The 3 Rules of Successful Swing Trading

“Trade with the Wind at Your Back”

“Be In the Right Place at the Right Time”
&

“The Rule That Hits Home Runs”

Compliments of “The Complete Swing Trading System”
by
MarketGauge

http://www.marketgauge.com/swing/info.asp
Getting Started

This free report comes to you compliments of MarketGauge as part of our educational information based on our Complete Swing Trading System.

MarketGauge has been helping professional trading institutions and individual active traders trade more efficiently and profitably since 1997. We hope this report improves your profitability immediately.

The objective of this report and the information that follows it is to accelerate the time it takes you to reach the level of swing trading expertise to achieve financial freedom and practice worry free trading.

Success appears like magic when opportunity meets preparation.

I could replace the word “success” with “luck” in that last sentence and it would be every bit as true.

However, a big difference between success and creating your own luck, is that success is more easily repeatable. Nowhere is this more true than in trading!

In this report and its companion videos you’ll find trading principles that will provide you with extraordinary trading opportunities and teach you how to be prepared to profit from them.

Challenges & Obstacles You’ll Overcome

Whether you’re looking for trading to provide you with your sole source of income, a secondary income stream, or a way to build your retirement nest egg - you’ll face a variety of challenges and obstacles.

Some obstacles you can control, others you can’t influence at all, but all obstacles can be overcome!

The best way to overcome trading challenges is to recognize them upfront and have a plan to conquer them.

We’ve prepared this report, its companion videos, and the Complete Swing Trading System to put you on the path toward overcoming all of the following common trading challenges and lead you to the goal of financial freedom and worry free trading:
1. **You can no longer rely on a buy and hold approach to stocks.**
   The last ten years has seen extreme volatility, but the net result of an investment in the S&P 500 10 years ago is near 0%. Likewise, 2011 experienced incredible volatility but closed the year virtually where it began leaving investors unrewarded for the year’s risk.

   This report and the Complete Swing Trading System will show you how to profit from the swings in the market in a way that buy and hold investors miss. We focus on being in the market when it is trending our way. And we focus on getting out of the market when it is too dangerous or going the wrong direction.

2. **Big losses can ruin your savings.**
   It only takes a few big losses to set you back years in your savings, and if you are not careful, they can wipe out an account.

   There is no reason for big losses if you trade with professional entry and exit rules. This report and the Complete Swing Trading System will introduce you to how a professional trader builds entry and exit rules that lock in profits and avoid big losses.

3. **A small account size can limit your trading options, BUT this does not prevent you from making money by trading or building your account size up to the size you desire.** You can swing trade with as little as a few thousand dollars.

   Please don’t expect to turn a few thousand dollars into a million dollar account in a short amount of time, but don’t assume you can’t make money either. The best approach to success in trading is to have the mindset that you will grow rich slowly and with consistent returns – no huge losses, and no outrageously risky trades that attempt to make a killing over night.

   In this report you’ll learn that we’ll show you how to hit “home runs” but riding big trends, not by taking big risks.

4. **You don’t need to commit to becoming a full-time trader.**
   You can earn extra income or build your savings and assets as a part-time swing trader. And with the Complete Swing Trading System “part-time” can mean focusing on the markets only during a certain of time of a the day (i.e. the morning), or only trading on days when you’re available. As a part-time trader you can trade short multi-day trends, or longer multi-week trends that require only a few minutes a day to manage your positions.

   The trading concepts in this report and the detailed trading rules of the Complete Swing Trading System give you the framework and rules that allow you to swing trade in a manner that fits your lifestyle.
How To Become An Independent Trader

You can become an independent trader by learning how to systematically trade the ups and downs of the market in such a way that you are not dependent on a buy and hold approach to making money in the markets.

There isn’t a magic system, but there are time-tested methods for trading successfully that are used by the professional, independent traders, and unknown or ignored by the struggling amateurs. As you will learn from this report, its companion videos, and the Complete Swing Trading System, these professional trading rules do not have to be complicated.

Why 3 Rules?

In creating this report, I boiled down many essential trading rules into just 3 simple concepts because you must be focused to succeed.

Actually, I could have kept this report to just the first 2 rules, but I included the third rule because applying it can make the first two rules 10 times more powerful!

Your Ticket To Financial Freedom & Worry Free Trading

Your most important first step in trading successfully is to find “your trading strategy”. Your trading strategy is your ticket to financial freedom and the enjoyment of trading the markets worry free.

