ENGLISH HOME LANGUAGE
GRADE 12
PAPER 1
2011

MARKS : 70
TIME : 2 hours
Instructions:

1. This question paper consists of THREE sections:
   SECTION A: Comprehension (30)
   SECTION B: Summary (10)
   SECTION C: Language in context (30)

2. Read ALL the instructions carefully.

3. Answer ALL the questions.

4. Start each section on a NEW page.

5. Rule off after each section.

6. Number the answers correctly according to the numbering system used in this question paper.

7. Leave a line after each answer.

8. Pay special attention to spelling and sentence construction.

9. Use the following time frames as a guideline:
   SECTION A: 50 minutes
   SECTION B: 25 minutes
   SECTION C: 45 minutes

10. Write neatly and legibly.
SECTION A: COMPREHENSION

QUESTION 1: READING FOR MEANING AND UNDERSTANDING

Read TEXT A the ADDENDUM and answer the set questions.

1.1 Explain why the boat captain is described as “defiant” (in the heading). (2)

1.2 Refer to paragraph 1.
   Would you consider the opening sentence to be effective? Justify your response. (2)

1.3 Refer to paragraph 2.
   What does the word “once-idyllic” suggest regarding the past and current state of Oshima? (2)

1.4 Show that Susumu acted differently from the rest of the people when the tsunami hit the town. (1)

1.5 “Paragraphs 10, 11 and 12 present an astounding picture of resilience in the face of adversity.”
   Do you agree with this statement? Justify your response. (3)

1.6 Having read the article, what would you see as the intention of the writer? (2)

Read TEXT B in ADDENDUM A and answer the set questions.

1.7 According to the diagram, what causes a tsunami? Use your own words as far as possible. (3)

1.8 In your own words, explain why an earthquake does not always cause a tsunami. Refer to the graph in your answer. (2)

1.9 Over the years, Japan, Indonesia and the west coast of the United States of America have become notorious for the earthquakes and resulting tsunamis. Using the graph as a starting point, explain why so many earthquakes and tsunamis occur here. (2)

Refer to both TEXT A and TEXT B to answer the following questions:

1.10 Compare the presentation of the two texts. Suggest, with reasons, the intended audience of each article. (4)

Refer to TEXTS A and C to answer the following questions:

1.11 Compare and contrast the tone of these two texts. (4)
1.12 Comment critically on the style of these two texts. 

SECTION B: SUMMARY

QUESTION 2: SUMMARISING IN YOUR OWN WORDS

TEXT D in the ADDENDUM (Pros and Cons of Nuclear Power) looks at advantages and disadvantages of nuclear power – a topic that has been discussed ardently after the nuclear disaster that followed the tsunami in Japan.

Using your own words and sentences, summarise EITHER the ADVANTAGES or the DISADVANTAGES of nuclear power as presented in the passage below in ONE paragraph of no more than 70 words.

NOTE:
- Indicate clearly in a heading whether you are summarising the advantages or disadvantages
- Indicate your word count at the end of the summary.
- Marks will be deducted if you ignore these instructions.

SECTION C: LANGUAGE IN CONTEXT

QUESTION 3: ANALYSING ADVERTISING

Examine the MTN advertisement in the ADDENDUM (TEXT E) and answer the following questions.

3.1 What is the intention of this advertisement? 

3.2 Keeping in mind the intention of the advertisement, comment critically on the repetition of the word “Stay” in the advertisement.

3.3 Discuss how the DICTION in this advertisement contributes to the idea of “staying connected”.

3.4 Do you think the layout of the advert is effective? Justify your response.

Examine the DSTV advertisement in the ADDENDUM (TEXT F) and answer the following questions.

3.5 Explain the significance of setting the Proteas off against Kim and Kourtney.

3.6 Which need of the viewer is addressed in this advertisement?
QUESTION 4: UNDERSTANDING OTHER ASPECTS OF THE MEDIA

Study the cartoon below (TEXT G) and answer the questions that follow.

