Model CUE Direct Drive
Model CUE is a direct drive upblast centrifugal exhaust fan. These fans are specifically designed for roof mounted applications. Performance capabilities range up to 6,400 cfm (10,874 m³/hr) and up to 3 in. wg (747 Pa) of static pressure. The maximum continuous operating temperature for fan sizes 098-200 is 400°F (204°C) and for fan sizes 060-095 is 160°F (71°C). CUE fans are available in twenty sizes with nominal wheel diameter ranging from 9 to 20 inches (229 to 508 mm) (060-200 unit sizes). Each fan shall bear a permanently affixed manufacturer’s engraved metal nameplate containing the model number and individual serial number.

Model CUBE Belt Drive
Model CUBE is a belt drive upblast centrifugal exhaust fan. These fans are specifically designed for roof mounted applications. Performance capabilities range up to 30,000 cfm (50,970 m³/hr) and up to 5.0 in. wg (1240 Pa) of static pressure. The maximum continuous operating temperature is 400°F (204°C). CUBE fans are available in twenty-seven sizes with nominal wheel diameter ranging from 10 to 48 inches (254 to 1219 mm) (099-480 unit sizes). Each fan shall bear a permanently affixed manufacturer’s engraved metal nameplate containing the model number and individual serial number.

General Safety Information
Only qualified personnel should install this fan. Personnel should have a clear understanding of these instructions and should be aware of general safety precautions. Improper installation can result in electric shock, possible injury due to coming in contact with moving parts, as well as other potential hazards. Other considerations may be required if high winds or seismic activity are present. If more information is needed, contact a licensed professional engineer before moving forward.

1. Follow all local electrical and safety codes, as well as the National Electrical Code (NEC) and the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA), where applicable. Follow the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC) in Canada.
2. The rotation of the wheel is critical. It must be free to rotate without striking or rubbing any stationary objects.
3. Motor must be securely and adequately grounded.
4. Do not spin fan wheel faster than max cataloged fan RPM. Adjustments to fan speed significantly affects motor load. If the fan RPM is changed, the motor current should be checked to make sure it is not exceeding the motor nameplate amps.
5. Do not allow the power cable to kink or come in contact with oil, grease, hot surfaces or chemicals. Replace cord immediately if damaged.
6. Verify that the power source is compatible with the equipment.
7. Never open access doors to a duct while the fan is running.

---

**DANGER**
Always disconnect, lock and tag power source before installing or servicing. Failure to disconnect power source can result in fire, shock or serious injury.

**CAUTION**
When servicing the fan, motor may be hot enough to cause pain or injury. Allow motor to cool before servicing.

**CAUTION**
Precaution should be taken in explosive atmospheres.

**DANGER**
Pour écartier les risques d’incendie, de choc électrique ou de blessure grave, veiller à toujours débrancher, verrouiller et étiqueter la source de courant avant l’installation ou l’entretien.

**ATTENTION**
Lors de toute intervention sur la soufflante, le moteur peut être suffisamment chaud pour provoquer une douleur voire une blessure. Laisser le moteur refroidir avant toute maintenance.

**ATTENTION**
Faire preuve de précaution dans les atmosphères explosives.
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Receiving
Upon receiving the product, check to ensure all items were accounted for by referencing the delivery receipt or packing list. Inspect each crate or carton for shipping damage before accepting delivery. Alert the carrier of any damage detected. The customer will make a notation of damage (or shortage of items) on the delivery receipt and all copies of the bill of lading which is countersigned by the delivering carrier. If damaged, immediately contact your Greenheck Representative. Any physical damage to the unit after acceptance is not the responsibility of Greenheck Fan Corporation.

Unpacking
Verify that all required parts and the correct quantity of each item have been received. If any items are missing, report shortages to your local representative to arrange for obtaining missing parts. Sometimes it is not possible that all items for the unit be shipped together due to availability of transportation and truck space. Confirmation of shipment(s) must be limited to only items on the bill of lading.

IMPORTANT
Do not lift by the fan hood. Avoid lifting fans in a way that will bend or distort fan parts. Never pass slings or timbers through the venturi of fan. Fans with special coatings or paints must be protected in handling to prevent damage.