This report and the companion videos will give you the framework for defining a robust and professional trading strategy. It shares examples from the strategies we’ve mastered in our 20 + years of trading and what we teach in the Complete Swing Trading System.

How To Use This Report

1. This report has been released in conjunction with videos that expand on the concepts presented here – watch the videos!
2. Read these rules and concepts with the intent of improving your current trading approach or as a basis for creating a new swing trading strategy.
3. Review the self evaluation questions at the end of the report to make sure you didn’t miss any of the important concepts presented here.
Rule #1:
Trade the Current Market Phase
“Trade with the Wind at Your Back”

This rule is how you overcome the “buy and hold” obstacle. Understanding market phases enables you to take advantage of trends that are in your favor, and avoid the risk of holding positions when the trend is against you.

We trade when the opportunities are right, and stay away from the market when the risk is high.

Stocks and markets obviously don’t go straight up or straight down continuously. They cycle up and down in what we call “Market Phases.” This rule keeps the wind at your back by trading with the primary trend in the market.

The most obvious application of this concept is that traders want to be long during the up phases, short during the down phases, and out of the market during choppy periods.

When a strong up or down phase can be reliably identified you have a real edge in the market. For most traders, however, it’s not easy to reliably know when a market is in a strong trending phase.

And if you have tried to systematically define which phase a market is in, you probably found that there are more than two phases - up and down. Let us help.

Rule #1 is to trade in the direction of the market phase. This gives you an edge. As you become a more sophisticated trader, you will develop specific trading strategies that do best in specific market phases.

In developing our trading strategies, we’ve done a lot of research and back testing to figure out a simple and effective method of knowing whether the market is in an up phase, down phase, or a transitional phase.

Start Simple - Assume There are Only 3 Market Phases
Below is a daily chart of the S&P 500 (as represented by the “SPY” ETF). The time period of this chart was specifically chosen because the trends shift many times making it a challenging period.

We’ve created a companion video to this report called “Market Phases” which will expand on the calculation of these market phases and review current market conditions. Look for this video wherever you found this report!
The daily bars are colored so that the days of the Bullish Market Phase are green and Bearish Market Phase days are red. White daily bars are transitional market conditions where your market bias would be neutral. The transitional period will be explained later.

**Daily Chart The “SPY” ETF with 3 Phases:**

The “SPY” ETF with 3 Phases:

![Daily Chart](image)

**The Benefits of Phases Are HUGE, Yet Many Traders Ignore This!**

Trading from the long side is MUCH EASIER when the market is in a bullish phase! Shorting is easier when the market is in a bearish phase. Doing the opposite (i.e. going long in a bearish phase) is extremely risky, but many traders make this costly mistake constantly!

If you don’t have a simple, systematic method to determine the current market phase, stop trading until you get one. This applies to market indexes, ETF’s, and stocks.

Successful traders know what the current market phase is, and they use a strategy that takes advantage of the characteristics of that market phase.

You do not need a strategy for every phase. Instead you need a market in the phase you’re good at trading. You will be best at trading strategies that match your personality, or your natural preference to be bullish, bearish, long-term, short-term, etc. If you only like to go long, there are plenty of opportunities to find market trends that are bullish. Some of these opportunities are ETF’s that go up because the market is going down.

**How Many Market Phases Are There? Two, Four, Six?**

So far we’ve shown how you can make your life easier by taking these first steps:

- Focus on just three market phases – bullish, bearish and transitional.
Only trade when the phase is clear.
Focus your trading on markets in the phase that is in line with your personality and strategy.

MarketGauge has created a systematic approach to determining the strength and direction of the market which categorizes the market into more than 2 market phases. It is common to think of the markets as having 4 market phases: accumulation (bottoming), bullish, distribution (topping), and bearish.

Our Swing Trading model identifies 6 different market phases as illustrated below:

**The Most Powerful Time to Catch a Market Phase**
We would encourage you to look at market activity as having six different market phases because one of the most powerful times to focus on a stock, index or ETF is when it is experiencing a phase change!

Don’t try to pick absolute tops and bottoms, but do know when the market phase is shifting. This is when trends begin and/or accelerate! The easiest way to reliably identify these powerful shifts in trend is through a simple and systematic approach to trend analysis.

Look at the chart below to see the power of viewing the market with 6 phases. This is the same daily chart of the S&P 500 (as represented by the “SPY” ETF) shown above, but this time the days that were previously white and “transitional” are now more precisely defined as warning (yellow), distribution (magenta), recovery (light blue), accumulation (dark blue).
Look At How Powerful It Is to Know the Market Phase Is Changing

1. Look at how turning to green ("bullish") means the bulls are in control, and the bears take over when its red, and how clearly you can see transitions coming.