TEXT G: CARTOON

4.1 Refer to frame 1.

Explain how the cartoonist indicates that Eve is typing on her cellphone. (1)

4.2 What does the word “SCREECH” indicate is happening in FRAME 2? (2)

4.3 Explain why this cartoon is satirical. (3)

TOTAL QUESTION 4 [6]
QUESTION 5: TEXTUAL EDITING

Read TEXT H and answer the following questions.

5.1 Refer to line 1.

Explain the use of the capital letters in “Prime Minister”. (1)

5.2 Refer to the first sentence of the passage.

Prime Minister Naoto Kan has thanked people around the world for their support.

Choose the correct answer from those given below to complete the following statement. Write only the letter of your choice.

The word “their” is an example of __________.

A. a possessive pronoun  
B. a possessive adjective  
C. an adverb (1)

5.3 Refer to line 7.

Write down a homophone for the word “aid” and use your new word in a sentence to show its meaning. (2)

5.4 Refer to lines 18-19.

"The government will give all its strength to work with you. We will never abandon you," he told survivors in the city of Ishinomaki.

Rewrite the words of the prime minister in reported speech. Begin as follows:
He told survivors in the city of Ishinomaki that… (4)

5.5 Refer to line 25.

“…the damage to the nuclear plant has also hit the fishing industry.”

Rewrite this sentence in the passive voice. Begin with “The fishing…” (1)

5.6 Change the word “contamination” to a verb. (1)

TOTAL QUESTION 5 [10]

GRAND TOTAL: 70
Defiant Japanese boat captain rode out tsunami

1 Oshima, Japan (CNN) -- Susumu Sugawara looks bemused and a little embarrassed at all the attention he's getting.

2 The 64 year old has become a local hero on the Japanese island of Oshima. Smashed boats adorn the coastline of this once-idyllic tourist spot, but Sugawara's pride and joy, "Sunflower" is intact and working overtime transporting people and aid to and from the island. It can hold around 20 people at a time.

3 When the tsunami came, everyone ran to the hills. But Sugawara ran to his boat and steered it into deeper waters. "I knew if I didn't save my boat, my island would be isolated and in trouble," he tells CNN.

4 Then the first wave came. Sugawara says he is used to seeing waves up to 5 metres high but this was four times that size.

5 "Here was my boat and here was the wave," he says, holding one hand low and the other stretched high above his head. "I climbed the wave like a mountain. When I thought I had got to the top, the wave got even bigger."

6 Sugawara's arms flail wildly as he describes the top of the wave crashing down repeatedly onto his boat. "I closed my eyes and felt dizzy. When I opened them, I could see the horizon again, so I knew I'd made it."

7 Then the next wave came. Sugawara can't remember if there were four or five waves, but he says he did not feel afraid, he was just focused on steering his boat. Suddenly the sea was completely calm and he knew he had beaten the tsunami.

8 Sugawara stayed at sea until dark, pumping water from the boat's engine room. He believed his island had been destroyed by the wave. He says he didn't cry but felt angry and utterly helpless. He didn't know if his family had survived.

9 Trying to get back to Oshima, he had to navigate carefully past wrecked houses, boats and other debris that floated past him. The island of Oshima was in complete darkness; the only way he could find his way was with the guide of raging fires at Kesunnuma -- 5 kilometres (3 miles) away.

10 For twenty days, he has been making hourly trips to the mainland. For the first two weeks at least he provided almost the only connection with it. Without Sugawara and the Sunflower, the island would have been completely cut off.

11 He doesn't ask passengers for money if they have none. Those that can, pay just 300 yen (US$3.5) towards fuel.

12 The supermarket owner, Tadaomi Sasahara, tells me he gave all of his food away for free after the disaster. Many islanders then brought their food from their homes and shared it out. He adds, "Everyone used to look out for themselves on this island, but after this, the whole community is now helping each other."