Handling
CUE Direct Drive
Lift unit on to the roof utilizing hooks under the horizontal supports. Evenly space the hooks using a minimum of four lifting straps. Use a spreader bar to ensure the straps do not come in contact with the unit, see Figure 1.

Figure 1

Figure 2

Figure 3
CUBE Belt Drive

When lifting the unit onto the roof, use either the four lifting points on the drive frame or the two lifting points on the bearing plate if present, see *Figure 2* for lifting points. Access to the drive frame is accomplished by removing the screws pointed out in *Figure 3*. The cover can then be removed and placed on a flat surface in an area protected from strong winds.

When CUE/CUBE unit is on the roof, move fan to desired location using lifting points and fasten securely through mounting holes in base. Shims may be necessary depending upon roofing material thickness.

The motor amperage and voltage ratings must be checked for compatibility to supply voltage prior to final electrical connection. For CUE/CUBE installations, the electrical supply should be routed through the conduit chase located between the curb cap and the bottom of the motor compartment or through the breather tube. Wiring must conform to local and national codes.

### Storage

Fans are protected against damage during shipment. If the unit cannot be installed and operated immediately, precautions need to be taken to prevent deterioration of the unit during storage. The user assumes responsibility of the fan and accessories while in storage. The manufacturer will not be responsible for damage during storage. These suggestions are provided solely as a convenience to the user.

#### Indoor

The ideal environment for the storage of fans and accessories is indoors, above grade, in a low humidity atmosphere which is sealed to prevent the entry of blowing dust, rain or snow. Temperatures should be evenly maintained between 30° to 110°F (-1° to 43°C) (wide temperature swings may cause condensation and “sweating” of metal parts). All accessories must be stored indoors in a clean, dry atmosphere. Remove any accumulations of dirt, water, ice or snow and wipe dry before moving to indoor storage. To avoid “sweating” of metal parts allow cold parts to reach room temperature. To dry parts and packages, use a portable electric heater to get rid of any moisture buildup. Leave coverings loose to permit air circulation and to allow for periodic inspection.

The unit should be stored at least 3½ in. (89 mm) off the floor on wooden blocks covered with moisture proof paper or polyethylene sheathing. Aisles between parts and along all walls should be provided to permit air circulation and space for inspection.

#### Outdoor

Fans designed for outdoor applications may be stored outdoors, if absolutely necessary. Roads or aisles for portable cranes and hauling equipment are needed. The fan should be placed on a level surface to prevent water from leaking into the fan. The fan should be elevated on an adequate number of wooden blocks so that it is above water and snow levels and has enough blocking to prevent it from settling into soft ground. Locate parts far enough apart to permit air circulation, sunlight and space for periodic inspection. To minimize water accumulation, place all fan parts on blocking supports so that rain water will run off.

Do not cover parts with plastic film or tarps as these cause condensation of moisture from the air passing through heating and cooling cycles.

Fan wheels should be blocked to prevent spinning caused by strong winds.

### Inspection and Maintenance

#### During Storage

While in storage, inspect fans once per month. Keep a record of inspection and maintenance performed. If moisture or dirt accumulations are found on parts, the source should be located and eliminated. At each inspection, rotate the wheel by hand ten to fifteen revolutions to distribute lubricant on motor. If paint deterioration begins, consideration should be given to touch-up or repainting. Fans with special coatings may require special techniques for touch-up or repair. Machined parts coated with rust preventive should be restored to good condition promptly if signs of rust occur. Immediately remove the original rust preventive coating with petroleum solvent and clean with lint-free cloths. Polish any remaining rust from surface with crocus cloth or fine emery paper and oil. Do not destroy the continuity of the surfaces. Thoroughly wipe clean with Tectyl® 506 (Ashland Inc.) or the equivalent. For hard to reach internal surfaces or for occasional use, consider using Tectyl® 511M Rust Preventive, WD-40® or the equivalent.

#### Removing From Storage

As fans are removed from storage to be installed in their final location, they should be protected and maintained in a similar fashion until the fan equipment goes into operation.

