At age 67, the deduction is no longer restricted to pensions but can be applied to all income. This general deduction is sometimes referred to as a “standard deduction” because it is applied against all income.

**Tier 3:** For a taxpayer born after 1952, there is no pension deduction in 2012. All taxpayers in Tier 3 are eligible for the $20,000 single/$40,000 joint standard deduction upon reaching age 67.

**Legislative Changes to the Michigan Income Tax Act for Tax Year 2012**

Public Act 38 of 2011 significantly amended the Michigan income tax act effective January 1, 2012. Important changes that you should be aware of include the following:

**Homestead Property Tax Credit Changes:**

- *Homestead Property Tax Credit Claim* (MI-1040CR) form is now three pages; all three pages must be completed or the credit cannot be processed.

- Household income replaced by total household resources which excludes net losses from business (including farm), rental and royalties and also excludes net operating losses. (See page 23 of the MI-1040 Instruction Book for additional information.)

- Credit is subject to reduction phase-out with total household resources of $41,001 or greater; homesteads with total household resources exceeding $50,000 are not eligible for this credit.

- Homesteads with a taxable value over $135,000 are not eligible for this credit.
• New homestead status checkbox for homesteads that include unoccupied farmland classified as agricultural.

Senior credit reduction percentage reduced from 100 percent to 60 percent based on total household resources beginning at $21,001.

Decrease in Tax Rate and Increase in Exemption Allowance:

• Effective October 1, 2012, the income tax rate decreased from 4.35 percent to 4.25 percent. This equates to an annualized rate of 4.33 percent for tax year 2012.

• Effective October 1, 2012, the personal exemption allowance increased from $3,700 to $3,950. This results in an annualized exemption allowance of $3,763 for 2012. (See page 11 of the Individual Tax Return (MI-1040) Instruction Book for more information.)

Subtraction Changes:

• Significant retirement/pension subtraction changes based on taxpayer’s filing status and year of birth, requires inclusion of new Michigan Pension Schedule (Form 4884). (See page 15 of the MI-1040 Instruction Book for additional information.)

• Dividend/interest/capital gains deduction for seniors is now available only for those born prior to 1946.

• Removed miscellaneous deductions for political contributions, prizes won in state regulated bingo, raffle, and charity games, and charitable contributions from retirement plans.

• The Venture Capital Deduction cannot be claimed.

• May only subtract the net income (instead of gross income beginning in 2012) from Michigan oil and gas royalty interest or working interest that is subject to Michigan severance tax.

Exemptions No Longer Allowed:

• Special exemption for seniors age 65 or older

• $600 exemption for children 18 and under

• Special exemption for unemployment compensation equal to at least 50 percent of AGI.
NonRefundable Credits No Longer Allowed:

- City income tax
- Public contribution
- Contributions to homeless shelters, food banks, and community foundations
- Contributions to medical savings account
- Contributions to Individual or Family Development Program
- Film credit for wage withholding
- Vehicle donation
- College tuition and fees
- Credit for historic rehabilitation plans certified after December 31, 2011
- Renewable energy surcharge.

Refundable Credit Changes:

- Reduced Earned Income Tax Credit from 20 percent to 6 percent
- Removed the Qualified Adoption Expenses Credit
- Removed the Stillbirth Credit
- Removed the Energy Efficient Qualified Home Improvement Credit.

Schedule W Change

- Includes a section for Flow-Through Withholding (not eligible for e-file)

Amended Returns

- Beginning with tax year 2012 amended returns must be filed using Amended Income Tax Return (Form MI-1040X-12). All prior years must use MI-1040X. Amended returns received using the incorrect form will not be processed.
New Voluntary Contribution Fund

Special Olympics Michigan – Provide the power of sport through Special Olympics Michigan for children and adults with intellectual disabilities in Michigan communities. Our life changing programs highlight athlete abilities, break down barriers, teach life skills, and focus on dignity and respect. Special Olympics serve as a catalyst for social change to create more unified communities for everyone. Special Olympics is a volunteer based program located throughout the state serving nearly 20,000 athletes.

Special Situation for Retirees

Retirees, who owed $500 or less on their 2011 return (or filed no 2011 return because they had no filing obligation) should check the box on line 6 of the MI-1040.

Filing Extension Granted for Military Personnel Serving in a Combat Zone

United States military personnel serving in a combat zone on April 15, 2013, will be given 180 days after leaving the combat zone to file their federal and State tax returns and will be exempt from penalties and interest. “Combat Zone” should be entered for these returns in the Michigan Preparer Notes feature. Visit www.michigan.gov/taxes for more information.

General Information

The information from the W-2 and 1099 forms is entered in the software and transmitted with the e-file return. Do not mail W-2s, 1099s, or federal forms and schedules to Treasury. The Schedule W should be provided to the taxpayer with the printed copy of the return. Taxpayers claiming Michigan Flow-Through Withholding are not eligible for e-file.

For income tax returns, if the federal extension request was e-filed and there is no money due, tax preparers should retain a copy of the federal extension information in their file. Copies of the extension should not be mailed to Michigan. If money is due, either the federal or Michigan extension form must be mailed to Treasury along with the payment.