13 With his supermarket shelves empty, he now helps Sugawara with his hourly trips to the mainland.

HOW TSUNAMIS OCCUR

1. Earthquake Deformation

2. Deformation causing stress

3. North American plate and Pacific plate

4. Slow distortion; Pressure builds

5. Plate's forward pressure causes it to be pushed below another

6. Rupture displaces water

Tsunamis are caused by the displacement of water, resulting in a massive water displacement, causing a tsunami.
TEXT C

Diary entry – 6 March 2011

1. It is unbelievable! In just a couple of minutes I have lost everything – my home, my pet dog, my friends and my family. I’m sitting here in this make-shift camp, wondering what is to become of me.

2. How do you start over with nothing? I can’t even go back to school! There IS NO SCHOOL! Under normal circumstances I would be ecstatic about the idea... but now? I’d rather go back to school and see all my friends and my mom and dad, than to sit here with no hope!

TEXT D

Pros and Cons of Nuclear Power

The benefits of nuclear power can not be disputed. Generating nuclear power creates greatly lowered carbon dioxide emissions, so this power source does not contribute to global warming in large amounts. One nuclear power plant can generate a substantial amount of power, making it very efficient. Another advantage to nuclear power is that the technology has already been developed. Nuclear energy is reliable, and there are no worries about weather conditions for the generation of power. Nuclear power is generated using Uranium, which is much easier to get due to the fact that at least a third of the Uranium in the world is located in politically stable areas, like Canada and Australia. However, it is a scarce energy source, with a mere thirty to sixty year supply, depending on demand.

One of the biggest drawbacks of nuclear power is the resulting radioactive waste created during the energy generation. The radioactive waste from nuclear power plants must be carefully monitored and stored as it is extremely dangerous and highly toxic. Nuclear power poses risks of accidents that can result in radiation escaping, which poses a serious threat to surrounding populations. Events like Chernobyl have proven just how deadly radiation exposure can be, not just for this generation but for generations to come. Deformed and mutated babies being born, cancers that are normally rare occurring frequently because of radioactive changes in the DNA and cell structures in the body, radiation sickness and poisoning, and much more result from an accident at a nuclear power plant. The risks to humans and the earth are just too high, and the more nuclear power plants there are in operation, the higher the risks that an accident will happen. No Nuclear power plant can be secured one hundred percent. The possibility of terrorist attacks is a further threat and Uranium or radioactive waste in the wrong hands can have devastating effects for the entire globe. The knowledge involved in the nuclear power process can also be used to design nuclear weapons and build them as well.

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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Prime Minister Naoto Kan has thanked people around the world for their support.</td>
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<td>2</td>
<td>In an open letter carried in seven newspapers around the world, he said that the support had brought hope and inspired courage at a desperate time.</td>
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<td>3</td>
<td>&quot;Through our own efforts and with the help of the global community, Japan will recover and come back even stronger. We will then repay you for your generous aid,&quot; he wrote.</td>
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<td>4</td>
<td>One month on, lives - and landscapes - are still in chaos in areas of north-eastern Japan.</td>
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<td>5</td>
<td>&quot;With this in our hearts, we now stand together dedicated to rebuilding the nation.&quot;</td>
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<td>6</td>
<td>The official death toll from the disaster is 13,127, while 14,348 remain unaccounted for. More than 150,000 people have been made homeless.</td>
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<td>7</td>
<td>Several villages on the north-east coast of the main Japanese island of Honshu were largely destroyed.</td>
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<td>8</td>
<td>Touring areas wrecked by the disaster on Sunday, Mr Kan promised to do everything possible to help communities.</td>
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<td>9</td>
<td>&quot;The government will give all its strength to work with you. We will never abandon you,&quot; he told survivors in the city of Ishinomaki.</td>
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<td>10</td>
<td>The prime minister also tried to reassure survivors that the fishing industry - which many in the area rely on for their livelihoods - would resume as soon as possible.</td>
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<td>11</td>
<td>The tsunami wrecked boats and piers, closing down large-scale fishing operations.</td>
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<td>12</td>
<td>But the damage to the nuclear plant has also hit the fishing industry, as the public and international buyers ditch Japanese food products over fears of contamination.</td>
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