---

**IMPORTANT**

Installation, troubleshooting and parts replacement is to be performed only by qualified personnel. Consult and follow all applicable national, state and local codes. They will supersede this document.
## Dimensional Data

### CUE - Direct Drive

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Curb Cap</th>
<th>Damper</th>
<th>Roof Opening</th>
<th>*Approx. Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CUE 060, 065, 070, 075</td>
<td>17 (432)</td>
<td>8 (203)</td>
<td>10 1/2 (267)</td>
<td>29 (13)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUE 080, 085, 090, 095</td>
<td>19 (483)</td>
<td>10 (254)</td>
<td>12 1/2 (318)</td>
<td>40 (18)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUE 099, 101, 121, 131</td>
<td>19 (483)</td>
<td>12 (305)</td>
<td>14 1/2 (368)</td>
<td>67 (30)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUE 141, 161</td>
<td>22 (559)</td>
<td>16 (406)</td>
<td>18 1/2 (470)</td>
<td>90 (41)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUE 180, 200</td>
<td>30 (762)</td>
<td>18 (457)</td>
<td>20 1/2 (521)</td>
<td>142 (64)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- All dimensions are in inches (millimeters). *Approximate weight shown in lbs. (kg.) is the largest cataloged Open Drip Proof motor.
- The roof curb should be 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) less than the curb cap to allow for roofing and flashing.

### CUBE - Belt Drive

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Model</th>
<th>Curb Cap</th>
<th>Shaft Bearings</th>
<th>Damper</th>
<th>Roof Opening</th>
<th>*Approx. Weight</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 099, 101, 101 HP, 121, 131</td>
<td>19 (483)</td>
<td>3/4 (19)</td>
<td>12 (305)</td>
<td>14 1/2 (368)</td>
<td>66 (30)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 141, 141 HP, 161, 161 HP</td>
<td>22 (559)</td>
<td>3/4 (19)</td>
<td>16 (406)</td>
<td>18 1/2 (470)</td>
<td>87 (39)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 161XP</td>
<td>22 (559)</td>
<td>1 (25)</td>
<td>16 (406)</td>
<td>18 1/2 (470)</td>
<td>87 (39)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 180</td>
<td>30 (762)</td>
<td>3/4 (19)</td>
<td>18 (457)</td>
<td>20 1/2 (521)</td>
<td>126 (57)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 180 HP</td>
<td>30 (762)</td>
<td>1 (25)</td>
<td>18 (457)</td>
<td>20 1/2 (521)</td>
<td>126 (57)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 200</td>
<td>30 (762)</td>
<td>3/4 (19)</td>
<td>18 (457)</td>
<td>20 1/2 (521)</td>
<td>142 (64)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 200 HP</td>
<td>30 (762)</td>
<td>1 (25)</td>
<td>18 (457)</td>
<td>20 1/2 (521)</td>
<td>142 (64)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 220, 220 HP, 240, 240 HP, 240 XP</td>
<td>34 (864)</td>
<td>1 (25)</td>
<td>24 (610)</td>
<td>26 1/2 (673)</td>
<td>175 (79)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 360, 360 HP, 360 XP</td>
<td>46 (1168)</td>
<td>1 1/2 (32)</td>
<td>36 (914)</td>
<td>38 1/2 (978)</td>
<td>440 (200)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 420</td>
<td>52 (1321)</td>
<td>1 1/2 (32)</td>
<td>42 (1067)</td>
<td>44 1/2 (1130)</td>
<td>578 (262)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CUBE 480</td>
<td>58 (1473)</td>
<td>1 1/2 (32)</td>
<td>48 (1219)</td>
<td>50 1/2 (1283)</td>
<td>675 (306)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- All dimensions are in inches (millimeters). *Approximate weight shown in lbs. (kg.) is the largest cataloged Open Drip Proof motor.
- The roof curb should be 1 1/2 in. (38 mm) less than the curb cap to allow for roofing and flashing.

## Installation

### General Ventilation Installation

**Figure 5 - Typical Roof Mounting Installation**

1. On the roof surface, cut an appropriate sized hole and follow manufacturer’s instructions on curb installation. Caulk and flash the curb to ensure a water tight seal.