Taxpayers granted an extension to file their federal returns should enter “Federal Extension granted to MM-DD-YYYY” in the Michigan Preparer Notes field.
Michigan Income Tax Electronic Filing Calendar

For Tax Period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2013:

Note: Dates are subject to change.

Electronic Return Acceptance Period Identical to the IRS
Federal and State Software Testing Identical to the IRS
Transmitting Returns to the IRS and Treasury Identical to the IRS

E-file Payment Voucher (MI-1040-V) Payments Due April 15, 2013
Last Date to File Home Heating Credit (MI-1040CR-7) September 30, 2013
Last Date to Transmit Michigan Returns Electronically Identical to the IRS

State Program Data

Acknowledgment System

State Personal Assurance Testing Systems (PATS) Testing
State PATS Testing Required Software developers only

State Program Description

Type of e-file Program Fed/State and State Standalone
Number of State Taxpayers 5 million
Fed/State e-file Returns (2011) 3.6 million
E-File Refund Timeframe Faster refunds for e-file returns
Paper Refund Timeframe Considerably longer
Average State Refund (2011) $563.99
Direct Deposit Yes
Electronic Fund Withdrawals No
Balance Due Returns Yes
Direct Debit/Automatic Fund Withdrawals No
Michigan Signature Required No-Fed/State (linked)
Yes-State Standalone (unlinked)
Publications

The following publications provide information for tax professionals participating in the Fed/State e-file program.

**IRS Publications and Forms:** [www.irs.gov](http://www.irs.gov)

*Publication 1345 Handbook for Authorized IRS e-file Providers of Individual Income Tax Returns*

*Publication 1346 Electronic Return Specifications and Record Layout for Individual Income Tax Returns*

*Publication 1436 Test Package for Electronic Filing of Individual Income Tax Returns*

*Publication 3112 IRS e-file Application and Participation*

*Publication 4557 Safeguarding Taxpayer Data Guidelines*

*Publication 4600 Safeguarding Taxpayer Information*

Form 9325 Acknowledgment and General Information for Taxpayers Who File Returns Electronically

**Treasury Publications and Forms:** [www.MIfastfile.org](http://www.MIfastfile.org)

*Publication 3015 Michigan Tax Preparer Handbook for Electronic Filing Programs 2011*

*Michigan Individual Income Tax Declaration for Electronic Filing (Form MI-8453)*

*Michigan Individual Income Tax e-file Payment Voucher (Form MI-1040-V)*
FED/ STATE OR STATE-ONLY ELECTRONIC FILING

How Fed/State Electronic Filing Works

Tax preparers and transmitters accepted into the IRS e-file program may participate in the Fed/State e-file Program and file both the federal and State returns together in one transmission to the IRS Service Center. The IRS will acknowledge acceptance of the federal return and receipt of State data. The IRS acknowledgment record will indicate if a State return has been submitted. The State data will then be made available for retrieval by Treasury. After the State data is retrieved, it will be acknowledged and, if accepted, processed by Treasury.

Note: The IRS recommends if a state submission is linked to an IRS submission, sending the IRS submission first and, after it has been accepted, sending in the State submission.

How State Standalone (unlinked) Electronic Filing Works

The federal return does not have to be e-filed and accepted before e-filing the Michigan State Standalone return. However, the federal tax return should be computed before computing the Michigan tax return.

Tax preparers and transmitters accepted in the IRS e-file program may participate in the State Standalone e-file Program if it is supported by their software. Tax preparers will have to indicate in their software that it is a State Standalone filing. The IRS will perform minimal validation on the State return and issue an acknowledgment. If the return passes validation, the State data will be made available for retrieval by Treasury. After the data is retrieved, it will be acknowledged and, if accepted, processed by Treasury.

Treasury will acknowledge receipt of all returns retrieved from the IRS using the IRS State Acknowledgment Service. The transmitter should receive the Michigan acknowledgment within three days from the date the return is successfully transmitted to the IRS. The Electronic Transmitter Identification Number (ETIN) must be entered correctly in the software to act as a mailbox to receive acknowledgments.

All returns, whether e-filed or paper-filed, are subject to Michigan audit and can be delayed regardless of the acknowledgment code received. Returns are processed and refunds are issued daily.

Taxpayers who e-file returns with tax due are responsible for submitting payment of the balance due with Form MI-1040-V by April 15, 2013. Do not include Form MI-1040-V when mailing a paper return and payment. Form MI-1040-V is to be used only for e-file payments.
APPLICATION AND ACCEPTANCE PROCESS

Who May Participate

E-filing of Michigan returns is available to all individuals who have been accepted into the federal e-file program and who transmit returns to an IRS Service Center. The IRS mandates preparers filing 11 or more income tax returns to e-file those returns, with minor exceptions. Michigan would expect any preparer e-filing federal returns to also e-file the Michigan returns.