2. Notice how the yellow ("warning") days gave you a heads up of volatile down magenta ("distribution") days to come.

3. Look at how much lead time you had to be forewarned of trouble before the brutal red ("bearish") days set in.

4. Notice the result of a light blue ("recovery") phase turned red ("bearish"). Here’s one nuance of phases - the fact that the recovery phase of April and May 08 never progressed into an accumulation phase made its deterioration into a bearish phase an extremely dangerous bearish phase.

These colored bars representing the phases are not subjectively drawn. You don’t need special software to know the market phase. They are based on simple rules and formulas that the “Market Phases” video will explain in more detail.

These market phases are not limited to market indexes – they hold true for stocks and ETFs too.
Rule #2:
Use Quality Entries & Exits (TIMING)
“Be In the Right Place at the Right Time”

We call this principle “The rule of being in the right place at the right time - timing is everything.”

The rule is how you overcome big losses and create consistent returns!

This rule covers the area of trading that most traders spend all their efforts on – entries and exits. An entry or an exit is a set of criteria that, when met, constitute your reason to buy or sell a stock.

Despite the huge focus on this area by traders, huge mistakes are made.

Your Holy Grail Indicator
If you are going to develop a good trading system, the first step is to STOP LOOKING for “the perfect entry indicator.” It does not exist. Even good stocks fail, and you don’t need a perfect indicator to be a successful trader. You need a simple, repeatable, systematic approach to entering and exiting the market.

What is a “Good Quality” Entry or Exit?
This document is not the place to attempt to give you specific entry and exit criteria because it’s more important that you get the foundation for creating good quality entry and exits.

Specific entry and exit rules are covered in the trading courses where there is adequate time to explain the entire premise, risk, and objectives of the trade.

We’ve created a companion video to this report called “Timing Entries & Exits.” It further explains this rule with specific entry and exit rules we use. Look for this video wherever you found this report!

If you already have specific entry and exit criteria, make sure these foundational concepts are part of your trading plan.

Most traders look at chart after searching for the indicator that, hypothetically, got them in right before a stock started to move, and out at the maximum profit potential. If this sounds familiar, refer to the “Your Holy Grail Indicator” section above – we’re talking to you!

Good quality entries and exits take into consideration the bigger goal – the system. Don’t focus on perfecting individual trades. Focus on building entries and exits that deliver consistent results over a large number of trades – systems lead to
success, not individual trades. Here are some guidelines to follow when you define your entries and exits

Characteristics of Good Entries and Exits:

1. **Easy to identify and execute:** Your entry criteria should be as simple as possible. If your entry and exit rules are too difficult to identify or act upon, then you won’t use them consistently, and that makes your entry and exit rules ineffective.

   For example, in some of our systems a simple break of the 30-minute opening range by a certain amount is the trigger to enter a specific set-up. This is very simple and effective.

2. **Easy to repeat consistently:** Success in trading comes when you have an approach, or system that you can execute with consistency. If your criteria are subject to a lot of interpretation you will not be able to identify the same market condition that constitutes a consistent entry. This reinforces the importance of simplicity.

3. **Complementary with the trading personality of your market:** The trading personality of your market is the way in which a stock trades.

   The best way for to illustrate this point is with this example. If a stock generally experiences a daily trading range of $10 and has a typical bid-ask spread of $.50 to $.75 (i.e. GOOG when it was hot) your entry and exit rules must take that volatility and large spread into account. This not a trading personality that is appropriate for stop loss criteria of 0.25 below your entry price. Instead you should have stop-loss criteria that enable the stock to trade with its normal level of volatility immediately after your entry without getting stopped out.

   On way we implement this in our trading is to use a stock’s average true range calculation as a starting point for how wide our stops AND targets should be.

4. **Complementary with the premise of your trade:** When you enter a trade you should have a plan. You should also have an expectation of what the trade could do if it works, and what it might do if it doesn’t work. Good exit criteria will enable you to stay in the trade until the conditions of the trade “not working” are met.