### Roof Curb Installation

2. If unit is equipped with a backdraft damper, it should be installed now.

3. Remove motor cover. Access to the motor compartment is accomplished by removing the screws as shown in Figure 3.

4. On CUBE belt drive fans, use the lifting lugs on the drive frame or bearing plate to lift and place the unit on top of roof curb. Refer to Figure 2, page 2.

5. On CUE direct drive fans, lift and place the unit on top of roof curb using hooks under the horizontal supports. Refer to Figure 1, page 2.

6. Secure fan to curb using a minimum of eight lag screws, metal screws or other suitable fasteners. Shims may be required depending upon curb installation and roofing material.

7. Verify power line wiring is de-energized before connecting fan motor to power source.

8. For commercial kitchen and UL Listed emergency smoke control applications, the electrical supply must enter the motor compartment through the breather tube. For other non-flammable applications, the electrical
supply can be routed through the conduit chase between the curb cap and the bottom of the motor compartment.

9. Connect power supply wiring to the motor as indicated on the motor nameplate or terminal box cover. Check the power source for compatibility with the requirements of your equipment.

10. Check fan wheel for free rotation, recenter if necessary. Check setscrew(s) for tightness.

11. Check all fasteners for tightness.

12. Mount and wire safety disconnect switch under motor cover. Wire control switches at ground level, refer to Figure 4.

13. Replace motor cover.

---

**Commercial Kitchen Installation**

Commercial kitchen installations must comply with NFPA 96. Check local and national codes for these installations, and consult local code authorities for other specific requirements.

---

**Grease Trap Installation**

Polypropylene grease trap is designed to collect grease residue and avoid drainage onto roof surface. Follow all local codes, as well as the National Fire Protection Agency (NFPA) where applicable.

**NFPA 96**: Upblast fans shall have a drain directed to a readily accessible and visible grease receptacle not to exceed 1 gal. (3.8L)

**Refer to Document 476370 - Grease Trap Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual for parts list and specific installation instructions.**

**Grease Trap Maintenance**

Regular inspection of grease trap is recommended. Depending on the amount of grease discharged through the fan, the grease trap should be cleaned regularly to ensure proper operation.

- Check grease absorber (if included) every month. Replace grease absorber after every cleaning and/or as needed between cleanings.
- Replacement grease absorbers (P/N 476084) can be ordered from your local Representative.

---

**IMPORTANT**

Minimum duct velocities must be maintained in kitchen exhaust applications. If a speed controller is used, ensure compliance with all applicable codes.

---

**Figure 6 - Typical Roof Mounting Installation**

1. The size of the duct must be equal to or larger than the inlet opening of the fan.
2. Secure fan to curb using a minimum of eight lag screws, metal screws or other suitable fasteners.
**Hinge Installation**

NFPA 96: Upblast exhaust fans shall be supplied with a hinge.

Refer to Document 481366 - Bracket Hinge Kit or Document 462865/462866 - Hinge Kit Installation, Operation and Maintenance Manual for parts list and specific installation instructions.

**UL Listed Emergency Smoke Control Installation**

**Mounting for Severe Duty Installations**

**IMPORTANT**

Only qualified installers should perform this work. Manufacturer assumes no liability for damages resulting from installation.

Installation instructions for seismic ratings are only recommendations. Final design must be determined by Structural Engineer of Record (SEOR) including requirements for curb construction, mounting of unit to curb and mounting of curb to structure.

**Fan to Curb Mounting:** 5/16-inch (7.9 mm) self-drilling fasteners are to be installed on each side of fan with one fastener 4-inches (102 mm) from each edge and one fastener in the center. Fasteners are to be equally spaced.

**Optional Hinged Base Mounting:** For installations that include the optional hinged base accessory, the fan must be secured to the hinged base and curb using the correct number of fasteners as shown in the “Fan to Curb Mounting” section. All fasteners must be installed through the curb cap of the fan, the hinged base, and the curb. All fasteners must be reinstalled after each time the fan is hinged open. Refer to drawing below.

---

**Figure 7 - Typical Roof Mounting Installation**

**Electrical Connection**

For belt drive units in emergency smoke removal installations, the motor’s amperage and voltage rating must be checked for compatibility to the supply voltage prior to final electrical connection. Also, the motor itself cannot have thermal overload protection.