To participate, applicants must first apply to the IRS and be accepted. Individuals must register with IRS e-Services and create a new (or revised) IRS e-file application. Individuals can contact e-Help toll-free at 1-866-255-0654 for assistance with the IRS e-file application or if unable to register for e-Services.

Publication 3112 IRS e-file Application and Participation specifies the application process and requirements for federal participation. The definitions used by the IRS of the various categories of electronic filers, electronic return originators (EROs), transmitters, or software developers also applies for Michigan e-filing purposes.

Once accepted into the IRS e-file program, participation in Michigan’s e-file program is automatic. Treasury will use the EFIN assigned by the IRS. Michigan does not assign any additional identification numbers.

IRS regulations require paid tax preparers to use Preparer Tax Identification Numbers (PTINs) for all tax returns and refund claims. Visit the IRS Web site at www.irs.gov for more information.

To participate in the Fed/State and State Standalone e-file programs, e-filers must use software that has successfully completed the IRS and Michigan PATS. Confirm that the software chosen has been approved for Michigan and that the Michigan e-file program is operational before transmitting returns.

If, after acceptance, a tax preparer/transmitter or software company has production problems, Treasury reserves the right to suspend that tax preparer/software company for part or all of the remainder of the filing season.
The Michigan portion of an electronic return consists of data transmitted electronically and the supporting paper documents. The paper documents contain information that cannot be transmitted electronically, such as taxpayers’ signatures.

**Electronic Michigan Returns**

The following forms and schedules can be e-filed:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form/Schedule</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040</td>
<td>Individual Income Tax Return</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040CR</td>
<td>Homestead Property Tax Credit Claim</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040CR-2</td>
<td>Homestead Property Tax Credit Claim for Veterans and Blind People</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040CR-5</td>
<td>Farmland Preservation Tax Credit Claim</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule CR-5</td>
<td>Schedule of Taxes and Allocation to Each Agreement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040CR-7</td>
<td>Home Heating Credit Claim</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4976</td>
<td>Home Heating Credit Claim MI-1040CR-7 Supplemental</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-2210</td>
<td>Underpayment of Estimated Income Tax</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040D</td>
<td>Adjustment of Capital Gains and Losses</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-8949</td>
<td>Sales and Other Dispositions of Capital Assets</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040H</td>
<td>Schedule of Apportionment (e-file limited to six occurrences)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-4797</td>
<td>Adjustments of Gains and Losses From Sales of Business Property</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule 1</td>
<td>Additions and Subtractions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Schedule NR</td>
<td>Nonresident and Part-Year Resident Schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4013</td>
<td>Resident Tribal Member Annual Sales Tax Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4642</td>
<td>Voluntary Contribution Schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4884</td>
<td>Pension Schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4973</td>
<td>Pension Continuation Schedule</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3174</td>
<td>Direct Deposit of Refund</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** The information from the W-2 and 1099 form sis entered in the software and transmitted with the e-file return. Do not mail W-2 and/or 1099 forms to Treasury. All W-2 and 1099 information, when applicable, is required when submitting a State Standalone return.
IIT forms, line reference, and filing conditions where PDF attachments are accepted by Michigan.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form</th>
<th>Line</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>File Name</th>
<th>Required</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Other State Returns</td>
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<td>MI-1040 CR-2</td>
<td>21</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040CR-7</td>
<td>24</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All Forms</td>
<td>MI-1310</td>
<td>MI-1310.pdf</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

If it becomes necessary to supply Treasury with a paper copy of the return and the supporting documents, it must be assembled as noted in the MI-1040 Instruction Booklet including Form MI-8453, if applicable, attached last. Form MI-1040CR-7 should not be stapled to the return. Instead, it should be folded and left loose in the envelope. For additional information on how to complete and file paper returns, refer to page 6 of the MI-1040 Instruction booklet.

**Exclusions From E-file**

When the following forms are included, Form MI-1040 can be e-filed, but the forms listed below must be mailed to the address indicated on the form.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MI-1045</td>
<td>Application for Michigan Net Operating Loss Refund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Application for Extension of Time to File Michigan Tax Returns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1310</td>
<td>Claim for Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Michigan will accept e-file returns for deceased taxpayers. If a U.S. 1310 is required, that data must be included within the federal folder of the Michigan e-file return. When e-filing on behalf of a single, deceased taxpayer with a balance due federal return and a refund Michigan return, the Michigan return can be e-filed and the U.S. 1310 or *Claim for Refund Due a Deceased Taxpayer* (Form MI-1310 and required documents) included as a PDF attachment when supported by the software or mailed to Michigan.

