Directions: Answer the following questions by selecting the most appropriate option.

1. The term 'curriculum' in the field of education refers to
   (1) methods of teaching and the content to be taught
   (2) overall programme of the school which students experience on a day-to-day basis
   (3) evaluation process
   (4) text-material to be used in the class
   Ans: (2)

2. At lower classes, play-way method of teaching is based on
   (1) theory of physical education programmes
   (2) principles of methods of teaching
   (3) psychological principles of development and growth
   (4) sociological principles of teaching
   Ans: (3)

3. "A young child responds to a new situation on the basis of the response made by him/her in a similar situation as in the past." This is related to
   (1) 'Law of Analogy' of learning
   (2) 'Law of Effect' of learning
   (3) 'Law of Attitude' of learning process
   (4) 'Law of Readiness' of learning
   Ans: (2)

4. 'Dyslexia' is associated with
   (1) Mental disorder
   (2) Mathematical disorder
   (3) Reading disorder
   (4) Behavioural disorder
   Ans: (3)

5. Education of children with special needs should be provided
   (1) along with other normal children
(2) by methods developed for special children in special Schools
(3) in special school
(4) by special teachers in special schools
**Ans:** (1)

6. To make assessment a 'useful and interesting' process, one should be careful about
(1) making comparisons between different students
(2) labelling students as intelligent or average learners
(3) using a variety of ways' to collect information about the student's learning across the scholastic and co-scholastic boundaries
(4) using technical language to give feedback
**Ans:** (3)

7. ____ is not considered a sign of 'being gifted'.
(1) Creative ideas
(2) Fighting with others
(3) Novelty in expression
(4) Curiosity
**Ans:** (2)

8. "Children actively construct their understanding of the world" is a statement attributed to
(1) Piaget
(2) Pavlov
(3) Kohlberg
(4) Skinner
**Ans:** (1)

9. Kritika who does not talk much at home, talks a lot at school. It shows that
(1) the school provides opportunities to children to talk a lot
(2) teachers demand that children should talk a lot at school
(3) she does not like her home at all
(4) her thoughts get acknowledged at school
**Ans:** (4)
10. A teacher should make an attempt to understand the potentialities of her/his students. Which of the following fields is related to this objective?
   (1) Educational Sociology
   (2) Social Philosophy
   (3) Media - Psychology
   (4) Educational Psychology
   **Ans:** (4)

11. Motivation, in the process of learning,
   (1) sharpens the memory of learners
   (2) differentiates new learning from old learning
   (3) makes learners think unidirectionally
   (4) creates interest for learning among young learners
   **Ans:** (4)

12. Learning can be enriched if
   (1) situations from the real world are brought into the class in which students interact with each other and the teacher facilitates
   (2) more and more teaching aids are used in the class
   (3) teachers use different types of lectures and explanation
   (4) due attention is paid to periodic tests in the class
   **Ans:** (1)

13. Which of the following statements cannot be considered as a feature of the process of learning?
   (1) Educational institutions are the only place where learning takes place
   (2) Learning is a comprehensive process
   (3) Learning is goal-oriented
   (4) Unlearning is also a learning process
   **Ans:** (1)

14. A student of V-grade with 'visual deficiency' should be
   (1) excused to do a lower level of work
(2) helped with his/her routine-work by parents and friends
(3) treated normally in the classroom and provided support through Audio CDs
(4) given special treatment in the classroom

**Ans:** (3)

15. Which of the following should be considered the most important quality of a teacher at primary level?
(1) Eagerness to teach
(2) Patience and perseverance
(3) Competence in methods of teaching and knowledge of subjects
(4) Competence to teach in highly standardised language

**Ans:** (2)