1. Identification of the substance/preparation and company/undertaking

Product name: Mitsubishi MOC Diamond ATF SP III
SDS no.: 406381
Use of the substance/preparation: Automatic transmission fluid
For specific application advice see appropriate Technical Data Sheet or consult our company representative.
Supplier: Nordic Lubricants A/S
Sluseholmen 2-4
2450 København SV
Denmark

Emergency Telephone Number: Carechem: -44 (0) 1235 239 670 (24 h)
E-mail address: MSDSadvice@bp.com

2. Hazards identification

This preparation is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC as amended and adapted.

Environmental hazards: Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment. See sections 11 and 12 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms and environmental hazards.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Highly refined base oil (IP 346 DMSO extract < 3%). Proprietary performance additives.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical name</th>
<th>CAS no.</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>EINECS / ELINCS</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alkyl phosphites</td>
<td>None assigned.</td>
<td>0.1 - 1</td>
<td>424-820-7</td>
<td>Xn; R21</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>C; R34</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>N; R50/53</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See section 16 for the full text of the R-phrases declared above
Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in section 8.

4. First-aid measures

Eye contact: In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with a copious amount of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
Skin contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention if irritation develops.
Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Get medical attention if symptoms appear.
Ingestion: Do NOT induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If large quantities of this material are swallowed, call a physician immediately.

Notes to physician: Treatment should in general be symptomatic and directed to relieving any effects.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable: In case of fire, use foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide extinguisher or spray.
Not suitable: Do not use water jet.
Hazardous decomposition products: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides
Unusual fire/explosion hazards: None identified.
Special fire-fighting procedures: None identified.
Protection of fire-fighters: Fire-fighters should wear self-contained positive pressure breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.
6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions**
No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

**Environmental precautions**
Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

**Large spill**
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spill product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

**Small spill**
Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up, or absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

**Handling**
Wash thoroughly after handling.

**Storage**
Keep container tightly closed. Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

**Not suitable**
Prolonged exposure to elevated temperature.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Ingredient name**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Occupational exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Base oil - unspecified</td>
<td><strong>G.0.1 Grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer (Denmark).</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GV: 1 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Oil mist, mineral oil particles (1994)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**ACGIH TLVs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ingredient name</th>
<th>Occupational exposure limits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Base oil - unspecified</td>
<td><strong>ACGIH (United States).</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Oil mist, mineral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). Form: Oil mist, mineral</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Where there are no regulatory exposure limits, for information and guidance, the ACGIH values are included.

For further information on these please consult your supplier.

Whilst specific OELs for certain components may be shown in this section, other components may be present in any mist, vapour or dust produced. Therefore, the specific OELs may not be applicable to the product as a whole and are provided for guidance only.

**Exposure controls**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Occupational exposure controls</th>
<th>Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the relevant airborne concentrations below their respective occupational exposure limits.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>All chemicals should be assessed for their risks to health and appropriate control measures put in place to prevent or adequately control exposure. A hierarchy of control measures exists (e.g. elimination, substitution, general ventilation, containment, systems of work, changing the process or activity) that must be considered before use of personal protective equipment. Personal protective equipment should conform to appropriate standards, be suitable for use, be kept in good condition and properly maintained. Your supplier of personal protective equipment should be consulted for advice on selection and appropriate standards. For further information contact your national organisation for standards.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The final choice of protective equipment will depend upon a risk assessment. It is important to ensure that all items of personal protective equipment are compatible.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hygiene measures**

| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. |

**Personal protective equipment**

| Respiratory protection | Respiratory protective equipment is not normally required where there is adequate natural or local exhaust ventilation to control exposure. In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Respiratory protective equipment must be checked to ensure it fits correctly each time it is worn. Air-filtering respirators, also called air-purifying respirators, will not be adequate under conditions of oxygen deficiency (i.e. low oxygen concentration), and would not be considered suitable where airborne concentrations of chemicals with a significant hazard are present. In these cases air-supplied breathing apparatus will be required. Provided an air-filtering/air-purifying respirator is suitable, a filter for particulates can be used for mist or fume. Use filter type P or comparable standard. A combination filter for particles and organic gases and vapours (boiling point >65°C) may be required if vapour or abnormal odour is also present due to high product temperature. Use filter type AP or comparable standard. |

| Hand protection | None required; however, use of gloves is good industrial practice. |
| Eye protection  | Safety glasses with side shields. |
| Skin and body  | None required; however, use of protective clothing is good industrial practice. |
9. Physical and chemical properties

**General information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Physical state</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Red.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>Oily</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Important health, safety and environmental information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Flash point</td>
<td>Open cup: &gt;175°C (&gt;347°F) [Cleveland.]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Viscosity</td>
<td>Kinematic: 35 mm²/s (35 cSt) at 40°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Kinematic: &gt;7 mm²/s (&gt;7 cSt) at 100°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pour point</td>
<td>&lt;-40 °C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Density</td>
<td>860 kg/m³ (0.86 g/cm³) at 15°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Partition coefficient</td>
<td>&gt;3 (LogKow)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10. Stability and reactivity

**Stability**

- The product is stable. Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid**

- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

**Materials to avoid**

- Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials.