The taxpayer is not eligible for e-file for the 2012 tax year if:

- Filing returns or forms listed as excluded in *Publication 1345*
- Filing Form MI-1040 and any of the following apply:
  - Prior year return(s) for tax year 2009 or prior
  - Not required to file a U.S. Form 1040 if filing Fed/State
• Filing Farmland Preservation Tax Credit (Form MI-1040CR-5) with more than 25 agreements
• Filing Sales and Other Dispositions of Capital Assets (Form MI-8949) with any of the following:
  o More than 18 short-term capital gains/losses
  o More than 24 long-term capital gains/losses
• Filing Form MI-4797 with any of the following:
  ▪ More than 16 sales/exchanges of property held over one year.
  ▪ More than 13 sales/exchanges of property held one year or less.
  ▪ More than 14 gains from disposition of property under Sections 1245, 1250, 1252, 1254, and 1255.
• Reporting Michigan FTW
• Filing the following Michigan forms:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Form</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3581</td>
<td>Michigan Historic Credit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040X</td>
<td>Amended Michigan Income Tax Return (2011 and prior)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1041</td>
<td>Fiduciary Income Tax Return</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Nonelectronic Portion of Michigan Returns**

The nonelectronic Michigan return consists of the following supporting documents:

• **Copies of other states’ returns for credit.** Copies should be retained in the taxpayer’s records when PDF attachments are not supported by the software.

• **Form MI-8453.** See the “Michigan E-file Signature Process” section of this Handbook for more information on Form MI-8453.

• **Form MI-1040-V.** If tax is due on an e-file return, the taxpayer must submit payment by check or money order by April 15, 2013, with Form MI-1040-V.

• **Copies of property tax bills.** Copies should be retained in the taxpayers’ records. Treasury may request copies to verify tax information.
• **Form MI-1040CR-5.** Farmland returns claiming unequal distribution of property taxes on jointly owned land must have a distribution statement signed by all owners. Part 2 of Form MI-1040CR-5 may be used for this purpose. Do **not** mail a copy of Form MI-1040CR-5 or the signed statement to Treasury. A copy of the signed statement should be retained to avoid reduction and/or denial of the credit. Treasury may request at a later date a copy of the signed statement to verify the unequal distribution claimed.

**MICHIGAN E-FILE SIGNATURE PROCESS**

The Michigan IIT e-file signature process is as follows:

- **For Fed/State Returns:**

  Michigan will accept the federal signature (Self-Select Personal Identification Number (PIN) or Practitioner PIN). Michigan does not require any additional signature documentation. If the taxpayer chooses to complete Form MI-8453, Treasury recommends the tax preparer retain it for six years. Do **not** mail this form to Treasury.

- **For State Standalone Returns:**

  State Standalone returns that are filed with or without Form MI-1040 can be signed using “shared secrets” or Form MI-8453 signature document. The shared secrets consist of the SSN(s), previous year’s AGI or Household Income (HHI), and the previous year’s tax due or refund amount. If Form MI-8453 is used, the tax preparer may retain a copy of Form MI-8453. Form MI-8453 should **not** be mailed to Treasury.

**Notes:** The AGI or HHI and refund or tax due amount must be from the previous year’s return. Treasury can accept this information from the original return, amended return, or return as corrected by Treasury.

If the return is signed using shared secrets and the return is rejected because the shared secrets do not match, the taxpayer/tax preparer may correct the shared secrets information and retransmit. There is no limit on how many times a State Standalone return can be retransmitted in this circumstance.

The signed Form MI-8453 may be filed with the paper return **for signature purposes only** if the taxpayer had not previously signed a copy of the paper return. The tax preparer should attach Form MI-8453 as the last sheet of paper and write on Form MI-8453 “for signature only.”
If a taxpayer chooses Direct Deposit and the return is subsequently rejected, they must make sure the Direct Deposit information is entered on Form MI-1040; or, if requesting Direct Deposit for a home heating credit refund, complete *Michigan Direct Deposit of Refund* (Form 3174) and submit it with the paper return.

**Declaration of Taxpayer**

After the return has been prepared and before the return is transmitted electronically, the taxpayer (and spouse, if a joint return) must verify the information on the return and sign and date Form MI-8453. The tax preparer or transmitter must provide the taxpayer with a copy of the Form. Tax preparers and EROs are prohibited from allowing taxpayers to sign a blank Form MI-8453.

** Corrections to Form MI-8453**

If the tax preparer or transmitter makes changes to the electronic return after the taxpayer has signed Form MI-8453 but before the data has been transmitted, the tax preparer or transmitter must have the taxpayer complete a corrected Form MI-8453 if the following conditions apply:

- Federal AGI differs from the amount on the electronic return by more than $25.
- The Michigan refund changes by more than $5.

Nonsubstantive changes are permissible on Form MI-8453, provided the tax preparer or the person making the corrections initials the changes.

**Volunteer Groups**

If a taxpayer chooses to complete Form MI-8453, it should be mailed to Treasury. Treasury recommends collecting all of the Forms MI-8453 and, at the end of the filing season, sending them to Treasury at the address included in the instructions for the form. Volunteer tax preparers may also provide taxpayers with their Forms MI-8453 and instruct them to mail it to Treasury. If located in a permanent facility, volunteer tax preparers may retain Forms MI-8453 on file as does a paid tax preparer.