The electrical supply must enter the motor compartment through the breather tube and the disconnect must be mounted outside the fan’s motor compartment. Emergency smoke removal fans may also require an isolated power supply so that if power is cut to the building in the event of a fire, the fan will continue to operate.

Check the local and national electrical codes for emergency smoke removal fans. Consult local code authorities for your specific requirements.
**Curb to Deck Mounting:** Fasteners need to be located on all four sides of the curb.

- **Steel**: Fasteners per side: 3, 12; 060-240, 2, 8; 300-360, 3, 12; 420-480, 5, 20.
- **Concrete**: Fasteners per side: 3, 12; 060-240, 2, 8; 300-360, 3, 12; 420-480, 5, 20.
- **Wood**: Fasteners per side: 3, 12; 060-240, 2, 8; 300-360, 3, 12; 420-480, 5, 20.

All dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

### Pre-Starting Checks

1. Check all fasteners and set screws for tightness. The wheel should rotate freely and be aligned as shown in Figure 8.

2. Wheel position is preset and the unit is test run at the factory. Movement may occur during shipment and realignment may be necessary.

   - **CUBE unit:** Centering can be accomplished by loosening the bolts holding the drive frame to the vibration isolators and repositioning the drive frame.

   - **CUBE unit:** Wheel and inlet cone overlap can be adjusted by loosening the set screws in the wheel and moving the wheel to the desired position. For both CUE and CUBE models with wheel hubs and shaft pulleys utilizing a tapered bushing interface, reference page 9 for the tapered bushing removal and move the wheel to the desired position.

3. All CUE and CUBE units - Check wheel rotation (viewing from the shaft side) by momentarily energizing the unit. Rotation should correspond to the rotation decal on the unit, see Figure 9. If wheel rotation is incorrect, reverse two of the wiring leads or check motor wiring for single phase.

---

**WARNING**

Correct direction of wheel rotation is critical. Reversed rotation will result in poor air performance, motor overloading and possible motor burnout.

**AVERTISSEMENT**

La turbine doit impérativement tourner dans le bon sens. Une rotation en sens inverse entraînerait de mauvaises performances de soufflage, une surcharge du moteur voire un grillage du moteur.
Model CUBE Pre-Starting Belt Tension Checks

4. Always loosen tension enough to install belts without stretching. Do not force the belt(s) see Figure 10. Forcing belts will break the cords and cause belt failure.

5. For units with two groove pulleys, adjust so the tension is equal in both belts.

6. If adjustments are made, it is very important to check the pulleys for proper alignment. Misaligned pulleys lead to excessive belt wear, vibration, noise and power loss, see Figure 11.

7. Belt tension can be adjusted by loosening four fasteners on the drive frame, see Figure 12. The motor plate slides on the slotted adjusting arms and drive frame angles in the same manner.

   Four (4) fasteners in total.

   Identical fasteners on opposing side must also be loosened.

8a. Sizes 099-161: Belts should be tensioned just enough to prevent slippage at full load. Belts should have a slight bow on the slack side while running at full load; see Figure 13a.

8b. Sizes 180-480: Belt tension should be adjusted to allow 1/64 in. (0.397 mm) of deflection per inch of belt span. For example, a 15 in. (381 mm) belt span should have 15/64 in. (0.234 mm) (or about 1/4 in. (6 mm)) of deflection with moderate thumb pressure at mid-point between pulleys; see Figure 13b.

9. The adjustable motor pulley is factory set for the RPM specified. Speed can be increased by closing or decreased by opening the adjustable motor pulley.

10. Any increase in speed represents a substantial increase in the horsepower required by the unit.

11. Motor amperage should always be checked to avoid serious damage to the motor when speed is varied.

**IMPORTANT**

The fan has been checked for mechanical noises at the factory prior to shipment. If mechanical noise should develop, suggested corrective actions are offered in the Troubleshooting section.

**IMPORTANT**

Over tightening will cause excessive bearing wear and noise. Too little tension will cause slippage at startup and uneven wear.

### Operation

1. Before starting up or operating fan, check all fasteners for tightness. In particular, check the setscrews in wheel hub (or the tapered bushing, and pulleys if applicable).