   For example, assume that the premise of your trade is that a stock has retraced to a moving average in an uptrend, and you want to buy the bounce off the moving average and catch the resumption of the uptrend. Also assume that if the stock closes below the moving average the stock has not bounced, the premise of your trade has failed and you should exit. Now, given this a the premise of the trade, if you enter the stock and then set your stop at a point that is above the moving average you have just created an exit rule that will stop you out of the trade even when the premise of the trade is still intact!
The same concept also applies to entries. The point at which you enter should be consistent with your definition of when your trade's conditions are in place. This may sound obvious but how many times have you entered a trade before your rules say you should because you thought you’d just get in a little earlier!

One way we implement this in our trading is to avoid entering trades that do not set up in such a way that our desired maximum financial risk for any trade is not within the range of a set-ups initial stop loss point.

Common Mistakes Made In Creating Entries and Exits:

1. **Not enough emphasis on exits:** The most common mistake traders make is to be too focused on entries while ignoring exits. Successful traders know that exits are the most important half of your trading decisions! Exits lock in profits and minimize losses - don't ignore them.

2. **Entries don't = exits:** Don’t assume that the same indicator or criteria that you are using for your entries should be used to define your exits. In fact, it is likely that your best rules for exits will be different than those used for entries.

3. **More is not better:** Using multiple conditions to define an entry or exit is generally a good idea, but every time you add criteria you are not necessarily improving your system. You may even be making it a lot worse. You are undoubtedly making it less simple.

Remember, the first rule of good quality entry and exits above! Do not add criteria to your system lightly!

**These Principles Will Result in Good Timing**

If you follow these guidelines when you define your entry and exit criteria you will be forced to create a trading system that is in sync with the market conditions that you like to trade. When you are in sync with the market good timing just happens.

Furthermore, when a good system is not in sync with the market (and this will happen), you will know quickly and be able to avoid taking big losses. A good system will also give you the patience to wait for the right conditions for your system to work best which is how you will find your best success.

*Look out for the companion video to this report called “Timing Entries & Exits.” It further explains this rule with specific entry and exit rules we use. Look for this video wherever you found this report!*
**Rule #3:**
Catch Multi-Dimensional MOMENTUM
**“The Rule That Hits Home Runs”**

We call this principle “The Rule that hits home runs” because following Rule #3 puts you in position to catch the market’s biggest moves.

*This rule is perfect for the part-time trader or a small account that you’d like to grow without a lot of active trading.*

By multi-dimensional momentum, we mean finding stocks, indexes, or ETF’s that have more than just daily price & volume momentum. In the most powerful scenarios it means earnings, sales, news, market, industry group, and geo-political momentum!

Why trade just any good-looking chart when you can just as easily trade a trend that has more than just the chart as the “reason” for its move to continue? *The big money is made (home runs are hit) when you catch the trends that are driven by momentum other than just price.*

Once you experience the benefits of trading with multi-dimensional momentum, you will (and should) eagerly expand your trading research to include ways to identify momentum in the obvious sources such as earnings, sales, news, industry groups, geo-political conditions, economies, and more.

**You’ll Hit Home Runs With…Skill, Homework, and a Little Luck**
Right now you should be asking yourself, “How do I find stocks, indexes and or/ETFs with multi-dimensional momentum?” First you need to know what to look for. This will come from experience and/or education.

**Shortcuts**
Just like the technical analysis of charts, analyzing the data that measures other areas of momentum is an art as well as science, and requires homework and research. Here are a few concepts that are effective short cuts for getting started in honing your multi-dimensional momentum analysis skills.

1. **If you are trading stocks, one basic, time-proven, method is to look for companies with strong earnings and sales trends.** It is important to look at past performance as well as expectations for the future.

2. **The price action, earnings, and sales trends of a stock’s industry group and peers can provide you with evidence that your stock is in a business that has underlying fundamental strength.**

3. **Inter-market analysis.** If you learn which industry groups and indices are highly correlated, you will be able to see cause and affect relationships in the markets.
Knowing these relationships will enable you to identify when your trade is part of larger and more significant trends than just that of the individual stocks price movement!

**How To Make Your Own Luck**
Expect that the markets will be full of surprises – good and bad.

But also know that “surprises” can trend! This means that stocks and markets tend to experience cycles of good news and cycles of bad news. Strong price trends often lead to more good news which then further fuels the price trend. The same self-fulfilling cycle also occurs in down markets with negative news.

But can a price trend create good news?

No. But what does happen is the interpretation of news trends in a way similar to price trends. For example, when the sentiment of a stock is very bullish, almost any news story gets interpreted as bullish, and the price trend continues up.

Good traders find trading opportunities where there is momentum in these multi-dimensional areas because it puts them in a position to “get lucky” – to be in a stock that before the good news hits! You can do this too.