**IMPORTANT REMINDERS FOR MICHIGAN RETURN PREPARATION**

**Direct Deposit**

The Direct Deposit information for federal and State can be different. This is especially important if there is a Rapid Refund or Refund Anticipation Loan (RAL), and the Michigan refund should not go towards repayment of the loan. Make sure this information is correct for both federal and State refunds. Tax preparers may want to request documentation from the taxpayer to verify the bank account information. (See Chapter 3 for additional information on Direct Deposit.)
Important! Treasury cannot make any changes to Direct Deposit information after the return is transmitted.

Direct Deposit requests associated with a foreign bank account are classified as International ACH Transactions (IAT). If an income tax refund Direct Deposit is forwarded or transferred to a financial institution in a foreign country, the Direct Deposit will be returned to Treasury. If this occurs, the refund will be converted to a check (warrant) and mailed to the address on the tax return. Taxpayers should contact their financial institutions for questions regarding the status of their bank account.

**Withholding**

Verify total Michigan withholding claimed on Schedule W, line 3, agrees with total Michigan tax withheld as reported on W-2 and 1099 forms. In most cases, the total withholding amount should not exceed $999,999. Be careful not to report federal withholding, other state withholding, or Federal Insurance Contributions Act (FICA) amounts as Michigan tax withheld.

**Form 1099-R Distribution Code**

The codes for pension subtractions from box 7 of Form 1099-R must be included in the federal record information. Distribution Code 1 (Early Distribution) is **not** an allowable subtraction on the Michigan return.

**Schedule 1**

Line 20 (Miscellaneous Subtractions) on Schedule 1 must include a description of the subtraction. “Miscellaneous” or “Misc.” is not acceptable. Include the federal schedule reference, such as “See U.S. Schedule R, line 19,” if applicable. The Preparer Notes field may be used for additional description information if necessary.

Line 9 on Schedule 1 should include compensation received for active duty in the U.S. Armed Forces only. Compensation from the U.S. Public Health Service is **not** considered military pay.

Gambling winnings reported on Form 1099G are **not** an allowable subtraction on Schedule 1.

**Homestead Property Tax Credit**

A taxpayer must be a Michigan resident for at least six months in 2012 to be eligible for the homestead property tax credit.

To verify accurate information and avoid processing delays and/or adjustment of the credit, Treasury recommends the taxpayer provide property tax statements to support the property taxes claimed on *Homestead Property Tax Credit Claim* (MI-1040CR).
Property taxes should not be estimated. Ad valorem taxes that were levied on the homestead in 2012, including collection fees up to 1 percent of the taxes, can be claimed no matter when they are paid. Most special assessments for drains, sewers, and roads do not meet specific tests and may not be included in the computation of the credit. Special assessments may be included only if they are levied using a uniform millage rate, are based on taxable value, and are either levied in the entire taxing jurisdiction or they are used to provide police, fire, or advanced life support services and are levied township-wide, except for all or a portion of a village.

Homeowners are required to enter the taxable value on Form MI-1040CR, line 9. Returns received without the taxable value for homeowners will be rejected on e-file business rule 201.

Verify the property taxes are entered on Form MI-1040CR, line 7.

Verify the rent paid on Form MI-1040CR, line 11, is equal to the monthly rent multiplied by 12, not the annual rent multiplied by 12.

2012 Custodial Party End of Year Statement (FEN-851) showing child support payments paid to the Friend of Court, enter the child support portion on Form MI-1040CR, line 22. A copy of FEN-851 should be included with the e-file return as a PDF attachment.

Farmland Preservation Tax Credit

It may be helpful to ask the taxpayer to provide copies of the agreements being claimed to verify information and avoid processing delays.

Multiple names on property tax statements indicate joint ownership. Returns filed claiming joint ownership must have the signed distribution statement for all other owners. Tax preparers should retain a copy of the signed statement in their records. Do not mail the signed Form MI-1040CR-5 to Treasury. To avoid the credit being reduced or denied at a later date, the tax preparer must be able to provide a copy of the signed statement upon request.

Farmland agreement numbers consist of:

- **County Code:** First two-digits of the agreement number.
- **Contract Number:** The middle set of numbers between the county code and the expiration date. This number may or may not include a letter depending on if the agreement has been split.
- **Expiration Date:** Last six-digits of the agreement number. The first four-digits are always “1231.” The last two-digits are the year the agreement expires. Item 7 in the agreement shows the expiration date.
**Property Development Rights**

Taxpayers filing Property Development Rights (PDR) on Form MI-1040CR-5/Schedule CR-5 are eligible for e-file. A PDR is an easement purchased from the landowner by the Michigan Department of Agriculture on behalf of the State of Michigan to protect prime farmland from development.

PDR numbers will begin with the county code where the land is located, followed by the purchase number (always begins with “PR”), followed by the date “123199.” The “123199” date is used as a default date for e-file purposes only; a PDR does not have an expiration date (e.g.19-PR2625-123199).

**Preparer Notes**

Software may include a Preparer Notes field for the State return. The purpose of this field is to capture additional descriptive information from lines that did not have sufficient space. Descriptions should only be placed here when necessary. Information should be identified by the form and line number.

Tax preparers are encouraged to utilize the Preparer Notes feature when supported by the software.