2. While in the OFF position or before connecting the fan to power, turn the fan wheel by hand to be sure it is not striking the venturi or any obstacle.

3. Start the fan and shut it off immediately to check rotation of the wheel with directional arrow in the motor compartment, Reference Figure 9.

4. When the fan is started, observe the operation and check for any unusual noises.

5. With the system in full operation and all ductwork attached, measure current input to the motor and compare with the nameplate rating to determine if the motor is operating under safe load conditions.

6. Keep inlets and approaches to fan clean and free from obstruction.

**IMPORTANT**

Adjust (tighten) belt tension after the first 24-48 hours of operation.

### Inspection

Inspection of the fan should be conducted at the first 30 minute and 24 hour intervals of satisfactory operation.

**30 Minute Interval:** Inspect bolts, setscrews and motor mounting bolts. Adjust and tighten as necessary.

**24 Hour Interval:** Check all internal components. On CUBE unit only, inspect belt alignment and tension. Adjust and tighten as necessary.
Maintenance

**DANGER**
Disconnect and secure to the “off” position all electrical power to the fan prior to inspection or servicing. Failure to comply with this safety precaution could result in serious injury or death.

**DANGER**
Pour écartter les risques de blessure grave ou de mort, débrancher et verrouiller l’alimentation électrique en position « Arrêt » avant tout contrôle ou entretien.

**IMPORTANT**
Uneven cleaning of the wheel will produce an out of balance condition that will cause vibration in the fan.

**WARNING**
This unit should be made non-functional when cleaning the wheel or housing (fuses removed, disconnect locked off).

**AVERTISSEMENT**
L’appareil doit être rendu non opérationnel lors du nettoyage de la turbine ou du caisson (fusibles retirés, sectionneur verrouillé).

Installation and maintenance are to be performed only by qualified personnel who are familiar with local codes and regulations and who are experienced with this type of equipment.

Motor maintenance is generally limited to cleaning and lubrication (where applicable). Cleaning should be limited to exterior surfaces only. Removing dust buildup on motor housing ensures proper motor cooling.

Greasing of motors is only intended when fittings are provided. Many fractional horsepower motors are permanently lubricated and should not be lubricated after installation. Motors supplied with grease fittings should be greased in accordance with manufacturers’ recommendations. Where motor temperatures do not exceed 104°F (40°C), the grease should be replaced after 2,000 hours of running time as a general rule.

Wheels require very little attention when moving clean air. Occasionally, oil and dust may accumulate causing imbalance. When this occurs the wheel and housing should be cleaned to ensure smooth and safe operation.

All fasteners should be checked for tightness each time maintenance checks are performed prior to restarting unit.

- When installing fans for restaurant exhaust applications follow NFPA 96 for cleaning fans.
- Grease containers must be emptied at regular intervals to prevent overflow.

A proper maintenance program will help these units deliver years of dependable service.

**Tapered Bushing Hub Installation and Removal**
For wheel hubs and shaft pulleys utilizing a tapered bushing interface, follow this procedure for installation and removal. There are two possible set ups for the tapered bushing, both have the same procedure, but orientation of the hub varies.

**Tapered Bushing Removal:**
1. If present, loosen the setscrew holding the bushing and shaft key in place.
2. Loosen and remove the socket head cap screws which fasten the bushing to the hub as shown in the section views and examples of Figures 14-17.

**Standard Mounting**

**Reverse Mounting**

---

**AVERTISSEMENT**
L’appareil doit être rendu non opérationnel lors du nettoyage de la turbine ou du caisson (fusibles retirés, sectionneur verrouillé).

---

3. **Standard Mounting:** Take the two socket head cap screws that were removed and install them into the visibly threaded holes on the wheel hub. **Reverse Mounting:** Install the two socket head cap screws into the visibly threaded holes of the bushing flange.
4. Once both socket head cap screws are installed, tighten them an eighth of a turn at a time, alternating between the two until the hub comes loose from the bushing.

**Bushing Installation:**
1. Clean all surfaces of hub and bushing to remove any oil or residue present and do not use any lubricant to install bushing into the hub. For both standard and reverse mounting styles, the socket head cap screws are adjustable from the inlet of the fan.

