The Construction (Health, Safety and Welfare) Regulations 1996 (CHSW Regulations) are a set of modern and simplified construction regulations, which also include some important new provisions arising from the implementation of an EC Directive on construction (92/57/EEC). These Regulations completed the implementation of the Directive which was started by the introduction of the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 1994.
The CHSW Regulations explain the detailed ways of working in construction activities, for example, using access equipment or support for excavations. Most of the Regulations, including those arising from the Directive, update already well known requirements. They cover most construction activities. However, lifting operations are not included, and are dealt with separately in the Lifting Operations and Lifting Equipment Regulations 1998.

The Regulations are aimed at protecting the health, safety and welfare of everyone who carries out construction work. They also give protection to other people who may be affected by the work.

This leaflet is for employers, employees and the self-employed working in construction. It:

- describes how you are affected by the Regulations;
- summarises the main points of the Regulations and highlights some of the more complex activities;
- explains the new requirements brought about as a result of the Directive;
- tells you where to get more guidance and further information.

A guidance booklet, *Health and safety in construction* describes practical ways of complying with the Regulations, and can be obtained from HSE Books.
HOW THE CHSW REGULATIONS AFFECT YOU

Who has duties under the Regulations?

The main duty-holders under these Regulations are employers, the self-employed and those who control the way in which construction work is carried out. Employees too have duties to carry out their own work in a safe way. Also, anyone doing construction work has a duty to cooperate with others on matters of health and safety and report any defects to those in control.

What are these duties?

- **SAFE PLACES OF WORK** (REGULATION 5)

  - A *general duty to ensure a safe place of work and safe means of access to and from that place of work.*

  This Regulation sets out a general requirement which applies to all construction work. It applies equally to places of work in the ground, at ground level and at height. In essence it requires
that ‘reasonably practicable’ steps should be taken to provide for safety and to ensure risks to health are minimised. This means that action to be taken should be proportionate to the risk involved.

■ PRECAUTIONS AGAINST FALLS (REGULATIONS 6 AND 7)

- Prevent falls from height by physical precautions or, where this is not possible, provide equipment that will arrest falls;
- Ensure there are physical precautions to prevent falls through fragile materials;
- Erect scaffolding, access equipment, harnesses and nets under the supervision of a competent person;
- Ensure there are criteria for using ladders.

Falls account for more than half of the fatal accidents in construction. The aim of the Regulations is to prevent falls from any height, but there are specific steps to be taken for work over two metres high.

1. Above this height, where work cannot be done safely from the ground, the first objective is to provide physical safeguards to prevent falls. Where possible, means of access and working places should be of sound construction and capable of safely supporting both people and the materials needed for the work. Guard rails and toe boards or an equivalent standard of protection should be provided at any edge from which people could fall.

2. Sometimes it is either not possible to provide the above safeguards or the work is of such short duration or difficulty that it would not be reasonably practicable to do so. In these circumstances, consider using properly installed personnel equipment such as rope access or boatswain’s chairs.
3 If, for the same reasons these methods of work cannot be used, it will be necessary to consider equipment which will arrest falls, ie safety harnesses or nets with associated equipment. Scaffolds, personnel harnesses and net equipment have to be erected or installed under the supervision of a competent person.

■ FALLING OBJECTS (REGULATION 8)

- Where necessary to protect people at work and others, take steps to prevent materials or objects from falling;
- Where it is not reasonably practicable to prevent falling materials, take precautions to prevent people from being struck, eg covered walkways;
- Do not throw any materials or objects down from a height if they could strike someone;
- Store materials and equipment safely.

The first objective is to prevent materials or objects from falling in circumstances where they could strike someone. Only where it is not reasonably practicable to do so, should other means, eg covered walkways, be used.

■ WORK ON STRUCTURES (REGULATIONS 9, 10, AND 11)

- Prevent accidental collapse of new or existing structures or those under construction;
- Make sure any dismantling or demolition of any structure is planned and carried out in a safe manner under the supervision of a competent person;
- Only fire explosive charges after steps have been taken to ensure that no one is exposed to risk or injury from the explosion.
Every year there are structural collapses which have the potential to cause serious accidents. The CHSW Regulations set a high standard to prevent collapses which involves taking into account the hazard during the planning stage. Demolition or dismantling are recognised as high risk activities. In any cases where this work presents a risk of danger to anyone, it should be planned and carried out under the direct supervision of a competent person.

■ **EXCAVATIONS, COFFERDAMS AND CAISSONS (REGULATIONS 12 AND 13)**

- Prevent collapse of ground both in and above excavations;
- Identify and prevent risk from underground cables and other services;
- Ensure cofferdams and caissons are properly designed, constructed and maintained.

From the outset, and as work progresses, any excavation which has the potential to collapse unless supported, should have suitable equipment immediately available to provide such support.

Underground cables and services can also be a source of danger. These should be identified before work starts and positive action taken to prevent injury.
### PREVENTION OR AVOIDANCE OF DROWNING (REGULATION 14)

- Take steps to prevent people from falling into water or other liquid so far as is reasonably practicable;
- Ensure that personal protective and rescue equipment is immediately available for use and maintained, in the event of a fall;
- Make sure safe transport by water is under the control of a competent person.

This Regulation is self-explanatory.

### TRAFFIC ROUTES, VEHICLES, DOORS AND GATES (REGULATIONS 15, 16 AND 17)

- Ensure construction sites are organised so that pedestrians and vehicles can **both** move safely and without risks to health;
- Make sure routes are suitable and sufficient for the people or vehicles using them;
- Prevent or control the unintended movement of any vehicle;
- Make arrangements for giving a warning of any possible dangerous movement, eg reversing vehicles;
- Ensure safe operation of vehicles including prohibition of riding or remaining in unsafe positions;
- Make sure doors and gates which could present danger, eg trapping risk of powered doors and gates, are provided with suitable safeguards.
Regulation 15 (traffic routes), derives largely from the European Directive. However, the principles are well understood and widely practised. General guidance on this is contained in, *The safe use of vehicles on construction sites*, obtainable from HSE Books.

**PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF EMERGENCIES (REGULATIONS 18, 19, 20 AND 21)**

- Prevent risk from fire, explosion, flooding and asphyxiation;
- Provide emergency routes and exits;
- Make arrangements for dealing with emergencies, including procedures for evacuating the site;
- Where necessary, provide fire-fighting equipment, fire detectors and alarm systems.

These Regulations, which also come from the Directive, require the prevention of risk as far as it is reasonably practicable to achieve. However, there are times when emergencies do arise and planning is needed to ensure, for example, that emergency routes are provided and evacuation procedures are in place.

These particular Regulations (as well as those on traffic routes, welfare, cleanliness and signing of sites) apply to construction work which is carried out on construction sites. However, the rest of the Regulations apply to all construction work. *Health and safety in construction*, referred to earlier, contains some helpful guidance.

HSE continues to be responsible for inspection of means of escape and fire-fighting for most sites. However, fire authorities have enforcement responsibility in many premises which remain in normal use during construction work. This continues the sensible arrangement which ensures that the most appropriate advice is given.
WELFARE FACILITIES (REGULATION 22)

- Provide sanitary and washing facilities and an adequate supply of drinking water;
- Provide rest facilities;
- Provide facilities to change and store clothing.

There is an important additional duty in this Regulation. Anybody in control of a site has to ensure that there are reasonable welfare facilities available at readily accessible places. This does not necessarily mean, for example, that the main contractor has to provide these facilities, but they should check that others who have duties are making this provision.

A number of the Regulations are supported by explanatory Schedules. For welfare, the Schedule is fairly detailed and reflects requirements of the Directive. It explains what is a reasonable standard of welfare in line with the duration of work and site activities. These are also detailed in Health and Safety in Construction.

SITE-WIDE ISSUES (REGULATIONS 23, 24, 25, 26)

- Ensure sufficient fresh or purified air is available at every workplace, and associated plant is capable of giving visible or audible warning of failure;
- Make sure a
reasonable
working temperature is maintained at indoor
work places during working hours;

❍ Provide facilities for protection
against adverse weather
conditions;

❍ Make sure suitable and sufficient
emergency lighting is available;

❍ Make sure suitable and sufficient lighting is
available, including providing secondary
lighting where there would be a risk to
health or safety if primary or artificial lighting failed;

❍ Keep construction sites in good order and in a reasonable state
of cleanliness;

❍ Ensure the perimeter of a construction site to which people, other
than those working on the site could gain access, is marked by
suitable signs so that its extent can be easily identified;

All of these duties (with the exception of those for lighting) are
governed by the term ‘so far as is reasonably practicable’.

■ TRAINING, INSPECTION AND REPORTS (REGULATIONS 28, 29
AND 30)

❍ Ensure construction activities where training, technical knowledge or
experience is necessary to reduce risks of injury are only carried out
by people who meet these requirements or, if not, are supervised by
those with appropriate training, knowledge or experience;

❍ Before work at height, on excavations, cofferdams or caissons
begins, make sure the place of work is inspected, (and at
subsequent specified periods), by a competent person, who must
be satisfied that the work can be done safely;
- Following inspection, ensure written reports are made by the competent person.

Lack of training has been identified as one of the major contributory factors in accidents and ill health in construction. Many activities are made safe simply by ensuring that those doing the work have knowledge of and understand the importance of safe practices.

The frequency of inspections depends on the nature and place of work. For example, following the initial inspection, work at places over two metres in height require weekly inspections. In contrast, for work in excavations (including shafts and tunnels), inspections are necessary at the beginning of every shift. Inspections help to ensure that safety is monitored during changing site conditions.

Reports detailing inspections are generally required every time an inspection is carried out, but there are exceptions. For example, weekly reports only are needed for inspections of excavation work, and unless the tower scaffold remains erected in the same place for seven days or more, inspections of tower scaffolds do not have to be recorded.
RELATED GUIDANCE AND FURTHER INFORMATION

Health and safety in construction HSG150 (Second edition)  
HSE Books 2001 ISBN 0 7176 2106 5

Electrical safety on construction sites HSG141 HSE Books 1995  
ISBN 0 7176 1000 4


A guide to managing health and safety in construction  
HSE Books 1995 ISBN 0 7176 0755 0

Designing for health and safety in construction HSE Books 1995  
ISBN 0 7176 0807 7

The safe use of vehicles on construction sites HSG144  

HSE also produces other guidance on construction health and safety, including Guidance Notes and Information Sheets. HSE priced and free publications are available by mail order from:

HSE Books, PO Box 1999, Sudbury, Suffolk CO10 2WA  
Tel: 01787 881165; Fax: 01787 313995.  
Website: www.hsebooks.co.uk

HSE priced publications are available from bookshops and free leaflets can be downloaded from HSE’s website: www.hse.gov.uk

For information about health and safety ring HSE’s Infoline Tel: 08701 545500 Fax: 02920 859260 e-mail: hseinformationservices@natbrit.com or write to HSE Information Services, Caerphilly Business Park, Caerphilly CF83 3GG.
This leaflet contains notes on good practice which are not compulsory but which you may find helpful in considering what you need to do.

This leaflet is available in priced packs of 10 from HSE Books, ISBN 0 7176 1161 2. Single free copies are also available from HSE Books.

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