June 22, 2012

Dear Interested Party,

On April 8, 2011, a list of frequently asked questions (FAQs) regarding asbestos/fibers analysis was developed through the collaboration of the New York State Department of Health’s (NYSDOH) Environmental Laboratory Approval Program (ELAP) and Bureau of Occupational Health (BOH), and the NYS Department of Labor (DOL). This FAQ was distributed to all ELAP-accredited asbestos laboratories, as well as posted on the DOL website due to a high level of interest from asbestos-related mitigation companies/consultants, training providers or other interested parties involved in the assessment, sampling and/or analysis of asbestos.

These FAQs, along with responses, were created to help clarify and interpret existing New York State guidance and regulations. However, since that time, we have received numerous inquiries regarding the State’s interpretation of requirements pertaining to the testing for asbestos fibers in materials that contain vermiculite. This informational letter is being sent to provide additional guidance and to revise FAQ #10 regarding the State’s interpretation of standard requirements pertaining to vermiculite.

**Additional Vermiculite guidance:**

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Material type</th>
<th>Testing Requirements</th>
<th>Explanation</th>
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<tr>
<td>Vermiculite materials used for thermal systems insulation, surfacing materials and other miscellaneous ACM (including but not limited to: existing or new surfacing material, plaster, pipe lagging, and sprayed-on fireproofing)</td>
<td>NYS ELAP Certification Manual Item 198.1 (PLM Friable) may be used.</td>
<td>Since vermiculite materials used for thermal systems insulation, surfacing materials and other miscellaneous ACM (such as existing or new surfacing material, plaster, pipe lagging, and sprayed-on fireproofing) can be more constrained than loose fill, there is less of a public health concern pertaining to airborne asbestos fibers following disturbance.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Vermiculite attic fill, block fill and other loose bulk vermiculite materials</td>
<td>Because there is no currently approved analytical methodology to reliably confirm vermiculite as non-asbestos containing, these materials must be assumed to be contaminated with asbestos and therefore designated as ACM.</td>
<td>Vermiculite attic fill, block fill and other loose bulk vermiculite materials cause a greater public health concern for the disturbance and release of asbestos fibers following disturbance.</td>
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Evaluation of Vermiculite Materials:
Required evaluation criteria of vermiculite materials used for thermal systems insulation, surfacing materials, and other miscellaneous ACM:

Determine percentage of vermiculite using Item 198.1 - stratified point counting (all four cover slips).

1) If vermiculite is calculated to be less than (<) 10% of the entire material composition and no asbestos fibers are detected, the material may be reported as non-ACM.
2) If any asbestos fibers are identified, analysis must proceed according to Item 198.1 PLM and reported as ACM according to Section 6.3.
3) If vermiculite is calculated to be 10% or more (>) of the material, the material must be reported as ACM.

Vermiculite decision tree:

Based upon the above guidance, please find below a revised 2012 FAQ # 10:
How can I tell if vermiculite contains asbestos or what sampling methods should be used?
According to the EPA, you should assume that vermiculite insulation contains asbestos. It is recommended that you do not disturb it; or use a certified professional if it needs to be disturbed or removed. According to NYS Industrial Code Rule 56, vermiculite is a suspect miscellaneous asbestos-containing material. Since there is currently no approved analytical methodology to reliably confirm vermiculite as non-asbestos containing, one must assume that vermiculite is contaminated with asbestos and proceed accordingly. However, because vermiculite’s asbestos contamination typically ranges from 1% to 5%, vermiculite’s contribution to asbestos content of vermiculite materials used for thermal systems insulation, surfacing materials and other miscellaneous ACM (e.g., pipe lagging, sprayed-on fireproofing) may be assumed to be less than 1% if the vermiculite constitutes less than 10% of the total material. Please refer to the appropriate regulation, guidance, manual or methods as necessary for further information. For more information see the EPA website at http://www.epa.gov/asbestos/pubs/verm_questions.html.

If you have any additional questions, please do not hesitate to contact the appropriate State program listed below:

NYS DOH Environmental Laboratory Approval Program : (518) 485-5570 or elap@health.state.ny.us
NYS DOH Asbestos Worker Training Program : (518) 402-7940 or boh@health.state.ny.us
NYS DOL- Division of Safety & Health Engineering Services Unit - For ICR 56 or Variance inquires: (518) 457-1536 or ESU.SH@labor.ny.gov