2. **Standard Mounting:** Slide the bushing and shaft key onto the fan shaft followed by the wheel and hub assembly. If present, use the keyway setscrew to hold the shaft key and bushing in place but DO NOT overtighten as this can damage the bushing. Align the unthreaded holes of the hub with the threaded holes of the tapered bushing.

3. Install the two bushing socket head cap screws into the aligned holes by hand (or without excessive torque) until the heads of the socket head cap screws are seated against the mating surface.

4. Adjust the height of the wheel in the fan relative to the inlet venturi then tighten the two socket head cap screws an eighth turn at a time in an alternating fashion and to a torque of 10 ft-lbs.

5. To ensure tightness, check pulley setscrews. Proper keys must be in keyways.

6. Fan RPM should not be readjusted. Only use pulleys of identical size and type when replacing pulleys.

7. Shaft bearings can be classified in two groups: relubricating and non-relubricating. All non-relubricating bearings on CUBE fans are factory lubricated and require no further lubrication under normal use (between -20° to 180°F (-29° to 82°C) in a relatively clean environment).

8. On CUBE belt driven fans, the cast pillow block bearings are factory lubricated and are provided with external grease fittings. Annual lubrication is recommended, or more frequently if needed (see Table 2). Do not over-grease. Use only one or two shots of lubricant with a hand gun. Maximum hand gun rating is 40 psi. Rotate bearings during lubrication where good safety practice permits. Caution should be employed to prevent over packing or contamination.

9. Units installed in hot, humid or dirty locations should be equipped with special bearings. These bearings will require frequent lubrication. Caution should be employed to prevent over packing or contamination.

10. Grease fittings should be wiped clean. The unit should be in operation while lubricating bearings. Extreme care should be used around moving parts.

11. Grease should be pumped in very slowly until a slight bead forms around the seal. A high grade lithium base grease should be used.

12. During the first few months of operation check bearing set screws periodically to ensure tightness.

13. If unit is to be left idle for an extended period, remove belts and store in a cool, dry place to avoid premature belt failure.

---

**Recommended Bearing Lubrication Frequency in Months**

NOTE: If unusual environment conditions exist (extreme temperature, moisture or contaminants) more frequent lubrication is required.

A good quality lithium base grease, conforming to NLGI Grade 2 consistency, such as those listed in Table 3 may be used.

### Table 2: Suggested Fan Bearing Lubrication Intervals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Interval (months)</th>
<th>Type of Service</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1 to 3</td>
<td>Heavy duty in dirty, dusty locations; high ambient temperatures; moisture laden atmosphere; vibration.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3 to 6</td>
<td>12 to 24 hours per day, heavy duty, or if moisture is present</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 to 12</td>
<td>8 to 16 hours per day in clean, relatively dry atmosphere</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12 to 18</td>
<td>Infrequent operation or light duty in clean atmosphere</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 3: Grease Manufacturers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Manufacturer</th>
<th>Grease (NLGI #2)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S. Electric Motors</td>
<td>Grease No. 83343</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chevron U.S.A. Inc</td>
<td>Chevron SRI Grease #2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mobil Oil Corporation</td>
<td>Mobilith</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Texaco, Inc.</td>
<td>Premium BRB #2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amoco Oil Co.</td>
<td>Rykon Premium #2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exxon</td>
<td>Unirex N2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shell</td>
<td>B Shell Alvania #2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fan Inlet Connections
In order to assure proper fan performance, caution must be exercised in fan placement and connection to the ventilation system. Obstructions, transitions, poorly designed elbows, improperly selected dampers, etc, can cause reduced performance, excessive noise and increased mechanical stress. For performance to be as published, the system must provide uniform and stable airflow into the fan.

Parts List
Each fan bears a manufacturer’s nameplate with model number and serial number embossed. This information will assist the local Greenheck representative and the factory in providing service and replacement parts. Before taking any corrective action, make certain unit is not capable of operation during repairs.

CUE Direct Drive

CAUTION
A fan manufactured with an explosion resistant motor does not certify the entire unit to be explosion proof. Refer to UL Listing Mark for the fans approved usage.