If e-filing both the federal and State returns at the same time, Treasury can view information that is entered in the Preparer Notes field for the federal return. Using the Preparer Notes fields for both federal and State returns may reduce the need for Treasury to write to the taxpayer for additional information.

The federal Preparer Notes field can contain up to 4,000 data characters. The Michigan Preparer Notes field can contain up to 56 characters. Information in the Preparer Notes field should be identified by the form and line number.

Examples of information that can be included in the Preparer Notes field:

- “Combat Zone” if taxpayer is serving in a combat zone
- “Federal Extension granted to MM-DD-CCYY” if taxpayer has been granted an extension to file his or her federal return
- Explanation of a large subtraction
- Explanation of a miscellaneous subtraction
- Explanation of how a property tax credit is being filed when return is “Married filing separate,” especially when spouses maintain separate addresses
- Explanation of a property tax credit and/or home heating credit claim when two or more taxpayers are sharing a home
• Explanation of how taxpayer met expenses when total household resources is very low
• Explanation if using a mailing address other than taxpayer’s residence
• City of Toledo tax
• Co-owners share of property taxes
• Explanation of multiple credits filed from the same address
• Explanation of multiple family dwellings
• Explanation of taxpayers paying room and board/property tax credits
• Farmland agreement number reduced for exception by percent
• Farmland signed distribution on file
• Identify where prior year farmland refund is included on federal return.

Safeguarding the E-file Program From Abuse and Fraud

All authorized e-file providers must be diligent in recognizing and preventing fraud and abuse in the e-file program. Neither the IRS, Michigan, nor the program participants benefit when fraud or allegations of abuse tarnish the integrity and reputation of the program. Providers with problems involving fraud and abuse may be suspended or expelled from participation in Michigan’s e-file program, be assessed civil and preparer penalties, or be subject to legal action. Refer to IRS Publication 4557 Safeguarding Taxpayer Data, A Guide for Your Business, and Publication 4600 Safeguarding Taxpayer Information.

TRANSMITTING THE MICHIGAN ELECTRONIC RETURN

The ERO, tax preparer, and/or electronic transmitter must follow all electronic transmitting procedures, communication requirements, and technical specifications required by the IRS as defined in Publication 1345 to transmit the State electronic return with or without the federal return.

Where to Transmit Fed/State and State Standalone Returns

Participants must confirm with their software developers or direct transmitters that the software has been accepted for transmitting the returns to the IRS Service Center. Participants should also confirm that the Michigan e-file portion of the software program is operational before transmitting returns.

Important! The ETIN must be entered correctly in the software to act as a mailbox to receive acknowledgments. Michigan cannot post acknowledgments into unidentified mailboxes.
Acknowledgment of Electronic Returns

Michigan uses the IRS State Acknowledgment Service. The Michigan acknowledgment informs transmitters that the Michigan return data has been received. The Michigan acknowledgment is separate from the federal acknowledgment (Refer to IRS Web site for IRS rejection and error code explanation).

If a federal return is rejected, the accompanying Michigan return will also be rejected. If the error is one that can be corrected, both return records may be retransmitted to the IRS. Do not assume that an acknowledgment from the IRS is a guarantee of receipt by Michigan.

Under normal processing conditions, the Michigan acknowledgment file is available to a transmitter within three business days of successful transmission to the IRS. Transmitters who transmit for EROs and tax preparers must notify taxpayers of the Michigan acknowledgment at the time of receipt.

Michigan tax due returns are considered timely filed if the federal and State returns are originally transmitted to the IRS by April 15, 2013. Payments must be submitted with Form MI-1040-V and postmarked no later than April 15, 2013.

Status Codes Received from Michigan Department of Treasury

Treasury will perform certain checks on the State return during the acceptance process. All returns, whether e-filed or paper-filed, are subject to Michigan audit, and can be delayed regardless of the acknowledgment code given. Should an error occur on the Michigan return during processing, Treasury will communicate directly with the taxpayer through the regular error resolution process. Treasury will discuss return situations with the preparer if the appropriate authorization box has been completed on the return.

Acceptance Status:

**Accepted**  Electronic return was accepted, will be reviewed, and processed. All electronic filed returns are subject to Michigan audit and can be delayed regardless of the status code given.

**Rejected**  Electronic return was rejected. If the Michigan return was rejected, a Rule Number which describes the reason for the rejection will be provided. If the Michigan return is rejected, it can be retransmitted as a State Standalone (unlinked) return. If the return was rejected the preparer may correct the error and retransmit the return. There is no limit on how many times a State Standalone (unlinked) return can be retransmitted.
The IIT e-file Business Rules (rejection codes and descriptions) are posted in a separate document on Treasury’s Web site at [www.MIfastfile.org](http://www.MIfastfile.org), under the Tax Preparer tab.

**Michigan Individual Income Tax E-File Payment Voucher**

**FORM MI-1040-V**

Michigan will accept e-file returns with a balance due at any time during the e-file processing season. Tax preparers must furnish Form MI-1040-V to a taxpayer who e-files a return with a balance due. Instructions for completing and mailing Form MI-1040-V are located on the form.