**Hazardous decomposition products**

- Combustion products may include the following:
  - carbon oxides
- Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11. Toxicological information

**Acute toxicity**

- Unlikely to cause more than transient stinging or redness if accidental eye contact occurs.
- Unlikely to cause harm to the skin on brief or occasional contact but prolonged or repeated exposure may lead to dermatitis.
- Unlikely to cause harm if accidentally swallowed in small doses, though larger quantities may cause nausea and diarrhoea.
- At normal ambient temperatures this product will be unlikely to present an inhalation hazard because of its low volatility. May be harmful by inhalation if exposure to vapour, mists or fumes resulting from thermal decomposition products occurs.

**Chronic toxicity**

**Effects and symptoms**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Organ</th>
<th>Health hazards identified</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eyes</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ingestion</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12. Ecological information

**Persistence/degradability**

- Inherently biodegradable.

**Mobility**

- Spillages may penetrate the soil causing ground water contamination.

**Bioaccumulative potential**

- This product is not expected to bioaccumulate through food chains in the environment.

**Environmental hazards**

- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

**Other ecological information**

- Spills may form a film on water surfaces causing physical damage to organisms. Oxygen transfer could also be impaired.

13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal Consideration / Waste information**

- The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Unused product**

**European waste catalogue (EWC)**

13 02 05* mineral-based non-chlorinated engine, gear and lubricating oils

However, deviation from the intended use and/or the presence of any potential contaminants may require an alternative waste disposal code to be assigned by the end user.
14. Transport information

International transport regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Regulatory information</th>
<th>UN number</th>
<th>Proper shipping name</th>
<th>Class</th>
<th>PG*</th>
<th>Label</th>
<th>Additional information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ADR/RID Classification</td>
<td>3082</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkyl phosphites)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td></td>
<td>Hazard identification number 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADNR Classification</td>
<td>3082</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkyl phosphites)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
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<tr>
<td>IMDG Classification</td>
<td>3082</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkyl phosphites)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IATA/ICAO Classification</td>
<td>3082</td>
<td>ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Alkyl phosphites)</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>III</td>
<td></td>
<td>-</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

PG* : Packing group
UK Emergency Action Code: 3Z
ADR Classification code M6

15. Regulatory information

Classification and labelling have been performed according to EU directives 1999/45/EC and 67/548/EEC as amended and adapted.

Label requirements

- Hazard symbol or symbols

Indication of danger
General symbol: Dangerous for the environment

Risk phrases
R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases
S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

Other regulations

Inventories
- Europe inventory: At least one component is not listed in EINECS but all such components are listed in ELINCS. Please contact your supplier for information on the inventory status of this material.
- United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.
- Australia inventory (AICS): Not determined.
- Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.
- China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ENCS): All components are listed or exempted.
- Korea inventory (KECI): All components are listed or exempted.
- Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

16. Other information

Full text of R-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3
R21- Harmful in contact with skin.
R34- Causes burns.
R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.
R51/53- Toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

History
Date of issue 10/12/2007.
Date of previous issue No Previous Validation.
Prepared by Product Stewardship Group

Notice to reader
Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.
All reasonably practicable steps have been taken to ensure this data sheet and the health, safety and environmental information contained in it is accurate as of the date specified below. No warranty or representation, express or implied is made as to the accuracy or completeness of the data and information in this data sheet.

The data and advice given apply when the product is sold for the stated application or applications. You should not use the product other than for the stated application or applications without seeking advice from us.

It is the user’s obligation to evaluate and use this product safely and to comply with all applicable laws and regulations. The BP Group shall not be responsible for any damage or injury resulting from use, other than the stated product use of the material, from any failure to adhere to recommendations, or from any hazards inherent in the nature of the material. Purchasers of the product for supply to a third party for use at work, have a duty to take all necessary steps to ensure that any person handling or using the product is provided with the information in this sheet. Employers have a duty to tell employees and others who may be affected of any hazards described in this sheet and of any precautions that should be taken.