**An Example of a Multi-Dimensional Trend You’ve Experienced**
The most familiar example of multi-dimensional momentum in recent years is likely to be Apple.

Apple exemplifies momentum in not just one, but two areas in addition to price – earnings and social change. By “social change” I mean benefiting from widespread change in social behavior. In Apple’s case, it actually created the change. In fact, Apple produced a disruptive change in multiple consumer product segments – music players, cell phones and then tablets!

As is often the case in situations where a company changes or even creates a large industry segment, the value of that company quickly becomes evident and the stock price soars.

This is exactly the point of multi-dimensional momentum – the driving force behind the company’s stock move is obvious and shows little sign of slowing down. You don’t need to be a financial analyst to figure out that if you could buy Apple with a proper low risk entry price consistent with the qualities described in Rule #2, it would be a trade with enormous potential!

**The Price Patterns of Multi-Dimensional Trends**
So what does a multi-dimensional trend look like? The chart below shows a weekly time frame so you can see more history. The moving averages are the 50-day (cyan) and 200-day (magenta) moving averages. These are two moving averages we use in calculating the Market Phase discussed in Rule #1.
Notice how there can be large corrections in the trend. In fact from late 2007 to 2009 its stock was down over 50%. You must consider rules #1 and #2 in conjunction with this rule so you avoid the big drop and be prepared for the next recovery. As you can see, from 2009 through January of 2012 there are corrections in a strong trend and they tend to offer powerful long set-ups.

Weekly Chart of Apple, Inc.

Trading these strong trends is incredibly rewarding. However, to consistently profit from them you must understand that they can change quickly. Some might say “without warning”. This is because often times, the non-price trend (news, earnings, etc.), does not change until after the price trend has clearly reversed! For this reason it is incredibly important and powerful to have a systematic approach to identifying the changes in phases in a precise way as described in Rule #1.

Have Someone Else Do Your Homework!
There are always companies doing well – growing with strong earnings and sales even in turbulent conditions. Unfortunately, in bear markets, even good companies may not be good stocks. For this reason, it is important to be patient and wait for the right market phase to enter as explained in Rule #1. It is critical for keeping you on the right side of the market, and out of harm’s way.

However, when the bear markets rest, or even start to “recover,” stocks with multi-dimensional momentum provide very nice trading opportunities. When the market enters an “accumulation” --or better yet - a “bullish” phase, these stocks can go parabolic! That means up HUGE, quickly.
The Nuggets List by MarketGauge is a list of stocks with strong earnings and sales with the multi-dimensional momentum that leads to big rallies, and often identifies the new market leaders early in their trends.

Conclusion: Rules Based Trading

These 3 Rules are foundational concepts that we have used to build many trading systems. If you review the rules you will find that there are some important overriding themes within each rule. Remember to:

- Keep it simple
- Trade with rules – have a plan

Improving Your Existing Trading Approach

If you want to start applying these rules immediately, use the short set of questions below to begin your own process of objectively evaluating the quality of your trading approach. The only person who will see your answers is you, so be sure to be specific and honest!

If you don’t have good answers to each question then you know where you need to focus your efforts to improve. MarketGauge’s Complete Swing Trading System trading course is a great place to start. Learn more about the course here:
http://www.marketgauge.com/swing/info.asp

Rule #1:
- What are your rules for determining if a stock, ETF, or market is in the right condition for you to trade most successfully?
- Which of your rules warn you of any potential important change in conditions of the market you are trading?
- If you trade stocks, 70% of your stocks intra-day move is driven by the general market conditions. How are you measuring the overall health of the general market?

Rule #2:
- Where do you find trades that have the home run potential of multi-dimensional momentum?
What are your criteria for good candidates for multi-dimensional momentum trends?

Rule #3:
- Are your entry and exit rules simple enough to execute consistently?
- How do your entry and exit rules account for the fact that not all stocks or markets trade the same?
- Are your exit rules consistent with the premise of your trading plan?
- Are you making any of the "common mistakes" listed in Rule 3?

NOW, Make The 3 Rules Work For You!

Your Next Step - Get Help, and Help Yourself.

MarketGauge has a trading course called “The Complete Swing Trading System” which will give you the foundational knowledge and strategies you need to have a trading system grounded in the proven principles discussed above.

If you like everything put together for you, this is the next step for you.

You can find the latest information about this course at: http://www.marketgauge.com/swing/info.asp