Tax preparers must inform taxpayers that payment of taxes due should be made no later than April 15, 2013.

**Important!** To ensure timely posting of payments, use Form MI-1040-V only for e-file returns. Do not use Form MI-1040-V to make other payments to the State of Michigan. Do not include Form MI-1040-V when mailing a paper return and payment.

**RESPONSIBILITIES OF ELECTRONIC FILERS, TRANSMITTERS, AND EROs**

E-filers, transmitters, and EROs must abide by the terms set forth in the *Michigan Handbook* and must maintain a high degree of integrity, compliance, and accuracy to continue to participate in the Fed/State and State Standalone e-file programs.

**Program Compliance**

All e-filers must comply with the requirements and specifications set forth in IRS *Publications 1345*, and *1346*; the *Michigan Handbook*; and the *E-file Software Developer Guide, Michigan Income Tax for 2012*.

**Timeliness of Filing**

Transmitters must ensure electronic returns are transmitted timely. The date of transmission to the IRS will be considered the filing date for a Michigan return, providing the return was accepted. If a rejected return is corrected and retransmitted within two to three days of the original transmission, then the original transmission date is still considered the filing date. For the 2012 tax year, tax due returns will be considered timely filed if the original federal and Michigan returns have been transmitted on or before April 15, 2013.

Transmitters should confirm that Michigan has issued an acknowledgment of the State return before considering the State filing complete.
**Tax Preparers’ Responsibility to Clients**

Tax preparers have been entrusted with the task of filing a client’s tax return and must assume the responsibility of ensuring the return arrives at Treasury. In the event the e-filed State return fails to arrive or is rejected and cannot be retransmitted, tax preparers must notify their clients to file a paper return.

**Changes on the Return**

New

If corrections must be made once the 2012 tax return has been accepted and acknowledged, the taxpayer must file Form MI-1040X-12 on paper.

**Acknowledgment of the Michigan Return**

Michigan acknowledgments are issued through the IRS State Acknowledgment Service.

Once Treasury has acknowledged an electronic return, transmitters are required to notify their EROs of acceptance within five business days.

**Transmitters and EROs must advise taxpayers** that e-file returns are usually processed within 14 business days. Allow 14 days before checking the status of an e-filed return by visiting [www.michigan.gov/iit](http://www.michigan.gov/iit) and clicking on “Check My Income Tax Info.”

Treasury will discuss any inquiries regarding a return with errors with the taxpayer or agent who has a power of attorney on file for the year in question.
CHAPTER 3
DIRECT DEPOSIT

BENEFITS OF DIRECT DEPOSIT

Michigan taxpayers can elect to have their 2012 Michigan income tax refunds directly deposited into their checking or savings accounts. When filing electronically, Direct Deposit is part of the electronic record.

Direct Deposit is:

- **Convenient.** The refund is deposited directly into the taxpayer’s account at the financial institution of their choice.

- **Safe.** Refunds made by Direct Deposit are never lost or stolen.

- **Reliable.** Refunds are deposited electronically, even when taxpayers are on vacation or traveling on business.

- **Confidential.** On average, fewer people will see a taxpayer’s account information with Direct Deposit than with paper checks.

Treasury will not honor Direct Deposit requests made by persons who owe individual or business taxes or have another State or federal debt that would result in their refunds being offset. This includes third-party debts such as child support, garnishments, or levies.

Michigan is not responsible for the misapplication of a Direct Deposit that is caused by error, negligence, or malfeasance on the part of the taxpayer, ERO, transmitter, software developer, financial institution, or any of their agents.

The authorization for Direct Deposit is voluntary and must be renewed yearly.

An e-filer who functions as an ERO must:

- Ensure the taxpayer is aware of the general information regarding a Direct Deposit.

- Not charge a separate fee for Direct Deposit.

- Accept a Direct Deposit election to the financial institution designated by the taxpayer.

**Note:** Some smaller financial institutions may not accept Direct Deposit payments. The taxpayer or ERO should contact the financial institution to verify its capability to accept Direct Deposit transfers if unsure of the financial institution’s Direct Deposit capabilities.
• Ensure that a taxpayer electing Direct Deposit meets the eligibility requirements. The taxpayer must provide proof of account from the financial institution the taxpayer designates to receive the Direct Deposit. This information is best obtained from official financial institution records, account cards, checks, or share drafts that contain the taxpayer’s name and address. The account must be in the taxpayer’s name.

• Direct Deposit requests associated with a foreign bank account are classified as IAT. If an income tax refund Direct Deposit is forwarded or transferred to a financial institution in a foreign country, the Direct Deposit will be returned to Treasury. If this occurs, the refund will be converted to a check (warrant) and mailed to the address on the tax return. Taxpayers should contact their financial institutions for questions regarding the status of their bank account.

• Verify the Direct Deposit information on Form MI-1040 or Form 3174 (if a paper filing becomes necessary) is correct and is the information transmitted with the electronic portion of the return.