NOTE
For replacement, the windband, vertical supports, drain trough and curb cap/venturi come as one complete assembly.

CUBE Direct Drive

CAUTION
La présence d’un moteur antidéflagrant sur un ventilateur ne garantit pas que tout l’appareil est antidéflagrant. Pour connaître les emplois autorisés de l’appareil, voir son marquage de conformité UL.
### Troubleshooting

#### WARNING

Before taking any corrective action, make certain unit is not capable of operation during repairs.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>CAUSE</th>
<th>CORRECTIVE ACTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excessive noise or vibration</td>
<td>Wheel rubbing inlet</td>
<td>Adjust wheel and/or inlet cone. Tighten wheel hub or bearing collars on shaft.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>V-belt drive</td>
<td>Tighten pulleys on motor/fan shaft. Adjust belt tension. Align pulleys properly, see page 8, Figures 10 and 11. Replace worn belts or pulleys.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bearings</td>
<td>Replace defective bearing(s). Lubricate bearings. Tighten collars and fasteners.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wheel unbalance</td>
<td>Clean all dirt off wheel. Check wheel balance, rebalance in place if necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Bad bearings</td>
<td>Replace.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Belts too tight or too loose</td>
<td>Adjust tension, see Figures 12, 13a and 13b.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Wheel improperly aligned and rubbing</td>
<td>Center wheel on inlet, see Figure 8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Loose drive or motor pulleys</td>
<td>Align and tighten. See Pre-Starting Checks, pages 7 and 8.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Foreign objects in wheel or housing</td>
<td>Remove objects, check for damage or unbalance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Fan base not securely anchored</td>
<td>Secure properly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Motor hood loose and rattling</td>
<td>Tighten fasteners to secure the motor hood.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Defective or loose motor bearings</td>
<td>Replace motor with same frame size, RPM-HP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### High horsepower

| Fan | Check rotation of wheel, see Figure 9. Reduce fan speed. |
| Duct system | Resize ductwork. Check proper operation of face and bypass dampers. Check filters and access doors. |

#### Fan does not operate

| Electrical supply | Check: fuses/circuit breakers; for switches off; for correct supply voltage. |
| Drive | Check for broken belts. Tighten loose pulleys or belts. |
| Motor | Assure motor is correct horsepower and not tripping overload protector. |

#### Motor overloads or overheats

| Lubrication | Check for excessive or insufficient grease in the bearing. |
| Mechanical | Replace damaged bearing. Relieve excessive belt tension. Align bearings. Check for bent shaft. |
| Belt slippage | Adjust tension or replace bad belts, see page 8. |
| Over/Under line voltage | Contact power company. |
| Incorrect wheel rotation | Check motor wiring. See Figure 9. |
| Wheel RPM too high | Check drives or slow down fan by opening variable pitch pulley on motor shaft. |
| Undersized motor | Check motor ratings with catalog speed and air capacity chart. |
| Motor wired incorrectly | Check motor wiring to wiring diagram located on fan motor. |

#### Reduced airflow

| System resistance too high | Check system: Proper operation of backdraft or control dampers, obstruction in ductwork, clean dirty filters. |
| Unit running backwards | Correct as shown in Figure 9. |
| Excessive dirt buildup on wheels | Clean wheel. |
| Improper wheel alignment | Center wheel on inlets, see Pre-Starting Checks and Figure 8. |
| Dampers closed | Inspect and repair. |
| Blocked duct/clogged filter | Clean or replace. |
| Belt slippage | Replace and adjust tension. |
| Speed too slow | Check for correct drives. |

### Our Commitment

As a result of our commitment to continuous improvement, Greenheck reserves the right to change specifications without notice.

Specific Greenheck product warranties are located on greenheck.com within the product area tabs and in the Library under Warranties.

Greenheck's Centrifugal Upblast and Sidewall Exhaust catalog provides additional information describing the equipment, fan performance, available accessories, and specification data.

AMCA Publication 410-96, Safety Practices for Users and Installers of Industrial and Commercial Fans, provides additional safety information. This publication can be obtained from AMCA International, Inc. at www.amca.org.