• Enter the number from left to right and leave unused boxes blank. Include hyphens but omit spaces and special symbols. The Routing Transit Number (RTN) is usually found between these symbols: | | and | |. The sample check above shows where the RTN and account number may appear.

• The RTN must be nine-digits. If the first two-digits are not “01” through “12” or “21” through “32,” the Direct Deposit will be rejected and a refund check will be sent to the address as filed on the return.

• Michigan tax preparers may recognize a valid Michigan RTN because it generally begins with “07” or “27,” which is the Federal Reserve District that Michigan is in. “07” is for banks and “27” is for credit unions. Upper Peninsula banks may have “09” or “29.”

• Ensure the Direct Deposit of refund for Michigan is not deposited in an RAL account for the federal refund.
Important! Advise the taxpayer that once an electronic return has been accepted for processing by the State, the Direct Deposit election cannot be rescinded. The RTN of the financial institution or the bank account number cannot be changed.

If Form MI-1040CR-7 is filed, it is important that box 5 (Are heating costs included in rent?) be clearly marked either Yes or No. Box 5 should be marked Yes, if:

- Heating costs are currently included in rent, or
- Heat service is in someone else’s name.

When marked Yes, the taxpayer will receive a refund and may choose Direct Deposit instead of receiving a paper check.

If box 5 is marked No, a State of Michigan energy draft will be issued. Energy drafts must be redeemed at the taxpayer’s utility company; therefore, Direct Deposit is not available.

Problems With Direct Deposit

If Treasury is unable to honor a request for Direct Deposit, a refund check (warrant) will be mailed to the taxpayer’s address on the return. Following are some reasons for not honoring a Direct Deposit request:

- The taxpayer’s account was closed after the Direct Deposit request was submitted.

- The taxpayer asked to have the refund deposited into a foreign financial institution or foreign branch of a U.S. financial institution. The State of Michigan can only make Direct Deposits to accounts in U.S. financial institutions that are located in the United States.

- The taxpayer or spouse owes a debt to the State of Michigan or to a third party that requires the State to retain all or part of the refund. Treasury must satisfy this debt before issuing any remaining refund. Examples of third-party debts include child support arrearages and debts covered by a garnishment served against the refund or credit. If this situation occurs, the taxpayer will receive a letter stating the refund amount and to which debt it was applied. Depending upon the amount of the debt, there could be no remaining refund.

- The financial institution returns the Direct Deposit because an incorrect RTN or account number was entered on the electronic record.

Treasury limits the number of deposits that can be made into any one account. Therefore, Michigan is not able to process returns when a refund is deposited into the Rush Visa Card account referenced at www.rushcard.com/index.aspx. Participation in this program would significantly delay clients’ refunds.
Any assistance in discouraging taxpayers from participating in the Rush Visa Card program in Michigan would be appreciated. If the volume of accounts using this service is too large, Treasury would have to look at the possibility of issuing paper refunds to any returns with this account number listed on the return. Treasury appreciates all cooperation in this matter.

**Important!** Taxpayers should review their monthly statements or contact their financial institutions for Direct Deposit verification. When attempting to locate a Direct Deposit, taxpayers should request their financial institutions research savings, checking, or other accounts before contacting their tax preparers or Treasury.
## APPENDIX

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table A</th>
<th>Home Heating Credit Standard Allowance</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Table B</td>
<td>Exemptions and Maximum Income for the Alternate Credit Computation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Table C</td>
<td>Maximum Allowable Pension Deduction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-8453</td>
<td>Michigan Individual Income Tax Declaration for E-file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MI-1040-V</td>
<td>Michigan Individual Income Tax E-file Payment Voucher</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form 3174</td>
<td>Michigan Direct Deposit of Refund</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2012 Income Tax Forms and Instruction Booklets</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### TABLE A

**2011 Home Heating Credit Standard Allowance**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Your Exemptions (from line 11i)</th>
<th>Standard Allowance</th>
<th>Income Ceiling</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 or 1</td>
<td>$431</td>
<td>$12,299</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$584</td>
<td>$16,671</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$736</td>
<td>$21,014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>$888</td>
<td>$25,357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>$1,041</td>
<td>$29,728</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>$1,193</td>
<td>$34,071</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>+ $152 for each exemption over 6</td>
<td></td>
<td>+ $4,343 for each exemption over 6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### TABLE B

**Exemptions and Maximum Income for the Alternate Credit Computation**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Your Exemptions (from line 11i)</th>
<th>Maximum Income</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 or 1</td>
<td>$13,317</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>$17,920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>$22,527</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 or more</td>
<td>$23,618</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### TABLE C

**2012 Maximum Allowable Pension Deduction**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year of Birth</th>
<th>Filing Status Single or Married Filing Separately as of 12/31/2012</th>
<th>Filing Status Married Filing Jointly as of 12/31/2012</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Prior to 1/1/1946</td>
<td>$47,309</td>
<td>$94,618</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Between 1/1/1946-12/13/1952</td>
<td>$20,000</td>
<td>$40,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On or after 1/1/1953</td>
<td>$0</td>
<td>$0</td>
</tr>
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</table>